

REVISION FOR THE 1ST SEMESTER TEST – GRADE 6

PHONETICS

Odd one out

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. exciting | B. boring | C. interesting | D. convenient |
| 2. A. forest | B. mountain | C. lake | D. city |
| 3. A. hottest | B. smaller | C. largest | D. biggest |
| 4. A. mountain | B. valley | C. cave | D. club |
| 5. A. sofa | B. cooker | C. microwave | D. fridge |

Find the word with a different sound in the underlined part in each line

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>love</u> | B. <u>post</u> | C. <u>one</u> | D. <u>wonderful</u> |
| 2. A. chop <u>sticks</u> | B. des <u>k</u> s | C. lam <u>p</u> s | D. tabl <u>e</u> s |
| 3. A. driv <u>e</u> s | B. mak <u>e</u> s | C. tak <u>e</u> s | D. writ <u>e</u> s |
| 4. A. requ <u>e</u> st | B. proj <u>e</u> ct | C. ne <u>c</u> k | D. exc <u>i</u> ting |
| 5. A. <u>ex</u> press | B. <u>exc</u> iting | C. <u>ex</u> pensive | D. <u>ex</u> cellent |
| 6. A. <u>me</u> at | B. <u>re</u> ading | C. <u>br</u> ead | D. <u>se</u> at |
| 7. A. adv <u>i</u> ce | B. pr <u>i</u> ce | C. Nic <u>e</u> | D. pol <u>i</u> ce |
| 8. A. <u>le</u> ave | B. <u>br</u> ea <u>k</u> | C. <u>re</u> peat | D. <u>pe</u> aceful |
| 9. A. holi <u>d</u> ay | B. mod <u>e</u> rn | C. <u>edu</u> cate | D. calend <u>a</u> r |
| 10. A. roost <u>e</u> r | B. festi <u>v</u> al | C. talkat <u>i</u> ve | D. furnit <u>u</u> re |

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

TENSE REVISION

1. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous to complete the sentences.

- I _____ (have) a great time in Hoi An at present
- Outside the sun _____ (shine) so I'm off to get some fresh air.
- We usually _____ (stay) at home for a holiday, but this holiday we _____ (travel) abroad.
- My grandma _____ (not like) living in the city.
- Where _____ (you/ go) now? - We _____ (go) to Tan Ky House.
- _____ (be) there a post office nearby? - No. There _____ (not be) any post offices near here.

2. Choose the correct option in these sentences.

- Pablo goes / ~~is going~~ to school by bus every day.
- Henry visits / ~~is visiting~~ his grandma this morning.
- Laura and Phil don't work / ~~aren't working~~ on Fridays.
- Dad, do you watch / ~~are you watching~~ this programme now?
- We never do / ~~are doing~~ our homework on Saturdays.
- Why does Jay wear / ~~is Jay wearing~~ that silly hat today?
- Are you usually playing / ~~Do you usually play~~ cards with your friends?
- What do you listen / ~~are you listening~~ to on the radio at the moment?
- Guillermo doesn't like / ~~isn't liking~~ his new house.

LANGUAGE FOCUS**Choose the best answer**

1. There is nothing in the refrigerator. Let's ____ to the market.
A. go B. going C. goes D. to go
2. The train arrives at Saigon _____ at 4 am.
A. cathedral B. art gallery C. railway station D. square
3. How many windows _____ in your house? - _____ six.
A. are there/ There is C. are there/ There are
B. is this/ There is D. is there/ There is
4. Some of her paintings are displayed at the local _____.
A. art gallery B. museum C. stadium D. hospital
5. The Grand Canyon is one of the natural _____ of the world.
A. materials B. sights C. scenery D. wonders
6. Look ! A dog _____ to you.
A. is running B. running C. run D. runs
7. My car is _____ yours.
A. more fast and modern than C. faster and modern as
B. more fast and more modern than D. faster and more modern than
8. Which river is _____, the Red River or the Mekong River?
A. longest B. the longest C. longer D. more long
9. It is wrong of you to do this. You _____ never do it again!
A. does B. would C. will D. must
10. Doremon _____ chubby. He _____ a round face and big eyes. He _____ clever.
A. Is-has- is B. has-has- is C. has- is- is D. is- is- is
11. _____ the second turning _____ the right?
A. take- in B. take- on C. get-in D. get -on
6. Without noise and pollution, life in the countryside is more _____ and healthier.
A. peaceful B. crowded C. noisy D. exciting
13. Where's the _____? I need to put one on my foot. It hurts.
A. sun cream B. plaster C. sleeping bag D. compass
14. Viet Nam has _____ natural and man-made wonders.
A. any B. much C. many D. a little
15. There's a flower vase on the _____ desk.
A. teacher's B. teacher C. teachers D. teacher'
16. Could you pass me _____, please?
A. a salt. B. some salt C. any salt D. some salts
17. _____ cheese have you got in the box?
A. How much B. How many C. How little D. How few
18. My mother needs to buy _____ fruits.
A. a lot B. any C. some D. a little
19. How about _____ to the department store this weekend?
A. to go B. going C. go D. goes

20. This street is _____ than that street.

- A. noisy B. more noisy C. noisier D. noisiest

READING

Passage 1 : Read the passage and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space.

Oak City

Oak City is a great city. There're so (1) _____ things to do! There are cinemas, parks and discos. It's got some great clothes and music shops (2) _____. Oak City is very modern and beautiful. There aren't any (3) _____ buildings and there's some beautiful (4) _____ around the city. Is there any pollution in Oak City? There isn't much pollution (5) _____ there isn't much traffic. Everyone travels (6) _____ bike and walks, so there aren't many accidents.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. A. much | B. many | C. some | D. any |
| 2. A. neither | B. either | C. too | D. so |
| 3. A. beautiful | B. ugly | C. pretty | D. unpleasant |
| 4. A. scenery | B. scene | C. view | D. sight |
| 5. A. so | B. because | C. although | D. if |
| 6. A. on | B. in | C. with | D. by |

Passage 2 : Read the following text and choose the best answer for the questions below.

Jack is my best friend. He is a teacher. He's teaching in a school in London. Every morning he gets up at about 7 o'clock, has breakfast and a cup of coffee. Then he **leaves for** work. The school is far from his home, so he can't walk there. He must go by bus. He has lunch at a restaurant nearby. In the afternoon he works until 5 or 5:30 and then he goes home. He doesn't work on Saturdays and Sundays. He goes to the cinema or theatre. He is married and he has a son. He loves his family. They are very happy.

- What's Jack's job?
A. a student B. a teacher C. a writer D. a doctor
- What does "**leaves for**" means?
A. runs to B. flies to C. goes to D. swims to
- How does he go to work?
A. By car B. On foot C. By taxi D. By bus
- Where does he have lunch?
A. At home B. At work C. At school D. At a restaurant
- What does he do at the weekend?
A. He teaches his students B. He goes to cinema or theatre
C. He comes back home D. He watches television
- How many children does he have?
A. one B. two C. three D. a lot
- According to the passage, which of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**?
A. He doesn't have lunch at home C. He doesn't have any son
B. He works in a school D. He goes to work by bus

WRITING

1. Find the mistake and correct

1. Miss Ly live in a small house in Ha Noi.

A B C D

2. Our school has twenty-seven classroom.

A B C D

3. There are some orange juice and some milk to drink.

A B C D E

4. Tom do not never goes fishing in the winter.

A B C D

5. – “Is your grandparents’ house at the country?” – “Yes, it is.”

A B C D

2. Rearrange the following words and punctuation marks to complete the sentences.

1. much/ than/ living in a big city/ expensive/ is/ living in the countryside/ more

2. London / parks / has / famous / got / many / . /

3. Is /a /flower/ there/ garden /the /behind /house?

4. me/ you/ the way/ can/ the Japanese Bridge/ to/ tell/ please?

5. the cafeteria/ and/ a cold drink/ let’s/ get/ to/ go.

3. Choose the best answer

1. much/ than/ living in a big city/ expensive/ is/ living in the countryside/ more /.

A. Living in a big city is much more expensive than living in the countryside.

B. Living in a big city much more is expensive than living in the countryside.

C. Living in the countryside is much more expensive than living in the city.

D. Living in the countryside is more expensive much than living in the city.

2. London / parks / has / famous / got / many /.

A. London has many got parks

C. London parks has got many

B. London has got many parks

D. London has got parks many

3. Is /a /flower/ there/ garden /the /behind /house/?

A. There is a flower behind the house garden?

B. There is a flower garden behind the house?

C. Is there a garden flower behind the house ?

D. Is there a flower garden behind the house?

4. me/ you/ the way/ can/ the Japanese Bridge/ to/ tell/ please/, / ?

A. Can you tell me the way to the Japanese Bridge, please?

B. Can you tell to the Japanese Bridge the way, please?

C. You can tell me the way to the Japanese Bridge, please?

D. You can tell the way to the Japanese Bridge, please?

5. the cafeteria/ and/ a cold drink/ let’s/ get/ to/ go.

A. Let’s to the cafeteria go get to a cold drink

C. Let’s get to the cafeteria to a cold drink go

B. Let’s get the the cafeteria to go a cold drink

D. Let’s go to the cafeteria to get a cold drink

4. Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning

1. It is very important that you arrive on time at school.

→ You must _____.

2. Quang is lazier than Ha.

→ Ha _____.

3. The air in the city is more polluted than the air in the country. (fresh)

→ The air in the country _____.

4. Turn left at the first traffic lights.

--> Take _____.

5. It's against the rules to use your mobile phone in class.

You _____.

5. Choose the best answer**1. It is very important that you arrive on time at school.**

A. You must arrive on time at school

C. You shall arrive on time at school

B. You can arrive on time at school

D. Let's arrive on time at school

2. Quang is lazier than Ha.

A. Ha is more hard-working than Quang

C. Ha is more confident than Quang

B. Ha is less hard-working than Quang

D. Ha is less confident than Quang

3. The air in the city is more polluted than the air in the country.

A. The air in the country is fresher than the air in the country

B. The air in the country is not fresher than the air in the country

C. The air in the country is more fresh than the air in the country

D. The air in the country is less fresh than the air in the country

4. Turn left at the first traffic lights.

A. Take the first turning at the left

C. Take the first turning on the left

B. Turn the first turning on the left

D. Turn the first turning at the left

5. It's against the rules to use your mobile phone in class.

A. You mustn't use your mobile phone outside the class

B. You must use your mobile phone in class

C. You mustn't use your mobile phone in class

D. You must use your mobile phone outside the class