REVISION FOR THE 1ST MID-TERM TEST
ENGLISH 12- SCHOOL YEAR: 2021-2022

A. THEORY:

1. Vocabulary:

-Words related to the topic: Life stories; Urbanisation; and The green movement
- Compound adjective.

2. Grammar:

- Past simple ans past continuous tenses
- Definite and indefinite articles: a/an/the
- The subjunctive in *that – clauses* after certain verbs and expressions
- Simple, compound and complex sentences
- Relative clause with *Which* refering to the whole clause

B. PRACTICE:

* LANGUAGE

I. Choose the word whose underlined part differs from the others

1. A. slum	B. industrialization	C. urban	D. fluctuate
2. A. conservation	B. preservation	C. combustion	D. erosion
3. A. diagnose	B. distinguish	C. dedication	D. innovate
4. A. fluctuates	B. researches	C. focuses	D. causes
5. A. passed	B. distinguished	C. launched	D. awarded

II. Choose the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress

1. A. expand	B. migrate	C. effect	D. double
2. A. development	B. agriculture	C. proportion	D. facility
3. A. impact	B. humble	C. inspire	D. emerge
4. A. industry	B. populate	C. emission	D. summarize
5. A. aware	B. absorb	C. consume	D. mildew

III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. People migrate_____ urban area on a massive scale due to lack of resources in rural area

A. in B. onto C. to D. out

2. Her ____ to medicine was so great that she had little time for anything else.

A. importance B. dedication C. emphasis D. Reputation

3. Bill Gate's ___ in donating large sums of money towards welfare activities is remarkable.

A. generosity B. politeness C. wealth D. talent

4. She has lived with her aunt since her parents_____ 8 years ago.

A. brought up B. passed away C. put off D. switched off

5. Overpopulation in urban areas tends to create unfavourable conditions, which may result in _____ of food in developing countries.

A. damages B. failures C. shortages D. supplies

6. After a decade of economic liberalization, Vietnam has seen a dramatic rise in living _____ in urban areas.

A. surface B. standards C. levels D. backgrounds

7. Although it was more than an hour late, the superstar finally showed up and _____the attention of the audience.

A. grabbed B. held C. paid D. took

8. We have to come to the conclusion. We are _____out of time.

A. driving B. going C. running D. walking

9. You may find you've got so many things to think about that it's difficult to_____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

A. see off B. put off C. turn it off D. switch off

10. In _____ cities, people can have access to jobs, health care and other facilities.

A. well-paid B. high-level C. well-established D. fast-growing

11. Nowadays, people are searching for more ____ materials to build their houses.

A. environment-friendly B. environmentally-friendly

C. environmental-friendly D. environmental-friend.

12. His face was lined and _____.

A. weathered B. weatherproof C. weather-beaten D. weather-beating

13. It is imperative that this letter _____ immediately.

A. were sent B. sent C. was sent D. be sent

14. We all insisted that she _____ the meeting.

A. attend B. attends C. attended D. would attend

15. I have visited ____ Portugal but I have never been to ____ Netherlands.

A. the – the B . Ø - the C. a – the D. a - a

16. We should set our printer's default ____ it prints on both sides of the page.

A. besides B. and C. so that D. Therefore

17. At school, green cleaning products should be used, _____ helps to raise students' awareness of the environment.

A. that B. so that C. and D. which

18. We should set our printer's default _____ it prints on both sides of the page.

A. but B. or C. so D. therefore

19. While I ____ TV last night, a mouse ran across the floor.

A. watch B. watched C. was watching D. am watching

20. After a hard-working day, I went to ____ bed and had ____ most beautiful dream ever.

A. the - the B. a – the C. a – a D. Ø - the

21. My daughter plays _____ piano very well.

A. the B. an C. Ø D. a

22. He _____ to his friend when he heard a noise.

A. was writing B. wrote C. has written D. writes

23. Who had a greater impact _____you?

A. on B. in C. of D. at

24. To _____ green is to practice simple green lifestyles, which helps save the planet for further generation.

A. go B. act C. make D. get

25. The raw sewage needs to be _____ treated.

A. chemically B. chemical C. chemist D. chemistry

26. Environmentalists are worried that our natural resources will _____ if we don't take initiative to go green.

A. run B. deplete C. deprive D. end

27. People should _____ a green lifestyle to help conserve the natural resources.

A. adapt B. adjust C. adopt D. adjoin

28. MEDCs stands for more _____ developed countries.

A. economic B. economical C. economically D. economics

29. My brother ____ at the road when he ____ into a hole.

A. wasn't looking - was falling B. didn't look - has fallen

C. wasn't looking – fell D. won't look - fall

30. When I ____ at the party, everyone ____ a good time.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

A. was arriving / had B. arrived / was having C. arrived / had D. arrived / were having

31. The doctor advised that the man ____ to a private room.

A. should transfer B. must be transferred C. transfer D. be transferred

32. The kids ____ to get up this morning. It ____ and it was cold, and their bed was so warm.

A. don't want / is raining B. are not wanting / rains

C. weren't wanting / rained D. didn't want / was raining

IV. Choos e the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

1. ***Jenny***: "I think higher living standard is one of the reasons that many people want to be a city dweller."

Mark: "....."

A. I couldn't agree more. B. It's nice of you to say so.

C. That's quite all right. D. Why not?

2. **A:**You should not leave the light on when you are away.

B: .....

A. OK, let's do it. B. That's a good idea.

C. Try me! D. You are right.

3. **A:** Have you decided who to talk about? **B:** .....

A. I see. I will talk to him. B. Let's talk about your study.

C. I need to talk to you now. D. Not yet. I am still considering.

4. **A:** What do you think about Steve Jobs? **B:** .....

A. That's right! B. I doubt it. It is not true.

C. Well, he is talented. D. I agree with you about him.

5. ***Mark***: "What about starting the presentation with results of our research?

Jenny: "....."

A. Congratulations! B. Sounds great! C. Well done! D. What a pity!

V. Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)

1. She comes from an admirable and respectable family.

A. good B. respected C. unworthy D. dignified

2'If we continue to deplete our planets natural resources, we will damage the environment significantly.

A. use up B. add to C. reduce D. exhaust

3. The best hope of avoiding a **downmarket** tabloid TV future lies in the pressure currently being put on the networks to clean up their act.

A. expensive B. cheap C. inferior D. economical

4. Urbanization is the **shift** of people from rural to urban areas, and the result is the growth of cities.

A. maintenance B. movement C. transposition D. variation

5. It turned out that they had spent days and nights at Internet cafes, one after the other until their money was **used up**.

A. run out of B. invested C. conserved D. consumed

VI. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)

1. Her courage not only **inspired** her followers but moved her rivals as well.

A. depressed B. motivated C. overlooked D. rejected

2. The speaker paused. He **hesitated** to answer the direct question raised by the audience.

A. decided B. continued C. determined D. wavered

3. For environmental safety, we need to find ways to reduce **emission** of fumes and smoke of factories.

A. leak B. release C. poison D. pollutant

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. He stressed that idea of the event is to **grab** the public's attention with their favorite acts, rather than to give them a diverse arts festival.

A. distract B. evaluate C. change D. attract

5. She was brought up in the **slums** of Leeds.

A. downtown area B. industrial area C. poor area D. rural area

VII. Complete the following sentences, using the correct form of the word given at the end of each sentence.

1. My father treated his friends with _____ and thoughtfulness. **(generous)**
2. Helping his disabled friend to go to school every day gives him a sense of _____. **(achieve)**
3. I really admire my mother's great _____ to her teaching job. **(dedicate)**
4. Despite his continuous contribution to the charity organisations, he wishes to remain _____ . **(anonymity)**
5. We should protect our environment from air _____ . **(pollute)**
6. There has been a _____ rise in the migration of young people to big cities. **(dramatically)**

*** WRITING**

I. Find out mistake.

1. It was suggested that Oscar studies the material more carefully before attempting to pass the exam.
   A B C D
2. She was walking to the library to borrow some books when she was seeing a robbery. .
   A B C D
3. What's a book you are reading about?
   A B C D
4. Poor air and water quality, insufficient water available, and high energy consumption are
   A B C
   exacerbated by demands of urban environments.
   D
5. Neither Lan or her friends care about the coming exam.
   A B C D

II. Rewrite the following sentences with the given words.

1. The urbanisation rate in this city fell slightly during the economic crisis in 2009.

→There has been.....

2. Climate changes affect crop harvests. This can cause global or local food shortages. (which)

→ Climate change.....

3. Everyone must be educated about the danger of deforestation.

→ It is vital that .....

4. During our lunch, there was a knock on the door.

→ While.....

5. Some farmers are aware of their high exhaust emissions, but some farmers still use old diesel trucks. (Although)

→.....

6. We should all keep the school air clean. We will help conserve the environment. (if)

→ .....

7. Mould and mildew can cause health problems. We need to remove any growth regularly. (so)

→.....

III. Rearrange these jumbled words to make a meaningful sentence.

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1. resources, / Green/ uses/ can/ renewable/ eco-friendly/ which/ help/ to/ create/ technology/ products./
2. comes / incomplete/ Soot/ from/ the/ and/ combustion /of/ oil, /wood /other/ coal,/ fuels./
3. wavering / I'm / still / two/ between / people,/ famous/ and/ Steve Jobs / Michael Jackson./

*** READING:**

Part 1*: Read the passage and choose one correct answer for each question.*

Reading 1:

One of the most popular literary figures in American literature is a woman who spent almost half of her long life in China, a country on a continent thousands of miles from the United States. In her lifetime she earned this country's most highly acclaimed literary award: the Pulitzer Prize, and also the most prestigious form of literary recognition in the world, the Nobel Prize for Literature. Pearl S. Buck was almost a household word throughout much of her lifetime because of her prolific literary output, which consisted of some eighty – five published works, including several dozen novels, six collections of short stories, fourteen books for children, and more than a dozen works of nonfiction. When she was eighty years old, some twenty – five volumes were awaiting publication. Many of **them** were set in China, the land in which she spent so much of her life. Her books and her life served as a bridge between the cultures of the East and the West. As the product of those two cultures she became as the described herself, "**mentally bifocal."** Her unique background made her into an unusually interesting and versatile human being. As we examine the life of Pearl Buck, we cannot help but be aware that we are in fact meeting three separate people: a wife and mother, an internationally famous writer and a humanitarian and philanthropist. One cannot really get to know Pearl Buck without learning about each of the three. Though honored in her lifetime with the William Dean Howell Medal of the American Academy of Arts and Letters in addition to the Nobel and Pulitzer prizes. Pearl Buck as a total human being, not only a famous author, is a captivating subject of study.

1. What is the author's main purpose in the passage?
A. To offer a criticism of the works of Pearl Buck.
B. To illustrate Pearl Buck's views on Chinese literature
C. To indicate the background and diverse interests of Pearl Buck
D. To discuss Pearl Buck's influence on the cultures of the East and the West

2. According to the passage, Pearl Buck is known as a writer of all of the following EXCEPT
A. novels B. children's books C. poetry D. short stories

3. Which of the following is NOT mentioned by the author as an award received by Pearl Buck?
A. The Nobel Prize B. The Newberry Medal
C. The William Dean Howell medal D. The Pulitzer prize

4. The word **them** in the 4th sentence refers to ____.
A. some eighty – five published works
B. several dozen novels
C. fourteen books for children
D. some twenty – five volumes awaiting publication

5. According to the passage, Pearl Buck was an unusual figure in American literature in that she
A. wrote extensively about a very different culture
B. published half of her books abroad
C. won more awards than any other woman of her time
D. achieved her first success very late in life

6. According to the passage, Pearl Buck described herself as "**mentally bifocal**" to suggest that she was
A. capable of resolving the differences between two distinct linguistic systems
B. keenly aware of how the past could influence the future
C. capable of producing literary works of interest to both adults and children
D. equally familiar with two different cultural environments

Reading 2:

The increase in urbanization causes different problems. Air and water pollution are amongst the major issue we have to **tackle**.

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In the first place, cars, factories and burning waste emit dangerous gases that change the air quality in our cities and pose threats to our health. Dangerous gases such as carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides cause respiratory diseases, for instant, bronchitis and asthma. **Those** are also proved to have long-term effects on the environment.

Furthermore, with the increased population, it becomes difficult to manage the waste generated in cities. Most of the waste is discharged or dumped into rivers or onto streets. The waste pollutes water and makes it unfit for human consumption. Subsequently, it becomes more and more difficult for city dwellers to get clean water. Some cities in Africa are unable to provide adequate water supply because most of the water is lost in pipe leakages. In fact, most city dwellers in developing countries are forced to boil their water or to buy bottled water, which is very expensive.

There are several actions that could be taken to eradicate the problems described above. Firstly, a simple solution would be joining community efforts to address problems affecting your city. Ask your parents, friends and relatives to join in as well. These efforts might include clean-up campaigns, recycling projects and a signature campaign to ask the government to do something about the situation. A second measure would be encouraging your teacher to talk about these problems and to discuss how young people can help to solve them. Finally, writing to local organizations working on these issues for ideas on how you can contribute to solve them.

1. The word **tackle** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to ____.
A. deal with **B.** make up **C.** try on **D.** turn down
2. The word **Those** in paragraph 2 refers to ____.
A. bronchitis and asthma **B.** respiratory diseases **C.** dangerous gases
D. carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides
3. According to the passage, in some cities in Africa ____.
A. people are allowed to dump waste into rivers and on streets
B. people aren't provided enough water due to leaking pipes
C. people have found some solutions to the problems
D. people would rather use boiling water and bottled water
4. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
A. City problems should be taught and be topic for students to discuss at school.
B. Children must ask for their parent's permission before joining community efforts.
C. Participators might take part in different kinds of projects and campaigns.
D. People can contribute in solving the problems by writing to local organizations working on these issues.
5.How many measures does the writer suggest to solve the city water problem?
A. 1 **B.** 2 **C.** 3 **D.** 4
6. Which of the following would serve as the best title for the passage?
A. Environment degradation: Air and water pollution
B. Environmental pollution: Problems and actions
C. Increasing urbanization: Effects and solutions
D. Increasing urbanization: Causes and effects

Reading 3:

Along with the rapid growth of the national economy and increased living standards, the use of disposables and over-packaged products has become common, which causes a waste of resources, and brings about a negative impact on the environment. Many countries have started to act to control

LIVEWORKSHEETS

the use of disposables and over-packaged, products.

In 1994, the Ministry of Environment in Korea has put restrictions on packaging methods. Korea's legal regulations require businesses to **restrict** their use of disposable products by reducing unnecessary packaging materials or not giving **them** out to customers for free. The use of materials are difficult to recycle is also prohibited.

Thanks to development of technology, biodegradable materials were invented to produce packaging products. They are able to decay naturally by bacteria. Therefore, biodegradable packaging helps to limit the amount of harmful chemicals released into the environment. In 2008, biodegradable bags were put in use in most of the supermarkets in Korea. Paper cups and paper bags are also given to shoppers for free, but in a limited use.

The ministry also established the detailed Guidelines on the Restrictions of Use of Disposable Products in order to ensure that local governments could conduct systematic checks and inspections of businesses, and implemented reductions on over-packaged products during national holidays, and school admission and graduation seasons.

(Text adapted from h ttp://eng.me.go. kr/eng/web/index. do?menuld=383)

1. What could be the best title of the text?
- **A.** The Impacts of Disposable Products
- **B.** Korea's Ministry of Environment
- **C.** Disposable Products and Over-packaging
- **D.** Disposable Products and Holidays in Korea

2. What is the result of overusing disposable products in packaging?
- **A.** The environment will be badly affected. **B.** Natural resources are not exploited.
- **C.** Businesses gain more profits. **D.** Living standards increase.

3. When did Korea started restrictions on packaging products?
- **A.** In 1994 **B.** In 2008 **C.** In the 19th century **D.** In the 21st century

4. The word **'restrict'** in the second paragraph most closely means_____?
- **A.** ban **B.** dispose **C.** limit **D.** suggest

5. What does the word "**them**" in the second paragraph refer to?
- **A.** regulations **B.** packaging materials
- **C.** companies' products **D.** packaging methods

6. According to the text, what is the purpose of introducing detailed Guidelines on the Restrictions of Use of Disposable Products?
- A. to implement special policy of packaging on holidays
- **B.** to increase the excess use of packaging materials on holidays
- **C.** to implement security policies on holidays
- **D.** to require systematic improvement in packaging

Part 2:Read the following passage and choose the best option to complete the passage.

Reading 1:

At the age of 40, Tom Bloch was (1)_____ head of H & R Block, a huge company that helps people (2) _____their tax forms. He was very successful. Although Bloch earned a lot of money, he wasn't very happy. He spent too much time(3) ____ work and didn't have enough time to spend with his family. Suddenly, he left H & R Block and became a teacher in a poor (4)_____. "I wanted to help people who didn't have the (5) _____ I had," Bloch explained.

Learning to control the students was hard at first.(6) _____the rewards – helping children and hearing students say he's their favourite teacher – are great. And Bloch is able to spend more time with his family.

1	A. a	B. the	C. an	D. no article
2.	A. to prepare	B. prepare	C. preparing	D. prepared
3.	A. to	B. on	C. in	D. at
4.	A. company	B. neighborhood	C. city	D. family

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5.	A. fame	B. parents	C. house	D. opportunities
6.	A. But	B. Although	C. Morever	D. Futhermore

Reading 2:

The urban shift over time has led to the emergence of the megacity – a city with a (1) _____ of 10 million or more. New York City and Tokyo were the first (2)_____megacities, both touching an urban population of over 10 million by the 1950s. (3) _____ today they are far (4) _____ alone in their size. In 2014, there were 28 megacties across the planet – from Sao Paulo, Brazil to Lagos, Nigeria and London, England to Shanghai, China – and all major global regions except Oceania are marked with megacities. From 2010 to 2015, Kinshasa's population grew by over 23 percent, and today over half of 11.6 million (5) _____ are under 22 years old. A (6)_____of factors has led to this growth including migration from rural areas, high fertility rates, and widening of the city's boundaries.

1	A. populate	B. population	C. popular	D. popularity
2.	A. to know	B. known	C. knowing	D. know
3.	A. But	B. Therefore	C. Morever	D. Furthermore
4.	A. with	B. to	C. of	D. from
5.	A. children	B. people	C. residents	D. migrants
6.	A. set	B. combination	C. mixture	D. arrangement

Reading 3:

Water is our life source. It makes up 70% of our bodies, and the average person actually spends about six months of his life on the bath or a shower. But we are only now learning how to take care (1)_____ water. Acid rain has polluted as many as 18,000 lakes. Our seas and rivers are (2)_____, too. It is now very expensive to overcome the damage that has been done. (3)_____, we have some hope for the future because some new sources of water (4) _____. People(5) _____live in Sahara have found fish swimming in deep underground streams. Many scientists also believe that there is a huge lake underneath London. If we have leant something from our (6)_____, we should keep these new sources of water clean.

1. A. up	**B.** of	**C.** on	**D.** in
2. A. cleaned	**B.** dried	**C.** polluted	**D.** widened
3. A. Therefore	**B.** Moreover	**C.** So	**D.** However
4. A. have been discovered	**B.** have discovered	**C.** is discovered	**D.** was discovered
5. A. who	**B.** whom	**C.** whose	**D.** which
6. A. efforts	**B.** lessons	**C.** attempts	**D.** mistakes

_____ Good luck to you _____

CM DUYỆT **TTCM** **NHÓM GV SOẠN**

Nguyễn Thị Thu Thủy

LIVEWORKSHEETS

KEY

LANGUAGE

I. 1.C 2.C 3.A 4.A 5.D

II. 1.D 2.B 3.B 4.C 5.D

III. 1.C 2.B 3.A 4.B 5.C 6.B 7.A 8.C 9.D 10.D 11.B 12.C 13.D 14.A 15.B 16.C 17.D 18.C 19.C 20.D 21.C 22.A 23.A 24.A 25.A 26.B 27.C 28.C 29.C 30.B 31.D 32.D

IV. 1.A 2.D 3.D 4.C 5.B

V. 1.C 2.B 3.A 4.A 5.A

VI. 1.B 2.D 3.B 4.D 5.C

VII. generosity achievement dedication anonymous pollution drammatic

WRITING

I. 1.B 2.D 3.B 4.B 5.A

II.1. There was a slight fall in the urbanisation rate in this city during the economic crisis in 2009.

2. Climate changes affect crop harvests, which can cause global or local food shortages.

3. It is vital that everyone be educated about the danger of deforestation.

4. While we were having lunch, there was a knock on the door.

5. Although some farmers are aware of their high exhaust emissions, but some farmers still use old diesel.

6. If we all keep the school air clean, We will help conserve the environment.

7. Mould and mildew can cause health problems, so we need to remove any growth regularly.

III.1. Green technology uses renewable resources, which can help to create eco-friendly products.

2. Soot comes from the incomplete combustion of coal, oil, wood and other fuels.

3. I'm still wavering between two famous people, Steve Jobs and Michael Jackson.

IV. Reading:

***Part 1*: Read the passage and choose one correct answer for each question.**

Reading 1:

1. D 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. D 6. B

Reading 2:

1. A 2. D 3. B 4. B 5.C 6. C

Reading 3:

1. C 2. A 3. A 4. C 5. B 6. D

Part 2:Read the following passage and choose the best option to complete the passage.

Reading 1:

1. B 2. B 3. D 4. B 5. D 6. A

Reading 2:

1. B 2. B 3. A 4. D 5.C 6. B

Reading 3:

1. B 2. C 3. D 4. A 5. A 6. D

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