WEEK 2 PARTIAL 2 Demonstrate mindfulness for the integrity of cultures in daily classroom activities. **DESTREZA:** EFL 5.1.2 OBJETIVO DE APRENDIZAJE PARA LA SEMANA: At the end of this lesson students will be able to recognize the use of "Regular and Irregular verbs" in context, according to their level. REGULAR AND IRREGULAR VERBS TEMA: FECHA

DESARROLLO DE LA ACTIVIDADES:

CLASSWORK # 2

Regular and Irregular verbs

A. Read about "Regular and Irregular verbs: generalities, structure, examples.

REGULAR AND IRREGULAR VEBS

| REGULAR VERBS | IRREGULAR VERBS | |
|--|---|-------------------|
| Regular verbs form their past and past participle forms by adding –ed. | Irregular verbs form their past and past participle forms in different ways. | |
| There are mainly rules of regular verbs | There are mainly three types of irregular verbs: | |
| Rule #1 | Type # 1 | Viernes 26 |
| If a verb ends in -e, add -d. | Verbs in which all the three forms are the | noviembre 2021 |
| like → liked arrive → arrived decide → decided | same (e.g. put – put – put) Type # 2 | 2021 |
| Rule #2 | Verbs in which two of the three forms are the | |
| If a verb ends in consonant + -y, change - y to -i and add -ed. | same (e.g. sit – sat – sat) | |
| carry → carried try → tried study → studied | Type # 3 | |
| Rule #3 | | |
| If a verb ends in vowel + -y, add -ed.* | Verbs in which all three forms are different (e.g. drink – drank – drunk) | |
| play → played stay → stayed enjoy → enjoyed | | |

Rule #4

If a verb ends in a consonant-vowelconsonant (CVC) pattern, double the final consonant and add -ed.**

- hug → hugged
- $plan \rightarrow planned$
- $stop \rightarrow stopped$

Rule #5

For all other verbs, add -ed.

- watch → watched
- ask → asked
- clean → cleaned

Some verbs can be both regular and irregular.

Burn - burnt - burnt (irregular)

Burn - burned - burned (regular)

Dream - dreamt - dreamt (irregular)

Dream - dreamed - dreamed (regular)

Lean - lent - lent (irregular)

Lean - leaned - leaned (regular)

Learn - learnt - learnt (irregular)

Learn - learned - learned (regular)

Leap - leapt - leapt (irregular)

Leap - leaped - leaped (regular)

Smell – smelt – smelt (irregular)

Smell - smelled - smelled (regular)

Spill - spilt - spilt (irregular)

Spill - spilled - spilled (regular)

Spoil - spoilt - spoilt (irregular)

Spoil - spoiled - spoiled (regular)

| B. Complete the following sentences using | the <u>past simple</u> or <u>past participle</u> form of |
|---|--|
| the verb given in the brackets. | |
| 1. It has been ages since I last | him. (see) |
| 2. The old man has the best | movies. (watch) |
| 3. The catdrank all the milk l | ast week. (drink) |
| 4. The child has all sweets. | (eat) |
| C. Tell the story in Simple Past use Regular | r and Irregular verbs. |
| Saturday in the countryside On Friday, Nick, Jenny, Charlie and Bi | (talk) about a day out |
| together in the country. The next me | |
| the country and (play) with | |
| | Jenny and Dave (have) kites. At lunch time, Charlie (be) not there. Then, Bill (come): and (tell) the others that he (do) not find Charlie. |
| They(go) with Bill and | |
| Charlie (be) in a hole beh | |
| (go) and (fetch) the bask They (need) the string | |
| | t down into the hole and soon |
| they (pull) Charlie up in the | |
| D. Classify the verbs into regular and irreg | |
| talk / go / play / have /come/tell/de | o/look/fetch/need/lower/pull |
| REGULAR VERBS | IRREGULAR VERBS |
| | <u>.</u> |
| | |

HOMEWORK # 2 VOCABULARY

A. Read the following article, fill in the blanks, use the vocabulary words. HOW HAVE HUMANS' CREATIONS CHANGED THE WORLD?

Discoveries from Ancient Cultures

Interesting Facts

Mayan and Incan creations

The Mayas used cacao beans to make a special with and pepper. They had a writing system called glyphs and most of these symbols are still understood. The Incas performed brain surgery, which was first used to reduce inflammation. They used coca as an anesthetic. They also built bridges and huge highway systems.

Vocabulary

beverage, a liquid you can drink, like coffee, soda, or juice

commeal, flour made from crushed corn

rope. a strong, thick string that is made by twisting many thin strings or fibers together

nowadays. at the present time

ash, the soft gray powder that remains after burning something

seismograph. a device that measures and records the movement of the earth during an earthquake

accurate, free from mistakes

somewhat, a litte, relatively

replacement, something that takes the place of something else Believe it or not, people that lived many years ago invented things that are still used . .

Concrete: About 2,100 years ago, Romans created a really hard material by mixing rocks with volcanic . It was used to build the famous Coliseum in Rome.

Earthquake detector: The Chinese invented the first 2,000 years ago. It was made of bronze and was very in detecting earth movements.

Paper: Around 3,000 BC, Egyptians made the first paper from the fiber of the papyrus plant and also invented a special pen to write on it. The quality was so good that Egyptian papyrus remains intact.

Telescope: The Assyrians could see the stars and the sky 3,000 years ago because they created a special lens that could have been the first telescope.

The number zero: This number is new in human history. Both the Mayans and the Babylonians had the idea of zero; not as a number, but as a for other numbers. The Mayans used it to make their calendars. A Hindu astronomer introduced the concept of zero as an independent number.



Comment



Earthqueke Detector



Egiptian Papyru



Egiptian Papy



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B. Complete the table with Regular and Irregular verbs.

| INFINITIVE FORM | PAST FORM | PAST PARTICIPLE FORM |
|-----------------|-----------|----------------------|
| | was/were | |
| | | baked |
| become | | |
| | boiled | |
| | | brought |
| brush. | | |
| | put | |
| change | | |
| | bought | |
| | | caught |
| choose | | |
| | came | |

Bibliografía: https://esllibrary.com/blog/spelling-rules-for-regular-past-verbs