

6th Grade Language Exam

Second Trimester/First Moment

l) Read the text

Take Your Best Shot

The doctor in the photo *administered* a vaccine to his patient. A vaccine is a kind of medicine that cures or prevents diseases. Has your doctor ever administered a vaccine to you?

Hundreds of years ago, Chinese doctors *searched* for the cure for a disease called smallpox. Smallpox *caused* the death of many people. The doctors *tried* everything to find a cure. To their surprise, Chinese doctors *realized* that when they *vaccinated* healthy patients with tiny amounts of smallpox, the patients *developed* an immunity to the virus. The doctors *discovered* a way to help their patients!

Many years later, European doctors still *struggled* to stop smallpox. They *tried* the cure invented by Chinese doctors, which *helped*, but too many patients *continued* suffering. A young doctor *heard* stories that cow farmers in England were immune to smallpox. He *discovered* that these cow farmers were infected with cowpox. Cowpox is like smallpox, but not as dangerous. When the doctor *injected* people with a cowpox vaccine, it *protected* them against smallpox! This new cowpox vaccine was soon *used* all over Europe.

Doctors and scientists *learned* that when people are vaccinated with a weak virus, they become immune to stronger viruses. Because of vaccines, many diseases that once *caused* millions of people to suffer are now history.

a) Answer True or False to the following statements. (5 points)

1. Chinese doctors never searched for a cure for smallpox.
2. Doctors in Europe heard that cow farmers were immune to smallpox.
3. When doctors vaccinated healthy patients with tiny amounts of a virus, the patients developed an immunity to the virus.
4. The cowpox vaccine was never used all over Europe.
5. Vaccines have eliminated many diseases that once caused big problems.

b) Do you think that when scientists discovered vaccines it changed the world? Yes/no. Explain (10 points)

c) Drag the correct answer to fill the gaps in the short text. (7 points)

listened about	used	saved	died
protected	injected	discovered	

Chinese doctors first _____ vaccines hundreds of years ago. They _____ the vaccines to prevent smallpox. Back then, many patients _____ from smallpox. Centuries later, a British doctor _____ stories of cow farmers that were immune to smallpox. When the doctor _____ people with a cowpox vaccine, it _____ them against smallpox! This discovery _____ many lives.

d) The following two sentences about vaccines express different ideas about the passing of time. Choose the statements below that are logically related to these sentences. (2 points)

1. **Smallpox *caused* the death of many people.**

It is an action/fact that happened again in the past.

It is something that started in the past and continues in the present.

It was something that was true for some time in the past.

It describes something that will happen in the future.

2. **Hundreds of years ago, Chinese doctors *searched* for the cure for a disease called smallpox.**

It began and finished in the past.

What happened is not happening anymore.

It does not use a verb in past form: search-*ed*.

It uses a phrase with "ago" to signify past tense.

II) Write the words and put them in alphabetical order in their column. (32 points)
 Example:

solar
 forward
 menu
 mask
 knight
 total
 result
 advice

table
 basement
 argue
 season
 business
 crowd
 stone
 butterfly

hobby
 errand
 manner
 artist
 vacation
 dolphin
 immediate
 edit

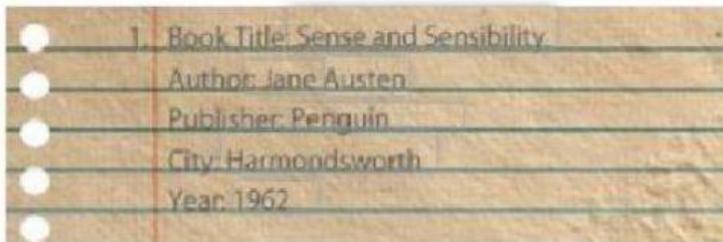
absolute
 bride
 pretend
 brush
 offer
 journal
 million
 flag

guest
 generous
 umbrella
 language
 youth
 page
 appeal
 tale



<i>advice</i>	_____	_____	_____	_____
<i>forward</i>	_____	_____	_____	_____
<i>knight</i>	_____	_____	_____	_____
<i>mask</i>	_____	_____	_____	_____
<i>menu</i>	_____	_____	_____	_____
<i>result</i>	_____	_____	_____	_____
<i>solar</i>	_____	_____	_____	_____
<i>total</i>	_____	_____	_____	_____

III) Arrange the book's information into a bibliographic entry.



IV) Future Tense using "WILL"

Look at the example table and do the exercise using the sentence given to complete the second table.

Affirmative sentence	She will eat cereal tonight
Negative sentence with contraction	She won't eat cereal tonight.
Negative sentence without contraction	She will not eat cereal tonight.
Affirmative question	Will she eat cereal tonight?
Negative question with contraction	Won't she eat cereal tonight?
Negative question without contraction	Will she not eat cereal tonight?

Now fill the chart

Affirmative sentence	I will go on Christmas vacation this week.
Negative sentence with contraction	
Negative sentence without contraction	
Affirmative question	
Negative question with contraction	
Negative question without contraction	

V) Present Perfect tense.

Look at the example table and do the exercise using the sentence given to complete the second table.

Affirmative sentence	I have played videogames.
Negative sentence with contraction	I haven't played videogames.
Negative sentence without contraction	I have not played videogames.
Affirmative question	Have I played videogames?
Negative question with contraction	Haven't I played videogames
Negative question without contraction	Have I not played videogames?

Affirmative sentence	She has written a letter to Santa.
Negative sentence with contraction	
Negative sentence without contraction	
Affirmative question	
Negative question with contraction	
Negative question without contraction	

VI) Simple Past Tense.

Affirmative sentence	I cleaned my room.
Negative sentence with contraction	I didn't clean my room.
Negative sentence without contraction	I did not clean my room
Affirmative question	Did I clean my room?
Negative question with contraction	Didn't I clean my room?
Negative question without contraction	Did I not clean my room?

Affirmative sentence	They swam in the ocean.
Negative sentence with contraction	
Negative sentence without contraction	
Affirmative question	
Negative question with contraction	
Negative question without contraction	