

I. Complete the sentences.

1. When there are a lot of people in one place, e.g. in the supermarket or in the market square, we say that the place is c _ _ _ _ d.
2. The air c _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ g in our hotel room isn't working. We need to report it at reception.
3. A s _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ r is a very high building that is located in a big city.
4. Her room is so m _ _ _ _ , there are things everywhere.
5. I live in a quiet n _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ h _ _ _ .
6. When do you plan to live _ _ your own?
7. I'd like to book a room o _ _ _ l _ _ _ _ _ g the river.
8. Cities are noisy and p _ _ _ u _ _ d.

II. Choose the best word to complete the gaps.

1. She lives in the _____ of a big city.
a) neighbourhood b) suburbs c) main
2. They moved _____ last month.
a) capital b) cottage c) house
3. The music is too loud, can you turn it _____ a little bit?
a) down b) up c) on
4. Opposite to 'safe' is _____.

- a) polluted b) dangerous c) convenient

5. A synonym to 'do up' is _____.

- a) move b) rent c) renovate

6. If you want someone to feel comfortable at your place, you say: _____

- a) make yourself at home
b) live on your own
c) share a room

7. Several houses joined together, forming a row.

- a) skyscraper b) terraced house c) detached house

8. Some students live in _____ of residence.

- a) hall b) house c) block

9. My friends have a holiday home _____ the mountains.

- a) to b) by c) in

10. Instead of driving your own car in the city, you can use _____ transport.

- a) stately b) public c) traffic

III. Form adjectives of the given words.

1. mess - _____

2. space - _____

3. equip – well - _____

4. wood - _____

5. fashion – old - _____

6. comfort - _____

7. furniture - _____

8. danger - _____

9. crowd - _____

10. noise - _____

11. peace - _____

12. live - _____

13. pollution - _____