

6. (a) (i) Define the term trade.

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) Identify **TWO** ways that a government can intervene in trade.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

(b) What is the difference between visible and invisible trade?

\_\_\_\_\_

[1]

(c) Explain **FOUR** advantages and **ONE** problem associated with trade.

Advantages:

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
3. \_\_\_\_\_  
4. \_\_\_\_\_

Problem:

1. \_\_\_\_\_ [10]

“Some countries form themselves into trading blocs in order to stimulate economic growth among member countries” New Caribbean Geography, Vohn Rahil.

(d) (i) Name **TWO** trading blocs:

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [2]



(ii) Explain **TWO** ways The Bahamas benefits from being a member of a trading bloc.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

[4]



7. (a) (i) What are the main purposes of livestock farming in the Caribbean?

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

(ii) Identify the term applied to the activities involved in the rearing of livestock.

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) Explain **THREE** ways that livestock farmers control the feeding of their livestock.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

[6]

(c) (i) Describe **THREE** problems facing the livestock farming industry in the Caribbean.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

[6]

(ii) Propose **TWO** practices that may be implemented to improve the quality and quantity of livestock farming.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_ [2]



(d) Identify **ONE** way that the government of The Bahamas could develop its livestock farming.

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[1]



8. (a) (i) Define the term 'resource'.

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[1]

(ii) Distinguish between renewable and non-renewable resources. Provide **ONE** example of each.

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[4]

(iii) Suggest **THREE** reasons for an increasing demand for resources.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

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2. \_\_\_\_\_

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3. \_\_\_\_\_

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[3]

(b) (i) "Through sustainable development the earth's resources can be protected." Define the term 'sustainable development.'

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[2]

