English Speaker

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TRUNG TÂM ĐÀO TẠO KỸ NĂNG VÀ NGOẠI NGỮ ES

(ENGLISH SPEAKER CENTER)

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Teacher: **Ms. Jenny**	Content: **Grade 8 – Unit 5: TEST 1**

TEST 1 UNIT 5

I. Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.

1.	A. mention	B. question	C. action	D. education
2.	A. populated	B. loaded	C. harvested	D. lived
3.	A. community	B. computer	C. museum	D. customs
4.	A. minority	B. ethnic	C. tradition	D. religion
5.	A. festival	B. man	C. fat	D. grand
6.	A. upset	B. custom	C. museum	D. unsuitable
7.	A. saint	B. tailor	C. explain	D. said
8.	A. beach	B. catch	C. church	D. Christmas

II. Choose the words that have the different stress from the others.

1.	A. incense	B. ritual	C. preserve	D. fortune
2.	A. scenery	B. invader	C. childhood	D. archway
3.	A. historian	B. speciality	C. oriental	D. preparation
4.	A. belonging	B. fisherman	C. procession	D. performance
5.	A. commemorate	B. companion	C. reunion	D. ceremony

III. Choose the best answer.

1. You should _____ information about a custom or tradition.
   A. finds B. found C. finding D. find
2. A custom is something that has become an _____ way of doing things.
   A. to be accept B. to accept C. accepting D. accepted
3. In the UK, there are lots of customs for table manners. For example, we _____ use a knife and fork at dinner.
   A. have to B. are having C. has to D. having to
4. In Viet Nam, you _____ use only the first name to address people older than you.
   A. should B. must C. shouldn't D. have to
5. At the Mid-Autumn Festival, kids can sing, dance, and enjoy moon-cakes. _____, every child likes it very much.
   A. However B. Moreover C. Because D. Therefore
6. In 2010, Ha Noi _____ its 1000^{th} anniversary.
   A. celebrated B. commemorated C. worshipped D. remembered
7. Tet is an occasion for family _____ in Viet Nam.
   A. visitings B. meeting C. reunions D. seeings
8. _____ spring comes, many Vietnamese villages prepare for a new festival season.
   A. While B. When C. Nevertheless D. However
9. This is the first time she _____ rice paddies.
   A. will see B. sees C. has seen D. saw

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10. Would you mind _____ I borrowed your dictionary?
A. if B. when C. that D. Ø
11. Would you mind _____ the window?
A. to close B. closing C. about closing D. closed
12. Welcome _____ Springfield!
A. at B. to C. in D. for
13. Accommodation in London _____ very expensive.
A. is B. are C. has D. have
14. The road _____ down to the sea is very rough.
A. goes B. going C. to go D. gone
15. Do you mind _____ here for just a minute?
A. to wait B. waiting C. about waiting D. waited
16. It was late, so we decided _____ a taxi home.
A. take B. to take C. taking D. took
17. The council should be able to help families who have no accommodation.
A. a place to live B. a place to watch sport matches
C. a place to buy meal and eat it D. a place to work
18. Presents _____ in colored paper and put under the Christmas tree.
A. are wrapped B. are wrap C. are wraped D. are wrapping
19. Tom likes _____. He spends lots of hours watching the birds.
A. bird-watching B. bird-watch C. watch-bird D. watching-bird
20. Sally is quite keen _____ the idea.
A. in B. on C. of D. for
21. Could you talk _____?
A. more quiet B. quieter C. quietlier D. more quietly
22. I thanked my classmate _____ helping me with my homework.
A. for B. about C. of D. Ø
23. Anita is fond _____ playing the piano.
A. in B. on C. of D. for
24. The fire is made _____ matches or lighters. It is made in the traditional way.
A. with B. without C. of D. by
25. Ten countries **participated in** the discussions.
A. took part in B. held C. went to D. arranged
26. The _____ festival was held in the communal house yard.
A. rice-cook B. rice-cooker C. rice-cooking D. rice-cooked
27. I _____ that I didn't know what to do.
A. said B. told C. asked D. suggested

IV.Give the correct form of the following verbs

1. My mother always tells me that I have to _____ home by 9 p.m. **(be)**
2. When I came, the whole family _____ dinner around a big dinning table. **(have)**
3. Children should _____ things from adults with both hands. **(take)**

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4. In Australia, you mustn't _____ on a person's accent. **(comment)**
5. Laura lives in a big city. If she _____ **(live)** in the country, she _____ **(have)** a dog.
6. I _____ **(learn)** Italian for the past three years.
7. If I were you, I _____ **(not / buy)** that book.
8. What the children _____ **(see)** in the zoo yesterday?
9. They prefer _____ **(play)** in a swimming pool all day.
10. The doctor will be ready in ten minutes. Take a seat while you _____. **(wait)**

V. Choose the option that best fits each of the blank spaces.

Tet is a national and (1) _____ festival in Vietnam. It is an occasion for every Vietnamese to be reunited to think (2) _____ their past activities and hope for good luck (3) _____ the year to come.

Before Tet all houses are white washed and (4) _____ with yellow apricot flowers and colorful lanterns. Everybody is looking (5) _____ to a more favorable life. (6) _____ the New Year's Eve, children are smartly dressed. They are hoping to (7) _____ money put in small red envelopes as they are wishing longevity to their grandparents and parents. Wrong doings (8) _____ be absolutely avoided on these days.

1.	A. traditional	B. modern	C. music	D. summer
2.	A. to	B. about	C. after	D. for
3.	A. in	B. at	C. on	D. when
4.	A. decorate	B. decorates	C. decorating	D. decorated
5.	A. at	B. for	C. after	D. forward
6.	A. In	B. At	C. On	D. When
7.	A. receive	B. buy	C. sell	D. make
8.	A. ought	B. need	C. should	D. have

VI. Read and complete the passage with words in the box.

spring	**kept**	**celebrate**	**traditional**
Because	**Therefore**	**served**	**However**

Tet is the biggest festival in Vietnam. To (1) ..... Tet, Vietnamese people make many tasty (2) ..... foods. The most important food includes ***Chung*** cakes, sausages, boiled chicken, (3) ..... rolls, and sticky rice. Chung cake is made of sticky rice, pork, green beans, and other spices, wrapped in green leaves; (4) ..... this cake needs a lot of preparation. This cake can be (5) ..... for a long time, even though the weather is often humid during Tet. Other significant foods that cannot be missed to worship the ancestors are sausages, spring rolls, and sticky rice. (6) ..... sausages are difficult to make, people often buy them from famous suppliers. (7) ....., sticky rice and spring rolls are easier to prepare and must be (8) ..... immediately after they are cooked, so they are often made at home.

VII. Read the passage and answer these questions below.

TET holiday is celebrated on the first day of the Lunar New Year in Viet Nam. Some weeks before the New Year, the Vietnamese clean their houses and paint the walls. New clothes are bought for the occasion. One or two days before the festival, people make *Bank Chung*, which is the traditional cake, and kinds of jam. On the New Year's Eve, the whole family gets together for a reunion dinner. Every member of the family should be present during the dinner in which many different kinds of dishes are served. On the New Year morning, the young

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member of the family pays their respects to the elders. And the children receive lucky money wrapped in red tiny envelops. Then people go to visit their neighbors, friends and relatives.

1. Is TET holiday celebrated on the second day of the Lunar New Year in Viet Nam?
   .....
2. What do the Vietnamese often do some weeks before the New Year?
   .....
3. Who do people often visit on TET holiday?
   .....
4. How many kinds of dishes are served in the reunion dinner?
   .....

VIII. Choose the option that best fits each of the blank spaces.

Harvest Festival is (1) _____ October. It is a very ancient (2) _____ but it is also a part of the Christian tradition. It (3) _____ new crops and food. Children often bring fruit, vegetables and cereals into school. Schools usually give the food to hospitals or to old people. (4) _____ the past, people sometimes (5) _____ traditional dolls out of corn.

1.	A. in	B. at	C. on	D. from
2.	A. thing	B. festival	C. vacation	D. holiday
3.	A. gives	B. supplies	C. celebrates	D. holds
4.	A. In	B. At	C. On	D. Since
5.	A. make	B. are making	C. making	D. made

IX. Read the following passage and choose the best answers to each of the questions below.

Hi! I'm Dean. I'm from England. My favorite time of the year is Christmas, which is on 25th December. That's when Christians celebrate the birth of Christ. In the middle of December we send a lot of cards to our friends and family, here and abroad. Then we get a big tree and **decorate** it with lights and other things. On Christmas Day, we give each other presents. We have one enormous meal with turkey, and after that, we have Christmas pudding.

1. When is Christmas held?
   A. On 25 December
   B. In the middle of December
   C. In the middle of the year
   D. no information
2. Christmas is held because Christians want to _____.
   A. have a good time
   B. celebrate the birth of Christ
   C. visit their friends and family
   D. decorate big trees
3. What does the word **'decorate'** in line 4 mean?
   A. make something look nicer
   B. paint something
   C. make something look worse
   D. buy something
4. On Christmas Day, people _____.
   A. give each other presents
   B. have an enormous meal with turkey
   C. have Christmas pudding
   D. all answers are correct
5. Which of the following is not true?
   A. Dean is English.
   B. At Christmas, people get big trees and decorate it.
   C. Dean prefers Halloween to Christmas.
   D. In the middle of December, people send a lot of Christmas cards to their friends and family.

X. Identify a mistake in each sentence and correct it.

1. In Australia, you mustn't to comment on a person's accent.
   .....
2. In my family, children has to get permission before leaving the dining table.
   .....
3. When I came, the whole family is having dinner around a big dining table.
   .....

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4. Lang Lieu couldn't buy any special food while he was very poor.
.....

XI. Combine each pair of sentences to make one sentence, using the words given in brackets.

1. Lang Lieu couldn't buy any special food. He was very poor. **(because)**
.....
2. During Tet, Vietnamese people buy all kinds of sweets. They make Chung cakes as well. (so)
.....
3. The Hung King Temple Festival was a local festival. It has become a public holiday in Viet Nam since 2007. **(however)**
.....
.....
4. At the Mid-Autumn Festival, kids can sing, dance, and enjoy mooncakes. Every child likes it very much. **(therefore)**
.....
.....
5. The water is highly polluted. We cannot swim in this part of the river. **(because)**
.....
6. Mr. Minh is admired. He dedicates all his life to protecting environment. **(since)**
.....

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