



Extra training

Word Formation Task 580

Complete the sentences with a word derived from the words in bold (NOUNS)
(TYPE IN BLOCK CAPITALS!)

Sir Edward Coke (1552-1634), is the English (1) _____, who is considered one of the most eminent in all English history, and best known as a (2) _____ of the law. Often called Lord Coke or Lord Cooke, he was born in Norfolk, and educated at the University of Cambridge. He was admitted to the bar in 1578, became a member of Parliament in 1589, and became solicitor general in 1592.	JURY
He became (3) _____ of the House of Commons and then attorney general, after having competed for the latter (4) _____ with the English (5) _____ and statesman Francis Bacon; this victory was the beginning of a long-standing (6) _____ between the two men. Coke's first years as (7) _____ of the Crown were characterized by ruthless support of (8) _____; his (9) _____ of Robert Devereux, 2nd Earl of Essex, of the English statesman, courtier, and writer Sir Walter Raleigh, and of the Gunpowder Plot (10) _____ has been termed severe.	COMPILE SPEAK APPOINT (4) PHILOSOPHY (5) RIVAL
In 1606 Coke was made chief justice of the Court of Common Pleas. The following year Coke helped impeach Bacon, then lord chancellor. He was also a (11) _____ in a debate urging that Parliament should not be subservient to the king. A few years later, Coke helped to write the Petition of Right, the most explicit (12) _____ of the principles of (13) _____ to appear in England up to that time. It became an integral part of the English (14) _____.	REPRESENT AUTHORIZE PROSECUTE CONSPIRACY LEAD STATE LIBERATE CONSTITUTE



S^R. EDWARD COKE, Lord Chief JUSTICE.

