

ENGLISH LISTENING TEST

College Scholarship



A. Based on the audio, decide if the sentences are true (T), false (F), or if the information is not given (NG). Audio taken from <https://www.esl-lab.com/academic-english/college-scholarships/>

1. The student didn't arrive on time for the test because he fell asleep.
2. The teacher couldn't arrive to the test because she was in an accident.
3. He studies at Oxford University.

B. Based on the listening, choose the option that best fits. Only one option is possible

4. When the teacher says: "**your friend Tony made it to class**", she means:
 - a. Tony was in class.
 - b. Tony wasn't in class.
 - c. Tony was at the university but not in class.
 - d. Tony had problems to come.
5. When the teacher says: "**you're playing what we call the victim**", she refers to:
 - a. Her student had an acceptable reason so she will repeat him the test.
 - b. Her student is trying to justify his unexcused absence.
 - c. Her student was stolen at the bus, so he is a victim.
 - d. Her student had a problem at home.
6. The student cannot take the test because...
 - a. he hasn't paid his tuition fee.
 - b. he is not enrolled in her class.
 - c. he didn't arrive on time.
 - d. He got bad grades in the term.
7. Why does Mrs. Smith believe her student is lying to her?
 - a. because she doesn't like him.
 - b. because her student has missed some classes along the semester.
 - c. because he and Tony had an agreement.
 - d. because he has a scholarship.
8. What is his excuse for being late to the test?
 - a. His alarm didn't go off that morning.
 - b. His best friend Tony didn't wake him up.
 - c. He didn't have money to come to class.
 - d. He was talking to his academic advisor.

9. According to the policies of the program...

- a. if a student misses a test for an unexcused reason, teacher must always repeat it.
- b. if a student misses a test for an unexcused reason, students get a chance next term.
- c. if a student misses a test for an unexcused reason, parents should talk to the teacher.
- d. if a student misses a test for an unexcused reason, students get a zero on the test.

10. What advice does Mrs. Smith give him?

- a. She doesn't give him any kind of advice.
- b. She tells him to accept the consequences of his actions.
- c. She advises him to talk to the Dean.
- d. She advises to talk to his parents.

B. Listen to the track and complete the sentences below with the correct word from it.

11. Mrs. Smith's student believe her decision is not _____ enough, because it wasn't his fault.

12. The student told her his parents will be really _____ at him if he loses his scholarship.

Shopping Now and Then

A. Listen to the interview and decide if the sentences are true (T), false (F), or if the information is not given (NG). Audio taken from Redston, C. & Cunningham, G. (2012) Face2face Pre-Intermediate Student's Book. Cambridge University Press. Cambridge, UK. Unit 10B. CD3 Track 15



13. London's first department store opened in 1919.

14. Selfridges hasn't been the most famous department store all over the world.

B. Listen to the interview again and select the best answer A, B, C or D for the following statements.

15. A department store is:

- a) A place in which you can buy things just for the house.
- b) A place in which
- c) A shopping place which is in different rural areas.
- d) a large shop divided into several different parts, each of which sells different things.

16. A shopping girlfriend was:

- a) It was a service provided by some shops so that women could help men choose their clothes.
- b) It was a service provided by some girls to help men finding their clothes.
- c) It was a service provided by some shops so that men could try on some clothes.
- d) It was a service provided by the government for single people

17. The biggest change in our shopping habits has been:

- a) A Shopping girlfriend.
- b) Online shopping.
- c) Skin care products for men.
- d) Home products for men.

18. Attitudes to shopping have:

- a) Been altered by products.
- b) Been altered by markets
- c) Changed during the years.
- d) Remained the same.

19. *Shopping Now and Then* is at:

- a) 6:30 a.m.
- b) 7:30 am
- c) 9: 30 p.m.
- d) 6: 30 p.m.

20. Most married men never used to do the food shopping in:

- a) 1970
- b) 1940
- c) 1909
- d) 1969

21. You couldn't find skin care products for men:

- a) 14 years ago.
- b) 15 years ago.
- c) 40 years ago.
- d) 50 years ago.

22. *Shopping Now and Then* is a:

- a) Radio program.
- b) Tv program.
- c) Radio ad.
- d) Newspaper ad

C. Complete the following sentences by filling in the blank with the correct answer. You can use up to three words.

23. This store, which opened more than a century ago, _____ a special room only for men.

24. In 1970 most women _____ all the shopping.

25. Now you see men doing the _____ in the supermarket all the time.