

## Grammar

**1. Decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits the gap in each sentence. There is an example at the beginning (0).**

**0** Last year, James \_\_\_\_\_ on a round-the-world trip.

**A** got    **B** went                      **C** took                      **D** had

**1** I often have to \_\_\_\_\_ for work. I take the train to cities all over the south.

**A** go    **B** visit                      **C** travel                      **D** practise

**2** When we go to Southsea, I always \_\_\_\_\_ time with my grandparents. I don't see them very often, you see.

**A** spend                      **B** play                      **C** lose                      **D** give

**3** I enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ it easy on holiday – just relaxing, you know.

**A** going                      **B** getting                      **C** doing                      **D** taking

**4** I prefer \_\_\_\_\_ famous monuments to lying on the beach.

**A** doing                      **B** going                      **C** visiting                      **D** spending

**5** Last May, Jo \_\_\_\_\_ a painting course at the local college. She learned a lot.

**A** took                      **B** spent                      **C** played                      **D** practised

**6** It's raining outside so we're having a lazy day at home. We're \_\_\_\_\_ board games. Would you like to join us?

**A** going                      **B** having                      **C** spending                      **D** playing

**7** I always \_\_\_\_\_ my suitcase the day before I go on holiday.

**A** fill    **B** complete    **C** pack                      **D** hold

**8** Tom has \_\_\_\_\_ good progress in Spanish since he changed his teacher.

**A** done                      **B** made                      **C** had                      **D** given

**9** I spent a week in the mountains trying to \_\_\_\_\_ myself – you know, asking questions about my life, and how I felt about things.

**A** take                      **B** find                      **C** go                      **D** get

**10** During dinner, the power \_\_\_\_\_ out. It was completely dark and we couldn't see anything.

**A** made                      **B** did                      **C** got                      **D** went

**2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. There is an example at the beginning (0).**

- 0 Living (live) on a desert island isn't as much fun as I'd expected.
- 1 Amy was too embarrassed \_\_\_\_\_ (go) out in that dress.
- 2 Jake refused \_\_\_\_\_ (help) us.
- 3 John and I plan \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a new house
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ (get) around town is easy when you use this app.
- 5 Hurry up. It's really late and I've \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) ages.
- 6 My sister's \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) home. Now she's not here, it's just me and my parents in this big house.
- 7 My headache's \_\_\_\_\_ (get) worse all day. I don't know when it'll stop.
- 8 So far, this holiday \_\_\_\_\_ (be) boring. Perhaps it'll get better in the second week.
- 9 We're interested in \_\_\_\_\_ (hear) all about your trip.
- 10 How long \_\_\_\_\_ (you / own) this yacht?

**3 Complete the text with the correct form – passive or active – of the verbs in brackets. There is an example at the beginning (0).**

Coffee is one of the world's most popular beverages. Every day, billions of litres of coffee (0) are drunk (drink) by millions of people all over the world. Its history is fascinating. Coffee (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (produce) for the first time in Yemen in the fifteenth century, and Yemeni traders soon started selling it across the Arab world. By the end of the sixteenth century, it (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (introduce) to Persia, Turkey and North Africa. From there it spread to Europe and to America. And it is still growing in popularity. Twenty years ago, coffee (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (not drink) by many people in Korea, but today it is incredibly popular. Hundreds of coffee houses (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (open) in the country during the last few years. Coffee (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (prepare) from the roasted coffee beans of the coffee plant. Originally, coffee plants (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (only / grow) in Africa, but now they (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (cultivate) in over 70 countries, primarily in the equatorial regions of the Americas, Southeast Asia and India, as well as in Africa.

There are, of course, many ways of making a good cup of coffee. To my mind, however, a French press or cafetière (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (should / use) to get the most out of the coffee beans. The coffee (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (has to / press) slowly and carefully before it (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (can / drink).

(10 points)

