1 **1** **1**

1. (A) Someone is already using his vacuum.
   (B) He's having trouble with his vacuum.
   (C) He will need the vacuum to clean out his car.
   (D) He is willing to lend the woman his vacuum.

2. (A) In a hotel.
   (B) In a furniture store.
   (C) In a campground.
   (D) In a private home.

3. (A) There is one apartment that is worse than this one.
   (B) She doesn't like the size of this apartment at all.
   (C) She would like to see the next apartment.
   (D) She has never seen a worse apartment.

4. (A) She can't understand why the man is thirsty.
   (B) The man ought to go to the laundromat.
   (C) The laundromat is too far away.
   (D) She will not wash the man's clothes for him.

5. (A) He'll take no more than six courses.
   (B) He's not interested in hearing about the woman's life.
   (C) He will not enroll in so many classes.
   (D) He'll get his new glasses before fall.

6. (A) Get a better doctor.
   (B) Go see a doctor.
   (C) Try not to hurt her shoulder.
   (D) Look carefully at her shoulder.

7. (A) She can't figure out what is wrong with the car.
   (B) She is shocked by what the man has said.
   (C) She disagrees with what the man said.
   (D) She can't see what is behind the car.

8. (A) It's Carol's turn to bake one.
   (B) He doesn't know when Carol baked it.
   (C) He would like to taste it.
   (D) He will take it to Carol.

9. (A) He has to be home by eight.
   (B) He doesn't have time to eat right now.
   (C) He's going to see the woman later.
   (D) He doesn't want to gain any weight.

10. (A) She doesn't understand the man's question.
    (B) She'll have the test ready in a few days.
    (C) She has a few questions about the man's schedule.
    (D) The man may not take the test early.

11. (A) She was tired of the professor's joke.
    (B) She paid a hundred dollars for her new glasses.
    (C) She couldn't hear what was being said in class very well.
    (D) She had heard the professor speak many times.

12. (A) It will carry him far.
    (B) It is certain to improve with time.
    (C) It is somewhat limited.
    (D) It has developed since he began singing opera.

13. (A) Can he stop and count the sandwiches?
    (B) Did she pay for his sandwiches?
    (C) Are his sandwiches included in the ones that were counted?
    (D) Did she put his sandwiches in the picnic basket for him?

14. (A) She thinks it would be a good idea to go swimming.
    (B) She wants to talk to the man.
    (C) She'll loan the heater to the man.
    (D) The heat doesn't bother her that much.

15. (A) Both Professor Andrews and Professor Larson refuse late work.
    (B) Professor Andrews will accept late work, but Professor Larson won't.
    (C) Professor Larson will take everything except her papers to the lake.
    (D) Professor Larson and Professor Andrews both live near the lake.

16. (A) She can help the man this term.
    (B) She doesn't know how to help the man.
    (C) The man's term paper is well-organized.
    (D) She's never seen the man's term paper.

17. (A) Look at his map.
    (B) Ask someone else for directions.
    (C) Mark the map in the back of his catalog.
    (D) Tell her where the school catalog is.

18. (A) Greg might not want a sports coat.
    (B) The woman should buy the sports coat.
    (C) Greg really has enough sports coats.
    (D) Greg might prefer a different color.

19. (A) She had to type her report fast.
    (B) Someone else typed her report for her.
    (C) She will ask her secretary to help her type her report.
    (D) She needs to find a secretary to finish her report.

20. (A) Today's meeting was great.
    (B) He doesn't mind the change in the schedule.
    (C) He doesn't have time to think about the meeting.
    (D) He'll have time to run to the next meeting.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

21. (A) He has a lot of free time.
(B) He prefers swimming to anything else.
(C) He went swimming yesterday.
(D) He doesn't like to swim.

22. (A) Drive her to the airport.
(B) Help her with her luggage.
(C) Help her plan her afternoon.
(D) Find her a ride to the airport.

23. (A) Scored exams.
(B) Prepared to take a test.
(C) Worked on a paper.
(D) Wrote the calculus test for his students.

24. (A) He is depending on the woman.
(B) He might be able to help the woman.
(C) He will do anything the woman asks.
(D) He couldn't hear what the woman was saying.

25. (A) She needed to read the book before returning it.
(B) She hadn't received the book yet.
(C) The clerk forgot to give her a receipt.
(D) She couldn't get her money back.

26. (A) He needs to return the videos he rented.
(B) He won't rent any more videos this weekend.
(C) He wants to rent three videos for Saturday night.
(D) They should watch a video together.

27. (A) The weather might prevent Richard from getting to Minneapolis on time.
(B) Richard will not arrive on time in Minneapolis due to bad weather.
(C) Richard will call them as soon as he knows more about the weather in Minneapolis.
(D) The woman shouldn't interfere with Richard's plans to go to Minneapolis.

28. (A) He hasn't received any parking tickets.
(B) The woman has gotten too many parking tickets.
(C) He already knew about the parking ticket.
(D) He doesn't think the woman will get a ticket.

29. (A) Sam mowed the lawn for her.
(B) Someone from the landscaping service came and mowed the lawn.
(C) Sam called the landscaping service for her.
(D) She mowed the lawn.

30. (A) He didn't know the woman was graduating.
(B) He doesn't want to be the featured speaker.
(C) He doesn't think the woman should give the speech.
(D) He didn't know that graduation was so soon.

Part B

31. (A) In a furniture store.
(B) In the woman's apartment.
(C) In the man's car.
(D) At a party.

32. (A) Help the woman clean her apartment.
(B) Exercise with the woman.
(C) Help the woman buy a bed.
(D) Explain what he meant.

33. (A) She is not a good housekeeper.
(B) She has found a larger apartment.
(C) She has a lot more cleaning to do.
(D) She wants to leave a clean apartment.

34. (A) The man will take her.
(B) She'll drive her car.
(C) She'll take a taxi.
(D) She'll walk.

35. (A) That the woman was going to empty her trash.
(B) That the woman would save her glass containers for him.
(C) That the woman would go for a bicycle ride with him.
(D) That the woman was saving her used bottles and cans for recycling.

36. (A) Saving money.
(B) Reusing materials that have already been used.
(C) Taking the same bicycle route more than once.
(D) Disposing of trash.

37. (A) It is too expensive.
(B) It takes too much time.
(C) She doesn't have very many recyclable items.
(D) She can't remember to do it.

38. (A) Go for a walk with the man.
(B) Start saving money.
(C) Start recycling again.
(D) Help the man recycle his cans and bottles.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Part C

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear several short talks. After each talk, you will hear some questions. The talks and questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you hear:

Now listen to a sample question.

Sample Answer



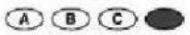
In your test book, you read:

(A) Only bumblebees can fertilize red clover plants.
(B) Bumblebees protect red clover from plant eating insects.
(C) Bumblebees bring water to red clover plants on their tongues.
(D) Bumblebees keep mice and other animals away from red clover plants.

The best answer to the question "Why is it impossible to raise red clover where there are no bumblebees?" is (A), "Only bumblebees can fertilize red clover plants." Therefore, the correct choice is (A).

Now listen to another sample question.

Sample Answer



In your test book, you read:

(A) They both make honey.
(B) They both build combs.
(C) Both of them are found in underground nests.
(D) They both live through the winter.

The best answer to the question "According to the speaker, in what way are the queen wasp and the queen bee similar?" is (D), "They both live through the winter." Therefore, the correct choice is (D).

Remember, you are **not** allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

39. (A) In the library.
    (B) In an auditorium.
    (C) Outside on the campus grounds.
    (D) In the greenhouse of the biology building.

40. (A) Library science students.
    (B) Students interested in attending this college.
    (C) Librarians who want to know about the library collection.
    (D) Students who will be graduating from the college soon.

41. (A) The person who designed the library building.
    (B) The author of several books in the library.
    (C) The first director of the library.
    (D) The biology professor after whom the library is named.

42. (A) To the biology building.
    (B) To the reference section of the library.
    (C) To the cafeteria.
    (D) To the admissions office.

43. (A) To get hotel management students to be more diligent about catching thieves.
    (B) To educate hotel management students about the facts of hotel thievery.
    (C) To encourage hotel management students to bolt everything down in their hotels.
    (D) To teach hotel management students how to attract honeymooners to their hotels.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

44. (A) Security devices would have to be installed, and people who are innocent might be falsely accused.
(B) The cost of implementing security measures is too great.
(C) Honeymoon couples might stop visiting hotels.
(D) People who are honest throughout their lives often become thieves when they are in a hotel room.

45. (A) So that guests won't steal them.
(B) It's good advertising when stolen articles end up elsewhere.
(C) To make people who steal things from rooms feel guilty about it.
(D) So that other hotels and motels can't use them.

46. (A) They are a big part of the summer hotel business.
(B) They are often young and don't think about what they are doing.
(C) They usually want something from the hotel to remind them of their stay.
(D) They are the good side of the problem of hotel theft.

47. (A) Flying squirrels don't really fly; they simply glide.
(B) A flap of skin serves as a sail on each side of a flying squirrel's body.
(C) Special muscles control the flying squirrel's glide.
(D) Flying squirrels use their tails to steer around twigs and tree trunks.

48. (A) It does most of the steering.
(B) It acts as a sail.
(C) It controls the tension of the potegum.
(D) It helps the squirrel maintain its balance.

49. (A) They like to land in a vertical position with their tails up.
(B) They like to be able to make slight twists in the air.
(C) They don't like to have to climb up the trunks to continue their journeys.
(D) The trees are so close together that the squirrels don't need to glide.

50. (A) A flying squirrel that has been stuffed for display in the museum.
(B) A flying squirrel who lives at the museum and demonstrates his glide for visitors.
(C) A resident naturalist who helps give tours of the museum.
(D) A cooperative student who stays out back to explain how flying squirrels glide.

2 2 2 2 2 2 2

1. Copper tubing is the preferred choice of plumbers - - - - - - - noncorrosive.
(A) since it is
(B) because of
(C) it is
(D) insofar as

2. - - - - - - - "cultural diffusion" refers to the spread of customs or practices from one culture to another.
(A) To phrase
(B) Phrased
(C) To the phrase
(D) The phrase

3. - - - - - - - born, a baby kangaroo measures less than three inches in length.
(A) One is
(B) When is one
(C) Is one
(D) When it is

4. - - - - - - - daily promotes physical as well as emotional well-being in people of all ages.
(A) Having exercised
(B) Those who exercise
(C) Exercising
(D) For exercising

5. The financial manager's job - - - - - - - among the many sources of finance for the best interest rates available.
(A) to shop around is
(B) to shop around it is
(C) is it to shop around
(D) is to shop around

6. Spectrographs - - - - - - - possible for phoneticians to analyze the human voice and its speech qualities.
(A) make
(B) make it
(C) makes it
(D) are made

LIVEWORKSHEETS

7. Trace minerals are - - - - - - - are elements needed in greater quantities.
   (A) as important to healthy human tissue as
   (B) most important to healthy human tissue
   (C) to healthy human tissue as important
   (D) important to healthy human tissue

8. Balinese cats, which are a cross between Siamese and long-haired cats, - - - - - - - medium length silky coats of fur.
   (A) they have
   (B) have
   (C) which have
   (D) having

9. - - - - - - - when a person doesn't eat enough fruit and vegetables.
   (A) Depleting gradually, potassium can occur
   (B) Gradual potassium depletion can occur
   (C) Since potassium can gradually be depleted
   (D) Since gradually depleting potassium can occur

10. Anthropologist Guy Swenson - - - - - - - that witchcraft beliefs are prevalent in societies in which social groups interact without formal mechanisms for social control.
   (A) he found
   (B) found
   (C) finding
   (D) was found

11. Declared an endangered species in the United States, - - - - - - - .
   (A) people have gathered the ginseng root almost to the point of extinction
   (B) the ginseng root has been gathered almost to the point of extinction
   (C) the near extinction of the ginseng root is due to excessive gathering
   (D) gathering the ginseng root almost to the point of extinction

12. The sudden expansion of heated air associated with lightning produces - - - - - - - often heard during a storm.
   (A) thunder is the rumbling sound
   (B) the rumbling sound, thunder is
   (C) the rumbling sound, thunder, that
   (D) thunder, the rumbling sound

13. Henry Ford revolutionized production management by - - - - - - - into small steps on a moving line.
   (A) breaking down auto assembly
   (B) broken down auto assembly
   (C) he broke down auto assembly
   (D) auto assembly breaking down

14. In carpentry, - - - - - - - "ceiling joists" refers to boards hung down from unfinished ceilings as the backbone from which finishing materials can be hung.
   (A) to the term
   (B) is termed
   (C) the term
   (D) to term

15. - - - - - - - the 35 years between the end of the Civil War and the turn of the century, the population of the United States doubled, and manufacturing production increased sevenfold.
   (A) Into
   (B) In
   (C) At
   (D) To

Written Expression

Directions: In questions 16–40 each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. The four underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Example I

The octopus is (A) a unique animal because (B) they (C) has three functioning (D) hearts.

Sample Answer

Ⓐ Ⓑ ● Ⓓ

The sentence should read, "The octopus is a unique animal because it has three functioning hearts." Therefore, you should choose (C).

16. One important agent of erosion (A) is the glacier, which is an accumulated (B) of snow slowly pressed (C) into (D) ice.

17. Ethnolinguists study (A) language as it (B) relates to society, culture (C), and human behaving (D).

LIVEWORKSHEETS

18. It has long (A) been known as (B) an entire cluster of galaxies may sometimes lie (C) buried within (D) a vast, dense ball of gas.

19. Paleoanthropologists believe (A) that prehistoric man was innate (B) a gentle, cooperative (C), food-sharing creature (D).

20. Many corporate advisors feel that (A) companies that (B) provide their employees with recreational (C) time and facilities safe (D) money on health insurance in the long run.

21. Metal and glass containers can be recycled (A), and (B) several states are currently contemplating (C) mandatory recycling laws for either (D).

22. The desire to (A) species preservation is a primary motivator (B) for many (C) kinds of animal behavior, including (D) reproduction.

23. In (A) 1987, molecular biologist L. Mark Lagrimini of Ohio State University cloned the gene in that (B) codes for a type of (C) peroxidase found (D) in tobacco plants.

24. To fit (A) on (B) an ecosystem, an organism must be able (C) to adapt or become (D) a part of it.

25. Arteries with poorly (A) blood flow can leave the (B) heart muscle starved for (C) oxygen, a condition that (D) often leads to heart attack.

26. Christopher Columbus first seen (A) Native Americans when (B) he discovered (C) the Caribbean Islands on (D) October 12, 1492.

27. Alpine Saint Bernards are too (A) good at following (B) the scent of humans, even in snow, that they are used (C) by ski patrols as (D) rescue dogs.

28. The writing of Elizabeth Stoddard was praised by her (A) contemporaries because they (B) was dramatic and direct, possessing (C) a frankness unlike that (D) of most other writing of the time.

29. Newspapers metropolitan (A) that pride themselves (B) on the quality of their (C) opinion articles often have large staffs to write and edit the editorial page (D).

30. Theoretical (A) biologist Aristid Lindenmayer is (B) known for him (C) description of the developmental processes in multicellular (D) structures.

31. When (A) the Panic of 1857, some U.S. citizens who had been (B) rich or comfortable became poor while (C) a few others, capitalizing (D) on economic shifts, became richer.

32. Many artists receive promote (A) backing from (B) government agencies as well as (C) from private individuals (D) and firms.

33. Dr. Frank Conrad's musical (A) radio broadcasts in 1919 led Westinghouse open (B) the first fully licensed (C) commercial broadcasting system in the United States on (D) November 2, 1920.

34. The rocks of the Cambrian period of prehistory (A) were formed (B) 500 to 600 million year (C) ago (D).

35. Organisms that are related are (A) usually identifiable by at less (B) some similarities in anatomical (C) structure and embryonic development (D).

36. With (A) the development of underwater breathing equipment, helmeted divers can now (B) descend six hundred foot (C) if they breathe a special (D) mixture of gases.

37. According to (A) Cherokee legend, a woman named (B) Grandmother Spider brought (C) to her people the light of intelligence and to experience.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

38. Many of the mammals that (A) dwell in the desert are active only at a night (B) as (C) the intense heat of a desert day can be fatal to warm-blooded (D) animals.

39. The building blocks of the proteins necessary for (A) life are amino acids, much (B) of which cannot be synthesized by the body and (C) must be included in (D) the diet.

40. The cytoskeleton of a cell provides structural (A) support also (B) coordinates cell (C) division, growth, (D) and morphology.

This is the end of Section 2.
If you finish before time is called, check your work on Section 2 only.



The supervisor will tell you when to begin work on Section 3.

LIVEWORKSHEETS