

MS. CHI ENGLISH

Name: _____

Date: .../.../ 20...

Class: GE7

Tel: 038 255 2594

REVISION

A. TỪ VỰNG MỞ RỘNG

No	New words	Meaning	No	New words	Meaning
1*	furniture (n) /'fɜːnɪ.tʃər/	đồ nội thất	4*	sew (v) /səʊ/	may, khâu
2	tin-opener (n)	dụng cụ mở hộp	5	tin (n) /tɪn/	đồ hộp
3*	sewing-machine (n) /'səʊ.ɪŋ/	máy khâu			

* Note: n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ

* Những từ có ký hiệu * thì có 2 cách đọc

* Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chép mỗi từ 1 dòng vào vở ghi và chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển.

B. HOMEWORK

*Note: DO NOT apply short forms (contractions) in sentences. Use “was not/ do not/ have not/ can not ...” instead of “wasn’t/ don’t/ haven’t/ can’t...”

I. Fill in the blanks using “much” or “many” with the given words in the box

hotels	countries	luggage	people	time	times
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0. There aren't many hotels in this town.

1. Quick! We must hurry. We haven't got _____.

2. Do you travel a lot? Have you been to _____?

3. Tina hasn't lived here very long, so she doesn't know _____.

4. A: Have you got _____?

B: No, only this bag.

5. I know Paris very well. I've been there _____.

II. Circle the correct answer

0. Gary is very busy with his job. He has a little / a few time for other things
1. It's not a very interesting place to visit, so **a little** / **a few** tourists come here.
2. You need **much** / **many** money to travel around the world.
3. A: Do you speak any foreign languages?
B: I can speak **a little** / **a few** Russian.
4. There wasn't **much** / **many** furniture (đồ nội thất) in the room – just a table and **a few** / **a little** chairs.
5. I am hungry now. I didn't eat **much** / **many** at lunch time.

III. Choose the correct answer by circling A, B or C

0. Last night, I wrote _____ letters to my family and friends.
A. a few B. a little C. an amount of
1. A: I'm studying Spanish at the moment.
B: Really. _____. Learning Spanish is difficult but fun, right?
A. So does I B. So do I C. So am I
2. A: I like adding some cheese in my spaghetti.
B: _____. That makes it more delicious.
A. So am I B. So do I C. So does I
3. Can I have _____ milk in my coffee, please?
A. A little B. many C. a few
4. I guess we must run _____ or else we'll be late.
A. faster B. fastly C. more fast
5. My dad always does morning exercises every day and _____.
A. so am I B. so do I C. so does I

IV. Put the verbs in the bracket into the correct form

0. My sister (**rarely** / **water**) rarely waters the plants in our garden.
1. John and Tony (**play computer games** / **twice a week**) _____.
2. Jenny is a good student, she (**never** / **be late**) _____ for classes.
3. I hate going out in the winter because it (**usually** / **rain**) _____.

4. You (**always / be forgetting**) _____ your homework at home.
5. Nathan is very lazy. He (**never / clean**) _____ his room by himself.

V. Rewrite the following sentences, using *Which*

0. *The bag is heavy. It contains a lot of presents.*

→ *The bag which contains a lot of presents is heavy* _____.

1. Mary likes reading books. The books have happy ending.

→ Mary _____.

2. They live in the city. The city is in the north of England.

→ They _____.

3. We broke the computer. This computer belonged to my father.

→ We _____.

4. We talked about the party. James organized it for his birthday.

→ We _____.

5. Do you see the shoes? I bought them last week.

→ Do _____?

6. The book is very interesting. I borrowed it from the library.

→ The book _____.

VI. Complete the sentences using the words in the box. Sometimes you need the adjectives and sometimes the adverbs

<i>quick(ly)</i>	special(ly)	happy / happily
continuous(ly)	careful(ly)	nervous(ly)

0. *Our holiday was too short. The time passed very quickly.*

1. Steve doesn't take risks when he's driving. He's always _____.

2. Sue works _____. She never seems to stop.

3. Rachel and Patrick are very _____ married.

4. Do you usually feel _____ before exams?

5. I cooked this meal _____ for you, so I hope you like it.

VII. Match these sentences and make sentences using which

A	B
0. <i>A fridge is a machine</i>	a. <i>It keeps food fresh.</i>
1. A watch is a machine	b. It is used for sewing (<i>may, khâu</i>) clothes.
2. A tin-opener (<i>dụng cụ mở hộp</i>) is a tool	c. It flies in the air.
3. An airplane is a vehicle	d. It helps people in the sea.
4. A dolphin is an animal	e. It is about a love story.
5. A sewing machine (<i>máy khâu</i>) is a machine	f. It tells the time.
6. This is the book	g. It is used for opening tins (<i>đồ hộp</i>) and cans.

0. _____ *A fridge is a machine which keeps food fresh* _____ .
1. _____ .
2. _____ .
3. _____ .
4. _____ .
5. _____ .
6. _____ .

VIII. Correct the underlined words in the sentences below

0. Lily speaks Korean quicklier than Max does. → more quickly
1. Mike plays well than any other in the team. → _____
2. Mark walked more far in one hour than Steve did in three hours. → _____
3. Helen drives more careful than she used to. → _____
4. John did the exam badly than he expected. → _____
5. She dances more beautiful than other people do. → _____
6. Planes can fly high than birds. → _____

Test 5 Reading Part 5

Questions 21–26

For each question, choose the correct answer.



Colouring books

Many people probably used to spend time adding colour to pictures in colouring books when they were children. However, once people get older, very few of them continue with the hobby. Instead, they (21) their crayons away in the cupboard forever.

However, psychology researchers now think that even for adults, (22) as little as ten minutes a day colouring pictures in this way can bring huge (23) For example, some people say that it improves their (24) for a while by making them feel more cheerful and generally calmer.

One reason for this may be that other activities (25) with art, such as drawing or painting, can actually be quite stressful, especially if you don't feel very successful at it. But adding colour to a picture that's already drawn for you (26) only a low level of skill, so you can relax rather than becoming anxious about it!

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|----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| 21 A leave | B set | C give | D put |
| 22 A taking | B completing | C spending | D filling |
| 23 A benefits | B interests | C favours | D uses |
| 24 A character | B mood | C condition | D mind |
| 25 A connected | B joined | C compared | D attached |
| 26 A depends | B calls | C lacks | D requires |

Test 6 Writing Part 1

You **must** answer this question.
Write your answer in about **100 words** on the answer sheet.

Question 1

Read this email from your English teacher and the notes you have made.

New Message

From: Ms Taylor

Subject: New cooking club

Hi

Thanks for contacting me about my new club. My idea is to help you improve your English while you learn to cook delicious food!

Could you please let me know if you've cooked much before?

We could cook foods from English-speaking countries, or we could all bring our favourite recipes from home. What do you think would be better?

Are there any foods that we should avoid? I want to choose things that everybody can enjoy eating!

Best wishes,
Ms Taylor

Great! —————

Give Ms Taylor details —————

Suggest —————

Explain —————

Write your **email** to Ms Taylor using **all the notes**.