Series II

Literature. March the concepts with the examples. Use different colors. 3 points each one 27 points.

End Rhyme

Lines of a poem with words that rhyme at the end of the line.

- *Example:*
  The Halloween poem made me
  feel scared and nervous.

Metaphor

Metaphors compare one object or idea with another.

weather - feather - leather
fair - bear - where

Personification

A type of metaphor where human characteristics are given to non-human things.

The frost created intricate spider-like patterns on the glass.

Simile

Using the words "like" or "as" to directly compare things.

Example:

Twinkle twinkle, little star	A
How I wonder what you are.	A
Up above the world so high	B
Like a diamond in the sky.	B

Rhyme

The sound of words or word endings in lines of poetry. Rhyming words sound the same but may be spelled differently.

Example:

Who has seen the wind?
Neither I nor you:
But when the leaves hang trembling,
The wind is passing through.

Who has seen the wind?
Neither you nor I:
But when the trees bow down their heads,
The wind is passing by.
— Christina Rossetti

Imagery

Using words that help readers "see" by creating pictures or images in their mind.

Her hair was dark like the night.
The blanket was smooth as silk.

The fire danced in the moonlight.

Rhyme Scheme

The pattern of lines that rhyme in a poem. Letters are used to indicate the rhyming words.

Stanza

A group of lines in poetry with no blank lines in between. Stanzas are like paragraphs in writing. They divide one part of the poem from the next part.

Yesterday she went afar
To the land of Jafar.
But alas, their plight
Was to be their last flight.

Mood

Carefully chosen words help the reader feel emotion. The mood might be funny, sad, serious, scary, etc.

Her legs were jelly after the race.
Making the basket was a piece of cake.

LIVEWORKSHEETS