

Reading 4

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Volunteering is generally considered an **altruistic** activity where an individual or group provides services for no financial gain "to benefit another person, group or organization". Volunteering is also **renowned for** skill development and is often intended to promote goodness or to improve human quality of life. Europe is the world's wealthiest continent and the need for international volunteers is quite different from the world's poorer regions such as Africa or Latin America. But despite well-developed **welfare**, education, and health programs, there are communities all across Europe that are in need of volunteers, be it for teaching English, child care, summer camps, or preservation work. In addition, a volunteer vacation in Europe is not only a great way to help people and communities in need, but **it** is also a great opportunity to get to know Europeans and their cultures, learn a new language, and experience Europe in a different way.

Eastern Europe has become a prime **destination** for international volunteers, since it is Europe's poorest and least developed region. Volunteer work in Eastern Europe focuses primarily on social development projects, child care, and education. Volunteer work in Western Europe can be found everywhere, from the U.K. to Greece, and from Portugal to Germany. Opportunities range from restoration projects and environmental preservation to teaching, farming, and social services. There are both long and short-term volunteer opportunities all over Europe, ranging from two weeks up to a year.

altruistic (a): vị tha

be renowned for = be famous for: nổi tiếng

welfare (n): sự thịnh vượng

destination (n): điểm đến

Câu 1: What is the best title for the passage?

- A Teaching English in Europe
- B Doing volunteer work is best way of caring
- C Eastern and Western Europe need helping
- D Volunteer work in Europe

Câu 2: How many kinds of volunteer opportunities in Europe?

- A 3
- B 2
- C 1
- D 5

Câu 2: According to the passage, which of the following is Not true?

- A Eastern Europe and Western Europe are the two destinations for international volunteers.
- B Volunteers not only help people but also can learn their culture and language.
- C Volunteer work in Europe is only in two weeks.
- D They are both long term and short term volunteer opportunities all over Europe.

Câu 3: What kind of volunteer work that volunteers do in Eastern Europe?

- A Teaching children and doing farming
- B Social development projects, child care, and education
- C Teaching English, child care, summer camps, or preservation work
- D Learning a new language, and experience Europe in a different way.

Câu 4: Although Europe is well-developed continent,

- A There is no money for volunteer work.
- B It is quite different from other continents
- C There are some people in need of helping.
- D It still needs volunteers to do some kind of volunteer work.

Câu 5: What does the word "it" refers to?

- A. community
- B. volunteer vacation
- C. way
- D. opportunity

Reading 5

Over one billion people don't have adequate housing. These people are found in every country of the world, and, indeed, in almost every community. They live in huts, and in some cases they don't have a roof over their heads.

Habitat for Humanity International (HFHI) was (1) in 1976 by Millard and Linda Fuller, millionaires deciding their money could best be spent helping people. (2) then, it has helped fix and build homes for

thousands of people ____ (3) ____ the United States and over 30 other countries. Jimmy Carter, the former US President, and his wife Rosalynn, spend a week each year helping to build houses.

HFHI believes that the homes should not be given as charity; instead, the organization follows a system known as “partnership housing”: The people living in the homes work together with ____ (4) ____ on the building and then gradually pay off the basic ____ (5) ____ of the homes. These payments, together with contributions, enable HFHI to help other people.

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|-----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. founded | B. discovered | C. contributed | D. introduced |
| 2. A. Since | B. When | C. After | D. Before |
| 3. A. for | B. in | C. with | D. from |
| 4. A. voluntary | B. voluntarily | C. volunteers | D. volunteer |
| 5. A. money | B. duty | C. standard | D. cost |

Reading 6

Read the following passage and choose the correct answer.

Sarah: I spent the month of November 2015 volunteering in South Africa. For the first two weeks, I worked with 2 to 4 kids in grades 1 and 2 on Maths and literacy skills. For the last two weeks, I instructed the small kids to do personal hygiene and make toys. The kids here are motivated to get a good education, and the presence of an English speaking volunteer stands them in very good stead for later life. The schooling system in South Africa means that children from the townships often lack quality teaching, especially in English. Volunteer teachers are hugely appreciated to help overcome these challenges. Volunteers mainly help to teach English and Maths, although there is also the opportunity to help with other subjects such as Geography and Drama.

Ray: Working with people living with HIV/AIDS is always emotionally and technically demanding. Before my volunteer trip to Ghana, I got training about HIV/AIDS. I worked with different groups of people. It was very emotional when I visited and played with children with HIV/AIDS in orphanages. I also visited schools, universities and households to give presentations and leaflets about HIV/AIDS. I had never felt so helpful before. I can't wait for my next trips to other African countries.

Katie: My main duty was to provide financial advice for poor households in Kenya. I had to adapt myself immediately to the new weather, new people and new food there. Fortunately, my host family was the most selfless and encouraging people I'd ever known. I lived with three other volunteers, and the host family considered us as their daughters. I loved dinner time when all the family members gathered together and told jokes.

Question 9: What kind of volunteer work is **NOT MENTIONED** in the passage?

- A. providing financial advice for the poor
- B. staying with children with HIV/AIDS in orphanages
- C. teaching children to do personal hygiene
- D. teaching children to read and write

Question 10: The word “provide” in the last paragraph can be best replaced by _____

- A. play
- B. supply
- C. instruct
- D. contain

Question 11: What does the word “their” in the last paragraph refer to?

- A. people's
- B. the host family's
- C. volunteers'
- D. daughters'

Question 12: What Katie's main duty?

- A. Providing food for the poor in Kenya.
- B. Giving the poor in Kenya financial advices.
- C. Preparing dinner for children in Kenya.
- D. Telling jokes for children in Kenya.

Question 13: How long did Sarah spend on her volunteer work?

- A. Three weeks
- B. Four weeks
- C. One week
- D. Two weeks

Question 14: What is the main idea of the text?

- A. Volunteer work at some schools
- B. Volunteer work in mountainous areas
- C. Volunteer work with children
- D. Volunteer work of some people