

## Remember!

“a/an” → a thing/ person talked about for the first time.

“an” → vowel sounds (A, E, I, O, U) at the start of the word.

“the” → the thing/ person we already know/talked about before.

No article → names, plural nouns and uncountable nouns.



### 1. Fill in the gaps using “a”, “an”, “the” or “x” (zero article).

1. Susan is eating \_\_\_\_\_ apple. \_\_\_\_\_ apple was red.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ elephants are very big animals.
3. Mary is \_\_\_\_\_ nice girl.
4. My father is \_\_\_\_\_ policeman
5. That is \_\_\_\_\_ interesting book.
6. My mum has \_\_\_\_\_ headache.
7. This is \_\_\_\_\_ most interesting book I've ever read.
8. He came home \_\_\_\_\_ hour ago.
9. Where is \_\_\_\_\_ Alex? He's at school.
10. My aunt is staying at \_\_\_\_\_ hotel in Paris.
11. \_\_\_\_\_ rabbits are faster than \_\_\_\_\_ tortoises.
12. \_\_\_\_\_ computers are expensive. I've got \_\_\_\_\_ computer in my room. \_\_\_\_\_ computer is broken. I want to buy \_\_\_\_\_ new computer.
13. Suzy likes reading \_\_\_\_\_ books. Last Christmas, she was given \_\_\_\_\_ amazing book. \_\_\_\_\_ book is about sea animals.

### 2. Read the story. Complete with “a”, “an” or “the”.

Once upon a time, there was \_\_\_\_\_ little girl called Nina. She lived in \_\_\_\_\_ village with her parents. \_\_\_\_\_ village was near the sea. Nina had \_\_\_\_\_ aunt. \_\_\_\_\_ aunt lived near her house. One day, \_\_\_\_\_ man came with \_\_\_\_\_ elephant. He took the children for \_\_\_\_\_ ride on elephant. \_\_\_\_\_ children loved \_\_\_\_\_ ride.

