

## 1 Vocabulary Romance

Common mistakes

B Read problems 1 and 2 and match the **bold** phrases to meanings 1–6. Which ones are more informal? Listen to check their pronunciation and remember the listener's responses.

00:00 01:19

1 I met Abby about two years ago and immediately **had a crush on her**. We **dated** for about a year and then we **broke up**. She's seeing someone else now, but I'm still in love with her. I'm really worried that I'm going to lose her forever. What should I do?

2 I found out that my partner **cheated on me** in the past. He says that he fell in love with someone else, but that it's over now, it was a mistake, and he wants to stay with me. Now we **argue** all the time. It's absolutely exhausting! Should I **dump him**? Or try again?

Had a crush on her

dated

Broke up

Cheated on me

argue

Dump him

B 9.4 Read problems 1 and 2 and match the **bold** phrases to meanings 1–6. Which ones are more informal? Listen to check their pronunciation and remember the listener's responses.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ = stopped seeing each other
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ = saw each other
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ = was **unfaithful** to me
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ = was very attracted to her
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ = end the relationship
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ = express different opinions, often angrily

### Common mistakes

*fell*  
She **felt** in love.  
**felt** = past tense of **feel**;  
*broke up*  
They **terminated**.  
She **likes me**. (I like her.)  
You **like me**. (I like you.)  
**Subject + like + object**

C **Make it personal** Giving advice In pairs, take turns role-playing the situations in A. What's the best advice you can think of?

A: Explain what has happened.

B: Listen sympathetically and give advice.

You have to tell her how you feel.  
Maybe she'll respond positively.

## 2 Grammar -ed and -ing adjectives

Seasons change and our love went cold. Feed the flame 'cause we can't let go. Run away, but we're running in circles. Run away, run away

9.2

A 9.5 Match sentences 1 and 2 to photos a and b. Listen to the conversations to check.

1 The man is bored.

2 The man is boring.



### Common mistakes

*interested*  
I'm **interesting** in math, but this class was **bored**.  
*boring*  
*excited*  
I'm really **exciting**. I'm going to be an aunt.


B Circle the correct options in examples 1 and 2 and the rules in the grammar box.

- 1 They were **amazed** / **amazing** by the **amazed** / **amazing** fireworks.
- 2 Sci-fi movies often include **frightened** / **frightening** monsters. As a child, I was really **frightened** / **frightening** by The Xenomorph in the movie *Alien*.

Adjectives ending in:

**-ed** / **-ing** are used for a feeling.

**-ed** / **-ing** are used for something that causes the feeling.

**C**  **9.6** Complete 1–8 with the correct form of the words. Listen to check. In pairs, which sentences are true for you? Explain why.

- 1 Watching TV alone is \_\_\_\_\_. (depress)
- 2 I usually find English classes \_\_\_\_\_. (interest)
- 3 My family is \_\_\_\_\_ (surprise) when I get good grades.
- 4 The last movie I saw was \_\_\_\_\_. (confuse)
- 5 I get \_\_\_\_\_ (tire) after I've eaten.
- 6 Horror movies aren't usually very \_\_\_\_\_. (frighten)
- 7 I get \_\_\_\_\_ (embarrass) when people talk about me.
- 8 Falling in love is always \_\_\_\_\_ (excite) , but it can be \_\_\_\_\_ (terrify), too!

*Number 1 is true for me. I like to have company when I'm watching TV.*