

Name:

Class:

### REVIEW UNIT 3

#### I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- |                        |                       |                   |                    |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. a. <u>school</u>    | b. <u>skull</u>       | c. <u>scenery</u> | d. <u>sky</u>      |
| 2. a. <u>visited</u>   | b. <u>recommended</u> | c. <u>wanted</u>  | d. <u>hoped</u>    |
| 3. a. <u>important</u> | b. <u>boring</u>      | c. <u>minor</u>   | d. <u>northern</u> |
| 4. a. <u>community</u> | b. <u>custom</u>      | c. <u>costume</u> | d. <u>museum</u>   |
| 5. a. <u>ethnic</u>    | b. <u>gather</u>      | c. <u>though</u>  | d. <u>clothing</u> |

#### II. Complete the sentences with the suitable words.

1. Cong-Chieng, or \_\_\_\_\_, is a musical instrument made of bronze.
2. Five-coloured \_\_\_\_\_ is an important dish of almost allethic minorities.
3. The Rong house of the Xo Dang is a big \_\_\_\_\_ with a high roof.
4. Hmong farmers have been growing rice on the \_\_\_\_\_ for hundreds of years.
5. The Xoe dance is one of the most popular \_\_\_\_\_ of the Thai ethnic group.
6. Black Thai women wear the \_\_\_\_\_ with colourful embroidery called 'khan pieu'.
7. My Son Sanctuary includes Cham \_\_\_\_\_ in a valley about 2 km in diameter, surrounded by hills.
8. Hoa Ban \_\_\_\_\_ takes place on March, when orchids and peach blossom everywhere in the north-western region.

#### III. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d to complete the sentence.

1. The Dao in the Sapa area is famous \_\_\_\_\_ its "love market."  
a. for      b. in      c. with      d. to
2. The Thai live \_\_\_\_\_ farming on their burnt-over land and wet-rice terraced fields.  
a. in      b. on      c. out      d. up
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ house is a place where villagers gather for festivals and rituals.  
a. terraced      b. splendid      c. communal      d. thatched
4. There were lots of interesting folk games, \_\_\_\_\_ Kenny stayed a little longer to join them.  
a. but      b. because      c. however      d. so
5. '\_\_\_\_\_ dress in red and black costume?' 'The Dao'  
a. What      b. Which      c. Who      d. When
6. What colour is \_\_\_\_\_ symbol of good luck for the Hoa?  
a. a      b. an      c. -      d. some

7. \_\_\_\_\_ in terraced fields is the main economic activity of ethnic people in Sapa.  
a. Fishing      b. Rice cultivation      c. Hunting      d. Gathering
8. \_\_\_\_\_ ethnic Khmer live in \_\_\_\_\_ Mekong Delta of Vietnam.  
a. The / -      b. The / a      c. A / the      d. The / the
9. The Vietnam Museum of Ethnology \_\_\_\_\_ by the architect Ha Duc Linh, a member of the Tay ethnic group.  
a. designed      b. has designed      c. was designed      d. was designing
10. 'I have just taken an elephant ride in Buon Don.' ' \_\_\_\_\_ How interesting!'  
a. Certainly.      b. Really?      c. Terrible.      d. Exactly.

#### **IV. Supply the correct form or tense of the verbs in brackets.**

1. The first Brau \_\_\_\_\_ (come) to Vietnam about a century ago.
2. The majority of people in Vietnam \_\_\_\_\_ (belong) to the Kinh ethnic group.
3. Hoa Ban festival \_\_\_\_\_ (start) on March 17th and \_\_\_\_\_ (end) on March 19th.
4. Listen! \_\_\_\_\_ those ethnic girls \_\_\_\_\_ (speak) the Ede language?
5. So far Nick \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) a lot about the ethnic minorities in Vietnam.
6. We \_\_\_\_\_ (be) to Buon Me Thuot city twice, but we \_\_\_\_\_ (never/ visit) Don Village.
7. In the future, the local government \_\_\_\_\_ (organize) more activities to promote the culture of ethnic groups.
8. These stilt houses \_\_\_\_\_ (build) over 50 years ago by the Tay people.
9. Tourists to Don Village enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) elephants around the hamlet or to the forest.
10. The elephants help local people \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in the fields, and carry goods or construction materials.

#### **V. Write the correct form of the words in brackets.**

1. Vietnam is one of the most \_\_\_\_\_ diverse countries in South East Asia. (ethnic)
2. The Pa Then believe that the god of fire brings them \_\_\_\_\_ and prosperity. (peaceful)
3. Festivals characterize customs and \_\_\_\_\_ of a community. (believe)
4. The Glay practice rice \_\_\_\_\_ in submerged fields. (cultivate)
5. The Tay community practice \_\_\_\_\_ religious beliefs including ancestor worship. (tradition)

6. The population of Vietnam contains a rich \_\_\_\_\_ of ethnic groups.  
(diverse)
7. Ethnic \_\_\_\_\_ make up about 15 percent of Vietnam's population.  
(minor)
8. The communal house is usually used for village \_\_\_\_\_. (festival)
9. Each time I returned I was struck by the \_\_\_\_\_ of Sapa and its people.  
(unique)
10. The government carried out a programme to \_\_\_\_\_ the health service in remote and rural areas. (modern)

#### VI. Match the questions with the correct answers

1. Which ethnic group has a larger population, the Ede or the Muong?		a. Not exactly. They are the third.
2. Shall we join their folk games?		b. It's a folk dance called <i>mua sap</i> .
3. What is that dance?		c. In Binh Phuoc and Dak Lak.
4. When does Sapa Love Market take place?		d. The Muong.
5. Have you ever tried any ethnic specialities?		e. By motorcycle or bus.
6. How can we go to Don village from Buon Me Thuot city?		f. Every Saturday evening.
7. The Thai is the second largest ethnic group in Vietnam.		g. Sure. Which of those games would you like to play?
8. Where do the M'Nong mainly live?		h. Yes, I've tried some. They're very delicious.

#### VII. Choose the word which best fits each gap.

There are nine sub-groups that are (1) \_\_\_\_\_ by the ethnic minority M'Nong, such as Bru Dang, Preh, Ger, Nong, Prang, PJam, Kuyenh, Chil Bu Nor, and M'Nong Bu Dang, with combined estimate of 105,300 populations. They are concentrated (2) \_\_\_\_\_ southern parts of the provinces of Binh Phuoc and Dak Lak and in parts of Lam Dong. They live in houses built on (3) \_\_\_\_\_ or level with the ground, in every village where they usually have dozens of households. (4) \_\_\_\_\_ is observed and the children take the family name of their mother. The wife holds the key position in (5) \_\_\_\_\_ household. This group likes to have many children, (6) \_\_\_\_\_ daughters and speak the language traced to the Mon-Khmer Group. The M'Nong use the slash-and-bum method of (7) \_\_\_\_\_. The M'Nong in Ban Don are well known for their elephant hunting and domestication. Women handle the weaving of cotton cloth, (8) \_\_\_\_\_ the men work on basketry.

1. a. ordered    b. represented    c. expressed    d. symbolized
2. a. on    b. at    c. for    d. in

- |                 |               |                |              |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 3. a. bricks    | b. stilts     | c. slabs       | d. stones    |
| 4. a. Monarchy  | b. Patriarchy | c. Matriarchy  | d. Democracy |
| 5. a. a         | b. the        | c. every       | d. some      |
| 6. a. special   | b. specially  | c. especially  | d. especial  |
| 7. a. transport | b. working    | c. researching | d. farming   |
| 8. a. while     | b. when       | c. which       | d. where     |

### **VIII. Read the text carefully, then answer the questions.**

Vietnam is a multiethnic country with 54 ethnic groups. The Viet (Kinh) people account for 87% of the country's population and mainly inhabit the Red River delta, the central coastal delta, the Mekong delta and major cities. The other 53 ethnic minority groups, totaling over 8 million people, are scattered over mountain areas spreading from the North to the South. Among ethnic minorities, the most populated are Tay, Thai, Muong, Hoa, Khmer, Nung... with a population of around 1 million each; while the least populated are Brau, Roman, Odu with several hundred people each.

The main economic activity of most ethnic peoples is wet rice cultivation. A number of ethnic minorities had mastered some farming techniques. They grew rice plants in swamped paddy fields and carried out irrigation. Others go hunting, fishing, collecting and live a semi-nomadic life. Each group has its own culture that is diverse and special. Beliefs and religions of the Vietnamese ethnic minority groups are also disparate from each other.

1. How many ethnic groups are there in Vietnam?

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2. Where do the Kinh people mostly live?

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3. What is the population of the Tay?

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4. Which ethnic groups have the smallest population?

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5. What do most ethnic peoples mainly live on?

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6. Do the ethnic minority groups have the same culture, religion and belief?

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7. How is the culture of each ethnic group?

### **IX. Reorder the words to make sentences.**

1. country/ with/ Vietnam/ 54/ is/ multiethnic/ a/ groups/ ethnic.

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2. minorities/ make/ population/ Ethnic/ up/ 15 percent/ of/ the/ of/ about/ Vietnam 3

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3. Most/ live/ of/ ethnic/ in/ minorities/ the/ the/ areas/ in/ north/ the/ mountainous.

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4. Vietnam/ Tay/ second/ the/ largest/ are/ the/ ethnic/ in/ group.

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5. are/ The/ known/ Nung/ including/ music and poetry/ for/ folk-art/ richness/ traditions/ their/ of.

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6. people/ a/ The/ Dao/ language/ speak/ Hmong-Dao/ of/ language system.

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7. not/ as/ The/ Nung/ costume/ is/ colourful/ of/ the/ as/ that/ of/ ethnic/ other/ groups.

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8. The/ Ede/ built/ on/ live/ in/ stilts/ in/ wooden/ villages/ longhouses/ as/ *buon*/ known.

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