

BASIC FACTS - SUBTRACTION AND MULTIPLICATION 3



Practice

Subtraction and Multiplication to 20

$16 - 4 =$	$8 \times 1 =$	$8 \times 2 =$
$12 \times 1 =$	$15 - 7 =$	$3 \times 3 =$
$11 - 7 =$	$6 \times 5 =$	$6 \times 3 =$
$9 \times 6 =$	$2 \times 10 =$	$7 - 2 =$
$4 \times 7 =$	$6 \times 3 =$	$4 - 3 =$
$8 \times 10 =$	$6 \times 2 =$	$13 \times 0 =$
$13 - 3 =$	$9 - 5 =$	$8 - 2 =$
$4 \times 3 =$	$6 \times 11 =$	$5 - 5 =$
$12 - 12 =$	$13 - 6 =$	$5 \times 8 =$
$9 \times 2 =$	$5 \times 4 =$	$3 \times 6 =$
$18 - 5 =$	$12 - 3 =$	$11 - 8 =$
$12 \times 2 =$	$14 - 5 =$	$2 \times 7 =$
$12 - 9 =$	$9 \times 0 =$	$9 \times 5 =$
$9 - 2 =$	$8 - 7 =$	$0 \times 3 =$
$9 - 9 =$	$7 - 5 =$	$4 \times 2 =$

Strategies for solving these problems:

- Doubles plus one. For example $7 + 7 = 14$, so $7 + 8 = 15$.
- Splitting the teen number and adding the ones. For example

$15 + 3 =$ can be solved by adding $5 + 3 = 8$ and adding this onto the 10 to make 18.