

UNIT 4: SPECIAL EDUCATION

POINTS TO REMEMBER:

- READING: Matching / Multiple choice / cloze test
- SPEAKING: Making an interview: Matching
- WRITING: Writing a letter of complaint
- LANGUAGE FOCUS:
 - The pronunciation of / / vs / :/
 - The + Adjective
 - Used to
 - **Which** as a connector

I. Word form:

1. We should help people who cannot work properly because of illness or _____ (disable)
2. Delegates expressed strong _____ to the scheme to build a new airport in the suburb. (oppose)
3. She looked with _____ at the result of her work. (proud)
4. This part of the form is not _____ to foreign students. (apply)
5. He is extremely _____ in his approach to his job. (profession)
6. I've been _____ for six months. I have to find work at once. (employ)
7. _____ prevented the boy from continuing his education. (poor)
8. I admire his passionate _____ in what he is doing. (believe)
9. Although I _____ you whistling, I have to admit you do it very well. (like)
10. At this club we have a very large and active _____ (member)

II. Choose the best option (based on Reading 4 – textbook).

1. My class is not different other classes.
A. to B. from C. with D. both A&B
2. We are working in a support group for parents of children.
A. disable B. disabled C. disability D. enabled
3. The retarded are the ones who are less developed than other people of the same age.
A. mental B. mentality C. mentally D. mentalities
4. The police prevented them escaping.
A. to B. of C. in D. from
5. He had only a few years of

- A. schooling B. schools C. scholarship D. scholar
6. There was a great deal of to the war.
A. opposite B. opposition C. opposed D. opposing
7. you to play with dolls when you were a little girl?
A. Did....use B. Were.....used C. Did.....using D. Are....using
8. Please let us know if you are unable to the meeting.
A. go B. come C. make D. attend
9., the weather got better.
A. gradual B. gradually C. gradual in D. both B&C
10. I know you don't like her, but please make to be polite.
A. an effort B. a mistake C. believe D. friends
11. Her work is difficult and
A. timeless B. timelessly C. timely D. time-consuming
12. He will be his education in the US.
A. continuous B. continued C. continuing D. continue
13. We were given a brief of the computer's functions.
A. demonstrate B. demonstration
C. demonstrative D. demonstrating
14. The children are learning and
A. addition- subtraction B. additional- subtraction
C. add- subtraction D. addition- subtract
15. Be.....! We can't work late every night.
A. unreasonable B. reasonable C. reasonably D. reason
16. He takes great in his children's achievements.
A. prides B. proudly C. pride D. proud
17. You should put more into your work.
A. effortless B. effortlessly C. effortlessness D. effort
18. Shortly after our in London, Lisa was attacked.
A. arrives B. arrival C. arriving D. arrived
19. I didn't that you were so unhappy.
A. recognize B. aware C. acknowledge D. realize
20. He a hand in greeting.
A. raised B. rose C. increased D. put

III. The + Adjective: Fill in the blank with suitable phrases. Note that some phrases can be used more than once.

*the poor - the rich - the deaf - the blind - the mute -
the disabled - the injured -
the young - the old - the unemployed*

1. Those luxurious houses belong to _____ of our country.
2. It's the government's responsibility to help _____.
3. The theatre has good access for _____.
4. Many of _____ in the accident yesterday are still in a serious condition.
5. We should respect _____.
6. How can _____ talk? - They use sign language.
7. Braille is a reading and writing system for _____.
8. _____ in our city are all working for a voluntary organization providing help for the elderly.
9. _____ have their future in their hands.
10. Robin Hood is said to have robbed _____ and gave the money to _____.

IV.. USE/ USED TO/ BE USED TO/ BE USED FOR

1. S + use + noun. (sử dụng)

Ex: We don't know how to use this machine.

2. S + Used to + Vo. (thường / đã thường)

Ex: I used to live in HCMC.

→ S + didn't use to + Vo.

Ex: I didn't use to drink coffee in the morning years ago.

→ Did + S + use to + Vo?

Ex: Did you use to smoke cigarette?

3. Be / get used to + V-ing / noun. (phrase) (quen)

= **Be / get accustomed to + V-ing / noun (phrase). (quen)**

Ex: I am used to living in HCMC.

4. S (thing) + Be used for + V-ing / To-V. (được sử dụng để)

Ex: Pens are used for writing / to write.

Exercise 1:

1. Johnny play the guitar.
A. used to B. was used to
C. is used for D. used
2. Laura go to the concert every week.
A. used to B. is used to
C. used for D. used
3. She with dolls when she was a little girl.
A. used to play B. is used to playing
C. got used to playing D. A&C
4. There some trees in this field.
A. used to being B. is used to
C. is used for D. used to be
5. He his work poorly.
A. didn't used to do B. is used to do
C. is used for doing D. didn't use to do
6. I the hot weather.
A. used to B. am used to
C. am used for D. used
7. Rubbers tires.
A. used to make B. is used to making
C. are used for making D. used
8. I'm trying to accustom myself to staying up late. I'm trying to up late.
A. used to stay B. get used to staying
C. be used to stay D. be used to stay
9. Getting up early doesn't suit me at all. I up early.
A. am used to getting B. am not used to getting
C. am used for getting D. used to get
10. Running a large house is no problem for my mother as she has done it for some time. She a large house.
A. didn't use to run B. is used to running
C. isn't used to running D. used to run
11. He a great interest in his piano lessons.
A. used to take B. used to taking

- C. is used for taking D. used to be taken
12. When I was six, I all my spare time with my friends.
 A. used to spend B. am used to spending
 C. was used for spending D. was used
13. My father a small business in the city but doesn't any more.
 A. used to manage B. was used to managing
 C. was used for managing D. manages
14. People believe the world was flat.
 A. used to B. are used to
 C. are used for D. used
15. We live in a small village but now we live in London.
 A. used to B. are used to
 C. are used for D. used
16. My brother quickly adapted to his new job at the bank. He quickly to his new job at the bank.
 A. used to B. got used
 C. was used for D. used
17. When you buy a new car, you need some time to practise driving it. You need some time to it.
 A. used to drive B. get used to driving
 C. be used for driving D. used
18. My French friend finds driving on the left difficult. He driving on the left
 A. used to B. is used to
 C. isn't used to D. used
19. A raincoat us from rain.
 A. used to protect B. is used to protect
 C. is used for protecting D. B&C
20. Tom a lot of coffee but now he prefers tea.
 A. used to drink B. is used to drinking
 C. was used for drinking D. drinks

Exercise 2: TRANSFORMATION

1. They don't usually stay up late.

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2. Driving on the left doesn't feel strange to me.

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3. I often played football when I was a little child.
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4. Their customs are strange to him, and he found everything confusing.
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5. There were some trees in this field.
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6. Frank has lived alone for 15 years so it isn't strange for him.
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7. They don't like beer.
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8. We can use wood to make furniture and houses.
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9. He often went to the countryside during his summer holiday.
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10. There was once a tree at this corner.
.....

"Which" as a connector

1. He drank beer and it made him fat.
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2. The clock struck thirteen and it made everyone laugh.
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3. He refused to do his duty and it annoyed the others.
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4. We all passed the last exam and this was good news.
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5. She was so smart and beautiful and this made the others jealous.
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