UNIT 6

I. Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. calendar	B. clean	C. celebrate	D. cook
2. A. sell	B. smile	C. spring	D. sugar
3. A. sail	B. cosy	C. summer	D. sandy
4. A. cartoon	B. scooter	C. musician	D. score
5. A. sure	B. salt	C. disk	D. tasty

II. Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. A. firework	B. lucky	C. dislike	D. welcome
2. A. temple	B. between	C. flower	D. island
3. A. shopping	B. decide	C. water	D. parent
4. A. tourist	B. prepare	C. accept	D. before
5. A. midnight	B. wonder	C. mountain	D. behave

III. Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. **In Viet Nam, Tet is a time for _____ gatherings.**
   A. school B. family C. friend D. house
2. **We often _____ our houses with peach flowers at Tet.**
   A. clean B. display C. decorate D. welcome
3. **You _____ break anything during Tet holiday. It is unlucky.**
   A. should B. shouldn't C. can D. don't
4. **I need _____ eggs for the cake.**
   A. an B. some C. any D. a lot
5. **There isn't _____ milk in the fridge.**
   A. some B. every C. a D. any

IV. Find the odd one out.

1. A. give	B. cook	C. family	D. decorate
2. A. old clothes	B. special food	C. lucky money	D. firework
3. A. relatives	B. blossoms	C. friends	D. first footers
4. A. temple	B. cathedral	C. pagoda	D. calendar
5. A. Spain	B. Vietnamese	C. Japan	D. Thailand

V. Fill in each blank with one word / phrase from the box.

wishes Cleaning special food fireworks lucky money

1. My mum often cooks _____ for Tet.
2. _____ the house before Tet is common in Viet Nam.
3. Children are very happy to receive red envelopes with _____ at Tet.
4. The Vietnamese often visit relatives and friends to exchange best _____ during Tet.
5. We often go out to watch the _____ on New Year's Eve.

VI. Complete the sentences with *should* or *shouldn't*.

1. You _____ go to the Disney Land. It's very interesting.
2. You _____ live near the airport. It's very noisy.
3. You _____ walk alone at night. It's dangerous.
4. _____ I go to Temple of Literature?
5. What _____ I buy for Tet?

X. Fill each blank with one word from the box.

wish special shopping gatherings decorations holiday

Tet or Lunar New Year is the most important (1) _____ in Viet Nam. It usually happens in late January or early February. Tet holiday is the best occasion for family (2) _____. Before Tet, Vietnamese people often go (3) _____. The items of shopping are: food, new clothes, peach flowers and household (4) _____.



People often make banh chung, the main food for Tet and other (5) _____ foods. During Tet, they always smile and behave nicely. They (6) _____ family members, relatives and friends good luck and give lucky money to children. The Vietnamese believe that Tet is an occasion to enjoy life after a hard-working year.

XI. Read the text and decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F).

In some Asian countries, people celebrate the New Year in four or five days. In other countries, they celebrate Christmas and the New Year together. For example, in the UK there is a long holiday from the 24th of December to the 2nd of January. On New Year's Eve, British people often eat, drink and go to parties. Many people go to Trafalgar Square in London or a street party in their city. Others visit friends or go to pubs and restaurants. These places are very crowded on that night. There is a great atmosphere when everyone waits for Big Ben to strike midnight. Then people kiss and hold hands to sing the traditional Scottish song Auld Lang Syne happily.



(adapted from *https://www.excellentesl4u.com/esl-new-year-listening.html#q_2*)

1. New Year celebration in the UK is longer than in some Asian countries. ☐
2. The New Year holiday in the UK ends in December. ☐
3. The British often stay at home on New Year's Eve. ☐
4. Restaurants and pubs are full on people on that night. ☐
5. Everyone feels happy after hearing the Big Ben strike midnight. ☐

XII. Read the text about new year celebrations in some countries and answer the questions.

In Brazil, people go to the beach. They sing and dance and they throw flowers into the water to honour Lemanjá, goddess of the sea. One of the most famous places to do this is in Copacabana beach.

Chinese celebrate their New Year's Eve in a strange way. They make rituals against bad spirits using fireworks and noise.

In the Philippines, people open all doors and windows in the house to allow negative energy to leave and good energy to enter.

In Italy, they eat lentils for dinner. They also have to throw away old things. This tradition means good luck for the New Year.

In Spain, people have a big family dinner. At midnight they eat 12 grapes. They also wear something red to welcome the New Year.

In which country does this happen?

1. They fight the bad spirit.	_____
2. They go to Copacabana to sing and dance.	_____
3. They open doors and windows.	_____
4. They like eating a big meal.	_____
5. They don't keep old things.	_____

XIII. Use the given words / phrases to make complete sentences, make any changes if necessary.

1. My mother / usually / cook / special food / Tet / .
   _____.
2. Children / should / not / eat / lots / sweets / .
   _____.
3. There / be / not / interesting activity / Tet / here / .
   _____.
4. They / go / Times Square / watch / New Year's Eve Ball / drop / .
   _____.
5. Viet Nam / people / give / lucky / money / old people / children / .
   _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS