



Name:.....

Class:.....

### TEST 0

#### I: Choose the word that has the underlined parts pronounced differently from the others

- |                          |                           |                       |                     |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. equal              | B. f <u>a</u> shion       | C. ch <u>a</u> mpagne | D. m <u>a</u> tch   |
| 2. A. econ <u>o</u> my   | B. <u>o</u> ccasion       | C. freed <u>o</u> m   | D. <u>l</u> ogical  |
| 3. A. inv <u>i</u> te    | B. r <u>i</u> ver         | C. shr <u>i</u> ne    | D. p <u>r</u> imary |
| 4. A. enc <u>o</u> urage | B. p <u>r</u> ou <u>d</u> | C. en <u>o</u> ugh    | D. <u>y</u> oung    |
| 5. A. invit <u>e</u> d   | B. arriv <u>e</u> d       | C. mention <u>e</u> d | D. lov <u>e</u> d   |

#### II. Choose the words that has a different stress pattern from the others

- |                  |               |               |                 |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. practical  | B. designer   | C. minority   | D. occasion     |
| 2. A. consist    | B. fashion    | C. design     | D. collect      |
| 3. A. enjoyment  | B. pagoda     | C. collection | D. business     |
| 4. A. economical | B. federation | C. itinerary  | D. complication |
| 5. A. advertise  | B. deposit    | C. candidate  | D. institute    |

#### III. Choose the word or phrase that best completes each sentence

1. She speaks Chinese as \_\_\_\_\_ as I do  
A. good                      B. better                      C. very good                      D. well
2. Jim is five centimeters \_\_\_\_\_ than Tom.  
A. taller                      B. tallest                      C. high                      D. tall
3. The harder she works, the \_\_\_\_\_ money she earns  
A. better                      B. much                      C. more                      D. less
4. Lucy answered the questions \_\_\_\_\_ than Sarah.  
A. intelligent                      B. more intelligently                      C. most intelligent                      D. more intelligent
5. I knew they were talking about me \_\_\_\_\_ they stopped when I entered the room.  
A. because                      B. so that                      C. despite                      D. therefore
6. The librarian told us not \_\_\_\_\_ reference books out of the library.  
A. to take                      B. taking                      C. take                      D. took
7. When I came to visit her last night, she \_\_\_\_\_ a bath.  
A. had                      B. was having                      C. were having                      D. is having
8. He has really worked hard so far, \_\_\_\_\_ he?  
A. does                      B. has                      C. doesn't                      D. hasn't

9. Nobody liked the film, \_\_\_\_ ?  
 A. does he                      B. doesn't he                      C. did they                      D. didn't they
10. \_\_\_\_ the students in my class enjoy taking part in social activities.  
 A. Many                      B. Most                      C. Most of                      D. The number of

**Question IV. Provide the correct form of the words in brackets (2p):**

1. It's very \_\_\_\_ (HEALTH ) to live in damp room.
2. I'm not used to \_\_\_\_ (DRIVE) on the left.
3. He was punished for his \_\_\_\_ (LAZY).
4. We had a very \_\_\_\_ (ENJOY) evening in Lon don last month
5. I believe you because I know you are \_\_\_\_ (TRUTH).
6. Nam is very \_\_\_\_ (INTEREST) in computer.
7. He drives so \_\_\_\_ (CARE) that he is sure to have an accident.
8. I am \_\_\_\_ (CONFIDENCE) he will succeed in his chosen career.
9. Ba has a large \_\_\_\_ (COLLECT) of foreign stamps.
10. The \_\_\_\_ (PERFORM) she gave last night was marvelous.

**V. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting**

1. She was waiting nervous in the waiting room for the interview.  
                     A                      B                      C                      D
2. The children are very boring and they don't know what to do.  
                     A                      B                      C                      D
3. I haven't come back to London for my father last visited me.  
                     A                      B                      C                      D
4. They asked me what did happen last night, but I was unable to tell them.  
                     A                      B                      C                      D
5. Do you know how getting to the post office from here?  
                     A                      B                      C                      D
6. Tom wishes his neighbors don't make so much noise.  
                     A                      B                      C                      D
7. Mary and Henry always goes out for a meal on their wedding anniversary.  
     A                      B                      C                      D
8. Bill asked me if I was going to visit my aunt the day before.  
                     A                      B                      C                      D
9. The policeman told her not to driving her car so fast again.  
     A                      B                      C                      D
10. I will lend you this money if you will promise to pay it back.  
                     A                      B                      C                      D

**VI: Read the passage and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space**

I live in a small village (1)\_\_\_ Henfield - there are about 500 people here. I love it because it is (2) \_\_\_ and life is slow and easy. You never (3) \_\_\_ queue in shops or banks. The village is clean - people (4) \_\_\_ it and don't throw their rubbish in the streets. The air is also (5) \_\_\_ because there's not much heavy traffic. It's much more (6) \_\_\_ here than in a city. Everyone knows everyone and (7) \_\_\_ someone has problem, there are always people who can help. There aren't (8) \_\_\_ things I don't like about Henfield. One thing is that there's not much (9) \_\_\_ in the evening - we haven't got any cinemas or theaters. Another problem is that people always talk about (10) \_\_\_ and everyone knows what everyone else is doing. But I still prefer village life to life in a big city./.

- |                  |               |               |                  |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1. A. was        | B. is         | C. called     | D. name          |
| 2. A. quietly    | B. quiet      | C. noisy      | D. noisily       |
| 3. A. had        | B. should     | C. wait       | D. have to       |
| 4. A. look after | B. find       | C. think      | D. look for      |
| 5. A .dirty      | B. not clean  | C. clean      | D. dizzy         |
| 6. A . friendly  | B. unfriendly | C. boring     | D. uninteresting |
| 7. A .if         | B. and        | C. so         | D. but           |
| 8. A. much       | B. a little   | C. a few      | D. many          |
| 9. A. doing      | B. to do      | C. jobs       | D. things        |
| 10. A. another   | B. every one  | C. each other | D. any one       |

**VII: Read the passage and choose the best answer**

Out in the Pacific Ocean, 3,700 kilometers from Los Angeles, are the islands of Hawaii, the fiftieth state of the United States, with its area of 16,700 square kilometers.

The first Hawaiians arrived from other Pacific islands sometime around 100 AD. Then in 1778, Captain Cook visited Hawaii. He put the islands on his maps of the Pacific Ocean. Then more ships knew Hawaii and began stopping there for supplies.

In 1820, a small group of people from the eastern United States came to teach the Hawaiian people about Christianity. They started farms to grow sugar cane and pineapples. Because there were not enough people to do all the farm work, farm owners brought in Asians - Chinese, Japanese, and Filipinos.

Later Koreans, Portuguese, and Puerto Ricans also came. More people came from the US mainland and from other Pacific islands, and Hawaii became an island with traditions from several countries. People from the various nation groups have married each other, so today the groups are partly mixed.

Hawaiians are very friendly and always welcome visitors. They celebrate traditional Chinese, Japanese, and Filipino holidays as well as holidays from The United states. Hawaii is known as the Aloha State. "Aloha" mean "hello", "goodbye", and "I love you" in Hawaiian. /.

1. Hawaii is ..... square kilometers in area.

- A. 3,700      B. 1,820      C. 16,700      D. 2,500

2. More ships knew Hawaii through ..... and stopped there for supplies.

- A. Japanese visitors.      B. Christopher Columbus.  
C. Captain Cook's maps      D. Christians.

3. In the early 19th century, many Asians were taken to Hawaii .....

- A. to go fishing      B. to be holidaymakers  
C. to visit attractions      D. to do the farm work.

4. Today the various national groups are .....

- A. completely mixed      B. living in different societies.  
C. partly mixed      D. completely separated.

5. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?

- A. Captain Cook came to Hawaii in 1778.  
B. All Hawaiian people have come from Asia.  
C. Hawaii is the fiftieth state of the United States.  
D. Hawaii is in the Pacific Ocean 3,700 kilometers from Los Angeles./.

**VIII: A, B, C and D are 4 sentences which are written using the give words below. Choose the most appropriate sentence:**

1. *It / take / he / two months / get over / his illness.*

- A. It took two months to him to get over his illness.  
B. It took him two months to get over his illness.  
C. It took to get over his illness in two months.  
D. It took two months for his illness to get over.

2. *city / destroy / earthquake / 375 / and / again / 551.*

- A. The city destroyed an earthquake in 375 and again in 551.  
B. The city had destroyed by an earthquake in 375 and again in 551.  
C. The city was destroyed by an earthquake in 375 and again in 551.  
D. The city was destroyed in an earthquake from 375 and again in 551.

3. *school / subject / of / all / the / prefer / subjects / because / at / an / I / English / it / is / interesting.*

- A. Of all the subjects at school, I prefer English because it is an interesting subject.  
B. Of all at school, I prefer the interesting subjects because it is an English subject.  
C. I prefer it at school because English is an interesting subject of all the subject.  
D. English is an interesting subject of all the subjects at school because I prefer it.

4. *school / I / used / now / foot / to / go / but / to / on / I / no longer.*

A. I used to go to school but I no longer on foot now.

B. I no longer go to school on foot but I used to now.

C. No longer I go to school now but I used to on foot.

D. I used to go to school on foot but no longer now.

5. *I / ask / some boys / where / go / but / no one / answer / me.*

A. I asked some boys about where going, but no one answered me.

B. I asked some boys for where I went but no one answered me.

C. I asked some boys where to go, but no one answered me.

D. I asked some boys about where going to, but no one answered me