



ENGLISH

SKILL

Find specific predictable information in short, simple texts in a range of age- and level-appropriate topics. (Example: biographies, news articles.) **EFL 5.3.1**

WEEKLY OBJECTIVE: At the end of this lesson students will be able to apply the simple past tense in exercises and short simple texts in context according to their level.

TOPIC:

SIMPLE PAST

ANTICIPATION

A. Look at the grammar chart and analyze the information.

PAST SIMPLE

CONSONANT "E"
- died
- play

Consonant + Y
- married
studied

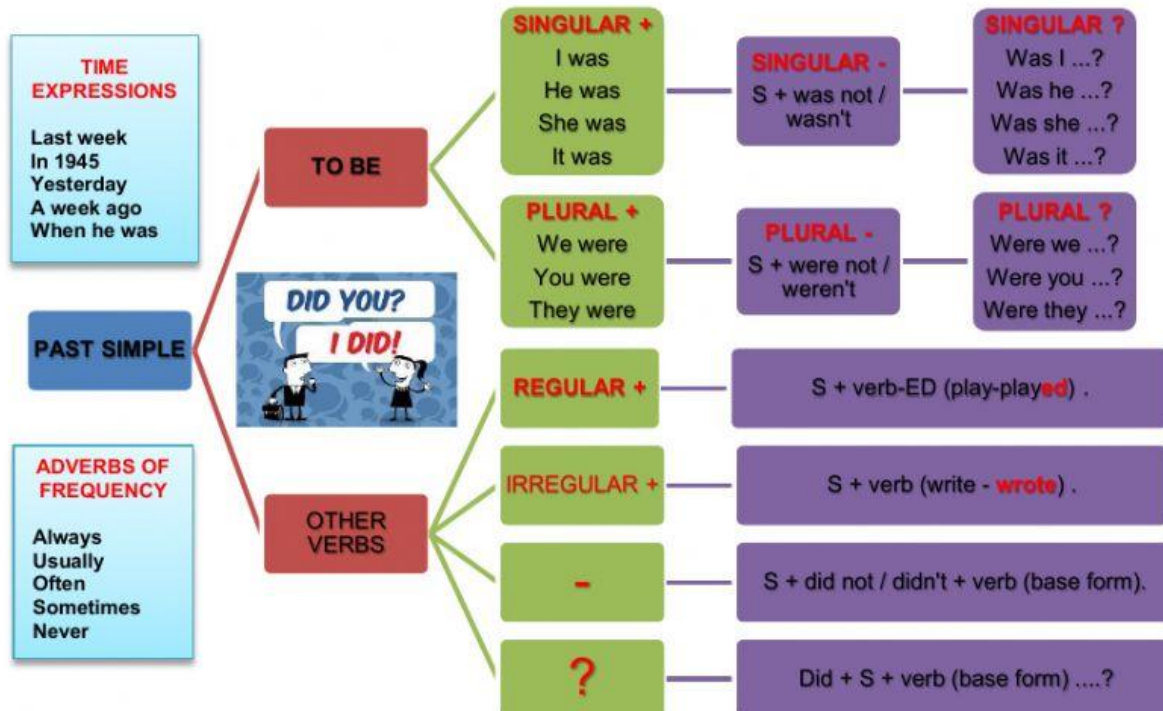
Double consonant
- planned
- stop

USES

- To refer to an action that took place and was completed in the past.
We **bought** a new car **last month**.
- To tell a story in which one thing happened after another.
He **walked** into the room and **noticed** that it **was** dirty.
- To refer past habits.
Peter **played** the piano **when** he **was** a child.

SPELLING "ED"

OTHER VERBS	REGULAR		+	-	?
		PLAY	played	Didn't play	Did ... play?
	IRREGULAR		+	-	?
		GO	went	Didn't go	Did ... go?



CONSTRUCTION

B. Answer the following questions:

1. **True or false?** The simple past tense is used to describe a completed activity that happened in the past.

A: True

B: False

2. **True or false?** With a regular verb, the simple past tense is usually formed by adding *ed* or *d* to the base form of the verb.

A: True

B: False

3. **Choose the example of the simple past tense.**

A: listen to

B: listening to

C: listened to

4. **How many examples of irregular verbs in the simple past tense does the following quote contain?**

I came, I saw, I conquered. (Julius Caesar)

A: 1

B: 2

C: 3

5. **True or false?** The negative version of the simple past tense is formed by using "did not" + [verb in base form]

A: True

B: False

C. Drag and drop the correct form of the verb in simple past to complete the sentences.

1. Amieza _____ (play) badminton yesterday.
2. Azri _____ (jump) up very high.
3. Umairah _____ (cry) last night.
4. Azam _____ (look) for shells yesterday evening.
5. Fatimah _____ (live) in Malacca last year.
6. Zamer _____ (do) his homework last night.
7. Aziha _____ (eat) Nasi Lemak this morning.
8. Iman _____ (take) her family photo last month.
9. Zurina _____ (go) to Sarawak two days ago.
10. Elisa _____ (listen) to music yesterday morning.
11. Naim _____ (get) a new bike last year.
12. Mariam _____ (watch) Korean movies last night.
13. Najmi _____ (sing) her favourite song.
14. Atiqah _____ (bake) a chocolate cake yesterday.
15. Umar _____ (swim) with his friends this afternoon.

played

jumped

ate

took

looked

listened

went

lived

watched

sang

baked

swam

got

did

cried

CONSOLIDATION

HOMEWORK

D. Complete the story with simple past. Use the verbs in the brackets:

Yesterday Monday, I got up very early, but I _____ (not – get) up until 6:30 am. At 7:00, I _____ (take) a shower, and immediately I _____ (dress). I _____ (watch) the news on TV for thirty minutes, and then I _____ (have) the breakfast. I _____ (go) to work and later in the afternoon I _____ (take) some business classes. I _____ (not- have) lunch. I _____ (come) back home, and _____ (have) a huge dinner. Later, I _____ (do) my homework for about an hour, and after that I _____ (go) to bed. I _____ (finish) the day very tired.

E. Choose the best option to complete the sentences

1. I **was** / **were** at school yesterday.
2. Gary and Sue **wasn't** / **weren't** in the classroom.
3. **Was** / **Were** the girls in the park?
4. We **was** / **were** at the seaside last summer.
5. Mum **wasn't** / **weren't** happy about the present.
6. The book **was** / **were** on the desk.
7. The weather **wasn't** / **weren't** really nice.
8. You **was** / **were** at home yesterday.
9. Sara **was** / **were** at Grandma's in the winter holidays.
10. They **wasn't** / **weren't** bored people.

Resources: computer, mobile phone, internet, portfolio folder, sheets. Teachers, parents

Did you know?

The simple past tense usually uses for story telling or there is in narrative and recount text.

Remember

The simple past tense is used for action in past time.

Curious fact...

Different verbs change in different ways to make the past tense.

Relationship with values

Tolerance

Note: These activities are in **LIVEWORKSHEETS PLATFORM**

OPTIONAL ACTIVITY

If you want to practice more about Simple Past, you should check this link:

[https://es.liveworksheets.com/worksheets/en/English_as_a_Second_Language_\(ESL\)/Past_simple/Past_simple_tense_dc110kf](https://es.liveworksheets.com/worksheets/en/English_as_a_Second_Language_(ESL)/Past_simple/Past_simple_tense_dc110kf)

Bibliografía: Grammar monster (2020). Simple Past. Retrieved from: https://www.grammar-monster.com/glossary/simple_past_tense.htm
Ingles 2 BGU Modulo 1. (2020) taken from: <https://recursos2.educacion.gob.ec/textos/>

A.B.P.P