

E. LANGUAGE FOCUS

● Pronunciation: /ɒ/ - /ɔ:/

● Grammar and vocabulary:

1. *The* + adjective
2. *Used to* + infinitive
3. *Which* as a connector

Pronunciation

- Listen and repeat.

| | /ɒ/ | | /ɔ:/ |
|--------|-------|-------|---------|
| top | wrong | call | walking |
| boss | job | sport | more |
| doctor | box | four | talk |

- Practise these sentences.

1. Put the socks on top of the box.
2. He lost his job as a doctor in the hospital.
3. What's wrong with you, boss?
4. Is walking called a sport?
5. He can't talk to her any more.
6. Four of us have walked for fourteen miles.

Grammar and vocabulary

Exercise 1. Complete these sentences using *the* + one of the adjectives:

injured poor rich sick unemployed young

1. *The young* have the future in their hands.
2. Ambulances arrived at the scene of the accident and took _____ to hospital.
3. Life is all right if you have a job, but things are not so easy for _____.
4. Julia has been a nurse all her life. She has spent her life caring for _____.
5. In England there is an old story about a man called Robin Hood. It is said that he robbed _____ and gave the money to _____.

Exercise 2. Complete the sentences with ***used to*** ... + a suitable verb.

1. Dennis gave up smoking two years ago. He ***used to smoke*** 40 cigarettes a day.
2. Liz _____ a motorbike, but last year she sold it and bought a car.
3. We came to live in Manchester a few years ago. We _____ in Nottingham.
4. I rarely eat ice cream now, but I _____ it when I was a child.
5. Jim _____ my best friend, but we aren't friends any longer.
6. It only takes me about 40 minutes to get to work since the new road was opened. It _____ more than an hour.
7. There _____ a hotel opposite the station, but it closed a long time ago.
8. When you lived in London, _____ to the theatre?

Exercise 3. Join a sentence from A with one from B to make a new sentence. Use ***which***.

| A | B |
|---|--|
| 1. <i>Sheila couldn't come to the party.</i> | a. This was very nice of her. |
| 2. Jill isn't on the phone. | b. This means we can't go away tomorrow. |
| 3. Neil has passed his examinations. | c. This makes it difficult to contact her. |
| 4. Our flight was delayed. | d. This makes it difficult to sleep. |
| 5. Ann offered to put me up for the night. | e. <i>This was a pity.</i> |
| 6. The street I live in is very noisy at night. | f. This is good news. |
| 7. Our car has broken down. | g. This meant we had to wait for hours at the airport. |

Example:

1. *Sheila couldn't come to the party, which was a pity.*

2. _____.
3. _____.
4. _____.
5. _____.
6. _____.
7. _____.