

MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
REVISION FOR THE 1st FINAL TERM TEST ENGLISH 7

I. THEORY

- 1. Phonetics:** - Sound /ə/ và /ɜ:/
- Sound /f/ và /v/
- Sound /g/ và /k/
- Sounds: /l/ and /ɜ/
- Sounds: /v/ and /ɜ:/
- Sounds: /t/ and /dʒ/
- 2. Vocabulary:** - Words to talk about types of Hobbies and Action verbs.
- Words to talk about types of health problems and health tips.
- Words to talk about community service and volunteer work.
- Words to talk about **music and art**.
- Words to talk about **verbs of cooking, appearance and taste of food and drink**.
- Words to talk about **Historic places and things to take on a trip**.
- 3. Grammar:** - Present simple & Future simple
- Verbs of liking + V_ing
- Imperatives with more and less
- Compound sentences
- Past simple & Present perfect
- **Comparisons: (not) as ... as, the same as, different from**.
- **Nouns (countable/uncountable) / How much/How many / a/an, some, any...**
- **Passive voice**

II. EXERCISES

Ex1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

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|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. colle <u>ct</u> ion | B. tradi <u>ti</u> on | C. exhibi <u>ti</u> on | D. ques <u>ti</u> on |
| 2. A. stor <u>a</u> ge | B. advant <u>a</u> ge | C. mess <u>a</u> ge | D. gar <u>a</u> ge |
| 3. A. bott <u>l</u> e | B. m <u>o</u> rning | C. sh <u>o</u> rt | D. for <u>k</u> |
| 4. A. not <u>e</u> book | B. borrow | C. o <u>th</u> er | D. foll <u>o</u> w |
| 5. A. oce <u>a</u> n | B. conc <u>e</u> rt | C. music <u>i</u> an | D. offic <u>i</u> al |

Ex2: Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is placed differently from that of the other in each group.

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1. A. enough | B. boneless | C. pepper | D. sandwich |
| 2. A. decide | B. combine | C. apply | D. happen |
| 3. A. patient | B. humour | C. deny | D. friendly |

4. A. general B. opinion C. abroad D. surprise
5. A. temple B. provide C. compass D. tablet

Ex2. Choose and circle the best answer.

1. I can not speak French and Sarah can not speak French_____.
A. so B. either C. neither D. too
2. There is a pond_____the garden and the house.
A. in B. among C. between D. on
3. She can play some musical_____such as guitar, piano or cello.
A. instruments B. paintbrushes C. opera D. microphones
4. We need a kilo of fish and_____pork.
A. much B. any C. many D. some
5. It's a great idea to take some medicines_____you have a fever now.
A. so B. because C. but D. and
6. My village is not_____it was ten years ago.
A. the same as B. the same to C. same as D. The same
7. My mother often cooks_____for my breakfast. It is made by frying eggs.
A. eel soup B. shrimp C. omelette D. turmeric
8. Robert does not have_____Peter does.
A. money more than B. as many money as C. more money as D. as much money as
9. You should cut the beef_____small slices and add some salt and pepper.
A. in B. from C. with D. into
10. Doctors' stone tablets were made of_____.
A. sand B. brick C. stone D. cement.
11. The story is very interesting. I_____it several times.
A. have read B. am reading C. read D. haven't read
12. Teenagers in Viet Nam like K-pop, and they like Korean films_____.
A. too B. either C. so D. however
13. _____flour do you want to make this cake? - 300 grams.
A. How long B. How many C. How much D. How far
14. I feel hungry now, but there_____pancakes left.
A. aren't some B. isn't any C. isn't some D. aren't any
15. Many kinds of fruits and vegetables_____at the floating market in Can Tho.
A. sell B. are sold C. are selling D. will sell

Ex3. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word(s) that complete each of following sentences.

1. I think your idea is quite different as mine.
A B C D
2. At the age of seven, Picasso received artistic training by his father.
A B C D
3. How many banana did you buy. Mom? - Three, my dear.
A B C D
4. Jason hasn't telephoned me since two weeks.
A B C D

Some people say that the melody of classical music isn't more quick as hip-hop.

A B C D

Ex4. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the questions.

1. Although she is a famous actress, she still lives in a small house in rural area.
A. city B. countryside C. ocean D. mountain
2. The cooking competition will take place in two weeks.
A. stop B. continue C. happen D. arrive

Ex5. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the questions.

1. The content of the documentary films are about historic cities
A. clean B. good C. exciting D. modern
2. Water puppetry is one of the unique and traditional art forms in Viet Nam.
A. popular B. famous C. new D. beautiful

Ex6. Choose the correct answer A, B, c or D to fill each blank in the following passage.

Pho might be Vietnam's (1)_____ famous dish, but bun cha is the top choice when it comes to lunchtime in Hanoi. It doesn't matter if you eat bun cha in a restaurant or a small cart on the street, you will be (2)_____ by a plate of vermicelli (bun), a bowl of broth with grilled pork and a (3)_____ of fresh herbs. The vermicelli and fresh herbs are pretty common in a Vietnamese restaurant. The broth and the pork are the ones that make this dish (4)_____. Bun cha sets often come with the delicious "nem cua be"– fried crab spring (5)_____. Still not convinced? It's what Obama ate during his night (6)_____ with Bourdain.

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. a. most | b. the most | c. best | d. the best |
| 2. a. cooked | b. made | c. served | d. tried |
| 3. a. bottle | b. pot | c. bar | d. basket |
| 4. a. simple | b. comfort | c. specially | d. unique |

- | | | | |
|--------------|----------|------------|-----------|
| 5. a. pieces | b. rolls | c. halves | d. slices |
| 6. a. out | b. in | c. towards | d. along |

Ex7. Read the passage and choose the correct answer to each question:

What do you often do after school? In my school, there are a lot of clubs which students can take part in after school hours.

The club that has the biggest number of members is the swimming club called “Blue Dolphins”. I myself love swimming so I am a member of this club. I go to the swimming pool twice a day and swim for about an hour. I’m really interested in swimming breaststroke because it helps me move as fast as I can. I’m also fond of backstroke. I swim backstroke when I want to relax, breathe and let my body float freely. It’s very relaxing.

The second club I would like to mention is the charity club. Its name is “Golden Heart”. Members of the club often do community service. This month, they are conducting a clean-up campaign to protect the environment around the school. They collect trash, clean the toilet area, and grow plants. I am not a Golden Heart’s member, but I participate in their activities whenever I can.

If you can sing, dance or play musical instruments, the musical club “Heartstrings” is definitely for you. The president of the club is Mike, my best friend. He is not only good-looking but also sings beautifully and plays the guitar very well.

In conclusion, we should do as many activities as possible in our free time to have good health and a fresh mind to prepare for lessons in class. Spending all our time studying is not a good idea.

1. The writer is interested in swimming breaststroke because _____.
 A. it makes him relaxed B. it helps him swim as fast as he can
 C. it helps him stay healthy D. it is the easiest swimming style
2. The writer is fond of backstroke when _____.
 A. he has a competition B. he is hot C. he is tired D. he wants to relax
3. This month, Golden Heart's members _____.
 A. clean classrooms, halls, and the toilet area
 B. grow plants, water flowers
 C. help elderly people
 D. collect trash, clean the toilet area, and grow plants
4. The musical club “Heartstrings” is definitely for the students who _____.
 A. can sing and dance B. can sing, dance, and play musical instruments
 C. can write songs D. can cook
5. Spending all the time studying is _____.
 A. unnecessary B. necessary C. good D. important

Ex8: Rewrite these sentences using the words in brackets.

1. This bike is 800,000 VND. That bike is 600,000 VND.

- A. This bike is cheaper than that bike. B. This bike's price is different from that bike's price.
C. This bike is as cheap as that bike. D. This bike's price is the same as that bike's price.

2. Mr. Owen speaks English. Mrs. Phan speaks English.

- A. Mr. Owen speaks as well as Mrs. Phan. B. Mr. Owen speaks English with Mrs. Phan.
C. Mr. Owen speak the same with Mrs. Phan. D. Mr. Owen speaks the same language as Mrs. Phan.

3. Tim is good at English. Tim is better at English than Susan . **(ISN'T)**

- A. Tim is good at English than Susan. B. Tim isn't better at English than Susan.
C. Susan is not as good at English as Tim D. Sunsan isn't good at English than Tim

4. She is more beautiful than her younger sister. **(AS ... AS)**

- A. She is as more beautiful as her younger sister. B. She isn't as beautiful as her sister.
C. Her younger sister is as beautiful as her sister. D. Her younger sister isn't as beautiful as her.

5. Linda didn't go to the concert show last night. Susan didn't go to the concert show last night.

- A. Linda didn't go to the concert show last night and Susan didn't, either.
B. Linda didn't go to the concert show last night and Susan didn't, too.
C. Linda didn't go to the concert show last night and Susan did, either.
D. Linda didn't go to the concert show last night and Susan did, too.

Ex9: Complete sentences using the following cues.

1. How/money/ you/ have/ in your bag or pocket?

- A. How much money do you have in your bag or pocket?
B. How many money do you have in your bag or pocket?
C. How much money does you have in your bag or pocket?
D. How many money does you have in your bag or pocket?

2. Can/ you/ buy/ bread / your way/ home?

- A. Can you buy bread on your way in home? B. Can you buy some bread on your way back home?
C. Can you buy a bread on your way in home ? D. Can you buy a bread on your way back home?

3. He/ not/ home/ yesterday morning/ because/ he/ be/ park/ yesterday.

- A. He isn't home yesterday morning because he is in the park yesterday.
B. He hasn't been home yesterday morning because he was in the park yesterday.
C. He wasn't home yesterday morning because he was in the park yesterday.
D. he will be home yesterday morning because he is in the park yesterday.

4. there/ some spinach/ fridge. /We/ can use/ make/ soup/ our dinner.

- A. There is any spinach in the fridge. We can use it to make soup for our dinner.
- B. There is some spinach in the fridge. We can use it to make soup for our dinner.
- A. There are a spinach on the fridge. We can use it making soup for our dinner.
- A. There are an spinach in the fridge. We can use it to making soup for our dinner.