

3.3 Subtract Integers

Example 1

Example 1: Find

1) $8 - 13 =$

2) $20 - 12 =$

3) $5 - 9 =$

4) $10 - 11 =$

5) $15 - 7 =$

6) $20 - 11 =$

7) $12 - 13 =$

8) $20 - 21 =$

9) $15 - 9 =$

10) $13 - 11 =$

11) $16 - 19 =$

12) $30 - 41 =$

13) $56 - 60 =$

14) $23 - 27 =$

15) $89 - 90 =$

16) $18 - 30 =$

17) $99 - 19 =$

Outcomes

1. Subtract integers

2. Solve real-world problems involving integers