

**UNIT 7 – TRAFFIC**
**WORKSHEET 5**
**EXERCISE 1: Listen and fill in the blanks.**

The most (1) \_\_\_\_\_ traffic (2) \_\_\_\_\_ in cities around the world is (3) \_\_\_\_\_. São Paulo in Brazil has the world's worst daily traffic jams. According to reports, the historical (4) \_\_\_\_\_ record was set on June 1, 2012, with 295 kilometres of vehicle (5) \_\_\_\_\_ around the city during the evening (6) \_\_\_\_\_. Some other big cities also (7) \_\_\_\_\_ from serious congestion in the rush hours. The main cause of this traffic problem is the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the (9) \_\_\_\_\_ in big cities. So the number of people using the roads has risen (10) \_\_\_\_\_ times. The second reason is that the roads are narrow and sometimes are not good enough. Also, many road users have no respect for traffic rules. As a result, the problem is getting (11) \_\_\_\_\_ and (12) \_\_\_\_\_.

**EXERCISE 2: Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from others.**

- |                                 |                            |                             |                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. a. <u>br</u> aking           | b. <u>gr</u> eat           | c. <u>st</u> eak            | d. <u>h</u> ealthy         |
| 2. a. <u>c</u> ycle             | b. <u>b</u> icycle         | c. <u>f</u> ly              | d. <u>s</u> kyscraper      |
| 3. a. <u>c</u> ycle             | b. <u>l</u> icence         | c. <u>v</u> ehicle          | d. <u>c</u> entre          |
| 4. a. <u>r</u> evers <u>e</u> d | b. <u>w</u> alk <u>e</u> d | c. <u>s</u> topp <u>e</u> d | d. <u>o</u> bey <u>e</u> d |
| 5. a. <u>p</u> ark              | b. <u>p</u> avement        | c. <u>p</u> lane            | d. <u>s</u> afety          |

**EXERCISE 3: Choose the best answer a, b, c or d to complete the sentence.**

- You should walk across the street \_\_\_\_\_ the zebra crossing.  
a. on                      b. at                      c. in                      d. from
- My house is not far from my school, so I usually go \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. on foot              b. by foot              c. by car              d. by boat
- This morning, I was \_\_\_\_\_ in a traffic jam and got to school fifteen minutes late.  
a. catch              b. block              c. struck              d. stuck
- Turn on the left turn \_\_\_\_\_ before you make the turn and slow down.  
a. sign              b. direction              c. signal              d. crossing
- It is \_\_\_\_\_ to use a hand-held mobile phone while driving or riding.  
a. safe              b. important              c. illegal              d. careful
- \_\_\_\_\_ does it take you to ride to school? – About 30 minutes.  
a. How long              b. How far              c. How often              d. How much
- A \_\_\_\_\_ is a part of a road that only bicycles are allowed to use.  
a. cycle cross              b. cycle lane              c. cycle line              d. cycle race
- You \_\_\_\_\_ cross the street when the light is red.  
a. should              b. don't have to              c. can              d. mustn't
- People \_\_\_\_\_ produce as much rubbish as we do now.  
a. use to              b. used to              c. used to not              d. didn't use to



10. "How far is Vung Tau from Ho Chi Minh City" - "\_\_\_\_\_"
- a. It's not very far.                      b. It takes about two hours or more.  
c. It's about 120km.                      d. You can get to Vung Tau by boat or bus.

**EXERCISE 4: Write the correct form or tense of verbs in brackets.**

- \_\_\_\_\_ (you/ ever/ drive) on the wrong side of the road?
- My family \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) back from our Hong Kong holiday two days ago.
- Right now, the students \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) road signs in the schoolyard.
- Usually Oanh \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) to school, but this week she \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) her bike.
- The driver was so drunk that he \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) control of his car.
- If I have enough money, I \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a racing car.
- My father \_\_\_\_\_ (teach) me to ride a bike when I was seven.
- Transport used \_\_\_\_\_ (be) much slower three hundred years ago.
- Saudi women weren't allowed \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) a car until recently.
- In South Africa, you have to let animals \_\_\_\_\_ (go) first.

**EXERCISE 5: Supply the correct form of the words in brackets**

- Young children are expected to show \_\_\_\_\_ to their parents. (obey)
- When cycling on the roads, remember: \_\_\_\_\_ first. (safe)
- Children should avoid \_\_\_\_\_ foods such as hamburger and chips. (health)
- Most road accidents happen because the motorists drive \_\_\_\_\_. (care)
- It is unsafe and \_\_\_\_\_ to pass another vehicle on the left. (legal)
- My \_\_\_\_\_ was delayed for over two hours due to bad weather. (fly)
- Everyone should \_\_\_\_\_ obey traffic rules for their own safety. (strict)
- The policeman \_\_\_\_\_ the car to stop with a flashlight. (sign)
- Signs with red circles are mostly \_\_\_\_\_ - that means you can't do something. (prohibit)
- This \_\_\_\_\_ sign indicates that traffic lights are ahead. (warn)

**EXERCISE 6: Read the text carefully, then choose the correct answers.**

Large cities often have problems that small towns and rural areas do not have. Two of the biggest problems are heavy traffic and the pollution that cars create. Of course. Traffic problems and pollution are not only found in big cities. However, the higher populations and larger number of cars on the roads in cities can make the problems happen more often and with more noticeable effects.

One of the most common traffic problems the large cities have is congestion. As the population of a city increases, so does the number of cars on the road. Cities cannot always improve the number and size of their roads and highways to keep up with the number of cars. The result is traffic congestion,

or traffic jams. When traffic jams happen, cars that are stuck in the congestion continue to run their engines. This creates pollution and it is a big problem. Pollution causes health problems for the people in cities and also hurts the environment.

1. Where do traffic problems and pollution frequently happen?  
a. small towns      b. rural areas      c. big cities      d. remote villages
2. According to the passage, what causes traffic congestion in big cities?  
a. A lot of city dwellers      b. Too many cars on the roads  
c. Careless drivers      d. Less traffic signs on the streets
3. The high number of cars is caused by \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. urban planning      b. traffic congestion      c. environmental pollution      d. the population
4. The highway and road network is \_\_\_\_\_ of meeting the requirement of increasing number of vehicles.  
a. full      b. aware      c. incapable      d. uncertain
5. Which of the followings is NOT true?  
a. Only big cities have the problem of pollution.  
b. Traffic jams cause pollution  
c. Pollution is a major problem in big cities.  
d. Pollution causes health and environmental problems.

**EXERCISE 7: Make sentences using the words given.**

1. The roads / Vietnam / too / narrow / travel / easily.  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. How far / it / your house / the bookstore?  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. It / very important / obey / traffic rules / when / use / road.  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. It / ten kilometres / the town / the airport.  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Two days ago / we / stuck / traffic jam / over two hours.  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Most streets / city centre / congested / rush hour  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. You / use / have / tricycle / when / child?  
\_\_\_\_\_