

SOCIAL SCIENCE UNIT 3

1) Make true sentences about Marie Tharp.



Marie Tharp...

She studied science...

She got a job at
Columbia University...

In 1953...

In 1977 she produced the...

2)Reorder the letters to write the names of oceans and seas

RATCCI _____ Ocean

TLANIATC _____ Ocean

TRENMAEIRADNE _____ Sea

DAINNI _____ Ocean

THORN _____ Sea

THROUSEN _____ Ocean

3) Match the definitions to the words from the box. There are three extra words

Sea tributary river basin
mouth upper course source
flow riverbed meanders
water lower course

a A smaller river which flows into another, larger, river.

b This is where the river begins.

c This is the ground under the water of a river.

d This is the part of the river where it flows most quickly.

e This is all the land a river flows through.

f This is where a river meets the sea, an ocean or a lake.

g These are curves in the middle course of a river.

h This is a word for the amount of water in a river.

4) Match the descriptions to the rivers from the box. There are two extra words.

Bidasoa Pisuerga Ebro Nervión
Manzanares Guadalquivir Tajo

- a The river which flows from Spain into Portugal.
- b The river which flows through the city of Madrid.
- c The river which flows into the Atlantic watershed.
- d The river which flows into the Mediterranean watershed.
- e The river which is a tributary of the Duero.

5) Match the photos to the stages of the water cycle from the box. Put them in the right order (1–4).

condensation, precipitation, collection, evaporation



6) Circle true or false. Correct the false sentences.

a Evaporation occurs when the sun heats bodies of water. true / false

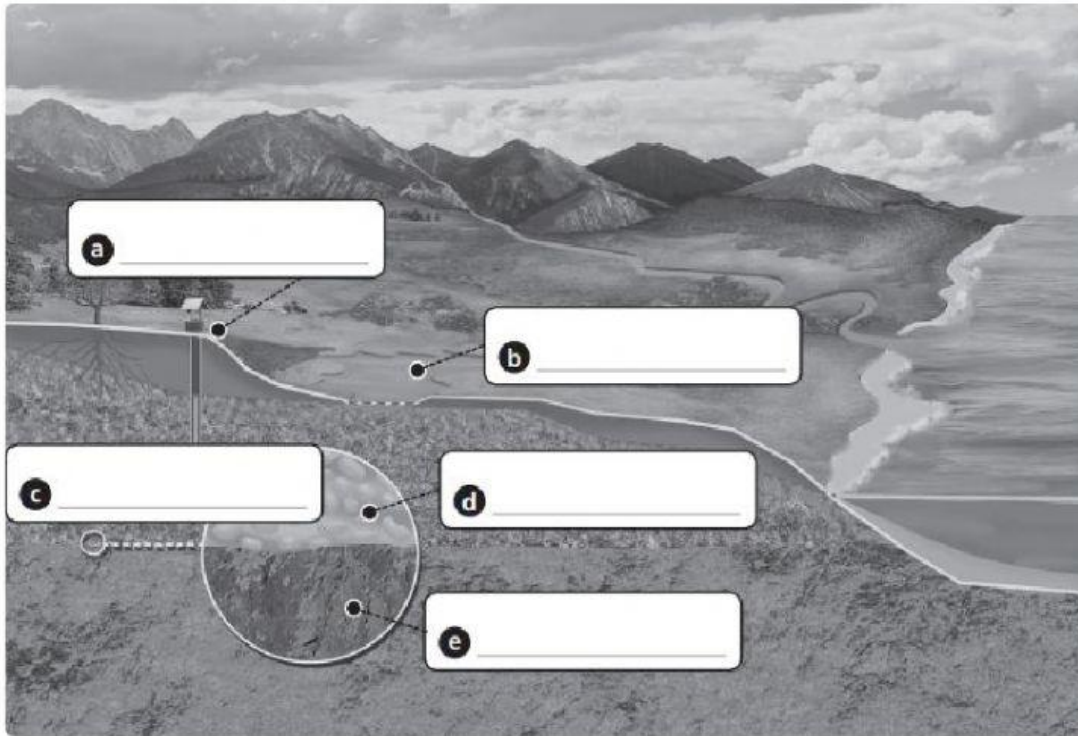
b Water vapour heats up as it rises, and forms clouds. true / false

c Precipitation can fall as a solid or a liquid. true / false

d Water from rivers and lakes flows into seas and oceans. true / false

7) Label the picture and complete the text with the words from the box.

porous rocks natural springs impermeable rocks
well aquifer



Water from precipitation is absorbed, and it passes through _____ (rocks with holes in them). When the water reaches _____ (rocks with no holes in them), it can no longer pass through. This water collects, creating an underground deposit of water called an _____. This water can come to the surface in _____.

People can also dig a _____ to reach and collect the groundwater.

8) Write MW if the activities use more water or LW if they use less water.

a Having a shower _____ b Using a dishwasher _____

c Watering plants at midday _____ d Having a bath _____

e Using a hose to wash a car _____ f Watering plants in the evening _____

9) Write the river



10) Write the spanish watersheds.

