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1-PERIOD TEST (2) GRADE 12 – CODE 001

Choose the best option:

1. On being told about her sack, _____.
A. Her boss felt sorry for Mary C. Mary felt shocked
B. Mary was shocking D. it made her boss upset.
2. The government is expected to take _____ against the level of unemployment.
A. Action B. actively C. activity D. actor
3. Most slang terms are simple old words _____ additional new meanings.
A. which gives B. are given C. given D. giving
4. In _____ most countries, it is compulsory for children to receive primary education.
A. a B. an C. the D. Ø
5. She went to _____ school to meet the principal.
A. A B. an C. Ø D. the
6. I have just taken a Test of English as a Foreign Language or TOEFL _____ short.
A. of B. in C. on D. for
7. Hurry up! We only have _____ time left.
A. little B. a little C. a few D. few
8. More than ten victims _____ missing in the storm last week.
A. are reported to be B. are reported to have been
C. are reporting to have been D. are reporting to be
9. _____ it were well paid, I would accept this proposal.
A. Providing B. Unless C. But for D. If only
10. _____ more carefully, he would not have had the accident yesterday:
A. If Peter driven B. If had Peter driven
C. Had Peter driven D. Unless Peter had driven
11. Many parents do not let their children make a decision _____ their future career.
A. in B. about C. on D. out
12. _____ education is normally taken to include undergraduate and postgraduate education, as well as vocational education and training.
A. Primary B. Tertiary C. Secondary D. Intermediate
13. She has to have the operation _____.
A. unless she would dies B. if she would die
C. otherwise she will die D. or she will die
14. _____! I have heard of your success in the new project.
A. Congratulate B. Congratulating C. Congratulation D. Congratulations
15. Dick won't drive us to the station. He has _____ to take us all.
A. Too small a car B. very small a car C. a too small a car D. such small a car
16. I'm in no _____ this evening to listen to popular music.
A. Feeling B. attitude C. mood D. tendency
17. An economic _____ is a time when there is very little economic activity, which causes a lot of unemployment and poverty.
A. improvement B. depression C. development D. mission
18. The passengers had to wait because the plane _____ off one hour late.
A. took B. turned C. cut D. made
19. The professor swallows his words so much that the students can never _____ what he is saying.
A. Make out B. make up C. deal with D. point out
20. They have just visited the town _____ location was little known.

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- A. where B. whose C. which D. that
21. As the summer sun sent scattered rays through the maple and oak leaves overhead, the young deer stood frozen, making it almost impossible for the hikers to see her.
- A. Very cold B. invisible C. not moving D. not melted
22. There are several places where residents face the threat of _____ every day.
- A. terrorist B. terrorism C. terrorize D. terror
23. (OPPOSITE MEANING) The staff were worried that the new marketing scheme would fail.
- A. Pass B. succeed C. promise D. fall
24. (OPPOSITE MEANING) Before heading for the mountains, climbers need to come up with a thorough plan in case anything happens during the trip.
- A. Uncompetitive B. tough C. supplementary D. incomplete

Find the only mistake in each sentence:

25. **The major goals** (A) of primary education **is** (B) **to achieve** (C) basic literacy **and** (D) numeracy among all students
26. **An** (A) university is an institution of **higher** (B) education and research, **which** (C) grants academic degrees; **including** (D) Bachelor's degrees, Master's degrees and doctorates in a variety of subjects.
27. We all know **that** (A) we have to work **hardly** (B) to earn a living **ourselves** (C) **and support** (D) the family.

Choose the word with the stress pattern different from the others:

28. A. employment B. remember C. concentrate D. position
29. A. consider B. similar C. actually D. carefully
30. A. polite B. entrance C. attempt D. agree

Choose the word with the underlined part pronounced differently from the others:

31. A. interview B. minute C. question D. suitable
32. A. future B. mature C. pasture D. nature
33. A. threaten B. earth C. healthy D. breathe

Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Investigating your family's past is easy to set about in a disorganized way and (34) _____ yourself many problems which could have been (35) _____ with a little forward planning.

If your own family stories tell you that you are (36) _____ with a famous character, whether hero or criminal, do not let this idea take over your research. Just (37) _____ it as an interesting possibility. A simple system for collecting and storing your information will be adequate to start with, a more complex one may only get in your (38) _____. The most important thing, though is to get started. Who knows what you might find?

34. A. produce B. cause C. build D. create
35. A. missed B. lost C. avoided D. escaped
36. A. connected B. joined C. attached D. related
37. A. treat B. control C. contact D. direct
38. A. track B. path C. road D. way

Read the passage and answer the questions

The growth of cities, the construction of hundreds of new factories, and the spread of railroads in the United States before 1850 had increased the need for better illumination. But the lighting in American homes had improved very little over that of ancient times. Through the colonial period, homes were lit with

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tallow candles or with a lamp of the kind used in ancient Rome- a dish of fish oil or other animal or vegetable oil in which a twisted rag served as a wick. Some people used lard, but they had to heat charcoal underneath to keep it soft and burnable. The sperm whale provided superior burning oil, but **this** was expensive. In 1830 a new substance called “camphene” was patented, and it proved to be a remained expensive, had an unpleasant odor, and also was dangerously explosive.

Between 1830 and 1850 it seemed that the only hope for cheaper illumination in the United States was the wider use of gas. In the 1840s American gas manufacturers adopted improved British techniques for producing illuminating gas from coal. But the expense of piping gas to the consumer remained so high that until mid- century gas lighting was feasible only in urban areas, and only for public buildings for the wealthy. In 1854 a Canadian doctor, Abraham Gesner, patented a process for distilling a pitch like mineral found in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia that produced illuminating gas and an oil that he called “kerosene” (from “keros”, the Greek word for wax, and “ene” because it **resembled** camphene). Kerosene, though cheaper than camphene, had an unpleasant odor, and Gesner never made his fortune from it. But Gesner had aroused a new hope for making illuminating oil from a product coming out of North American mines.

39. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a reason why better lighting had become necessary by the mid- nineteenth century?
- A. development of railroads
C. increases in the number of new factories
B. demand for better medical facilities
D. growth of cities
40. The word “this” in bold refers to _____.
A. lard
B. charcoal
C. wick
D. oil
41. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a disadvantage of camphene?
A. high cost
B. bad smell
C. potential to explode
D. greasy texture
42. What can be inferred about the illuminating gas described in the paragraph?
A. It was first developed in the United States.
B. It was not allowed to be used in public buildings.
C. It was not widely available until mid- century.
D. It had an unpleasant smell.
43. The word “resembled” in line 15 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. was similar to
B. cost the same as
C. was made from
D. sounded like
44. According to the passage, what advantage did the kerosene patented by Gesner have over camphene?
A. Kerosene had a more pleasant smell.
B. Kerosene was less expensive.
C. Kerosene burned more brightly.
D. Kerosene was safer to use.
45. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?
A. a description of events in chronological order
B. a comparison of two events
C. an analysis of scientific findings
D. the statement of a theory and possible explanations

Choose the sentence which is closet in meaning to the one above:

46. People say that at least ten applicants have been selected for the job interview.
A. It is said that no fewer than ten people are going to be interviewed for the job.
B. I have heard that only ten people have been chosen to have the job interview.
C. It is said that well over ten people are interested in having an interview for the job.
D. People say that fewer than ten job interviews have been held so far.
47. He felt very tired. He was determined to continue to climb up the mountain.
A. He felt so tired that he was determined to continue to climb up the mountain.
B. Feeling very tired, he was determined to continue to climb up the mountain.
C. As the result of his tiredness, he was determined to continue to climb up the mountain.
D. Tired as he might feel, he was determined to continue to climb up the mountain.

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48. Hardly anybody applied for the job.
- A. Nobody applied for the job because it was hard.
 - B. Anybody found it hard to apply for the job.
 - C. Few applicants were suitable for the job.
 - D. There were very few applicants for the job.
49. I'm sorry that I didn't finish my homework last night.
- A. If only I had finished my homework last night.
 - B. I promise to finish all my homework from now on.
 - C. I regret to say that I finished my homework last night.
 - D. I wish I didn't have to do my homework last night.
50. A small car is more economically. It uses less petrol.
- A. A car which is small and economical uses less petrol.
 - B. A small car uses less petrol, so it is more economical.
 - C. A small car is more economical if it uses less petrol.
 - D. The smaller the car, the less petrol it uses.

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