



CAUSATIVES

I. The Active Pattern

This pattern explains that one person causes another person to do something.

-The active pattern with HAVE (We engage or employ somebody to do smth for us)

Have+ Somebody+ Do(V1) +Something

- I employed a porter to carry my suitcase.
- I had a porter carry my suitcase.
- She will hire a painter to paint the house.
- She will have a painter paint her house.

-The active pattern with GET (We persuade/ convince someone to do something)

Get+ Somebody+To + Do(V1)+ Something

- *He persuaded his son to do the laundry.
- * He got his son to do the laundry.
- *She convinced the man to work at lunch time.
- *She got the man to work at lunch time.

-The active pattern with MAKE(We force somebody to do something)

Make+ Somebody+ Do(V1)+ Something

- *The teacher made us do the homework again.(She forced us to do it)
- *He can't force me work if I don't want to.
- *He can't make me work if I don't want to.

-The active pattern with LET(We allow somebody to do something)

Let+ Somebody+Do(V1)+Something

- *My mother doesn't allow me to go out at night.
- * My mother doesn't let me go out at night.

EXERCISES

1.I will call a painter to paint my room.

I'll-----

2.Begüm persuaded her friends to go the cinema with her.

Begüm-----

3.The teacher forced Ali to memorize the lesson.

The teacher -----

4.The doors were filthy,so I hired a women to clean them.

I -----

5.The police officer forced the girl to move her car.

The police-----

6.At last, I persuaded my father to buy me a new computer.

At last I -----

7.Ecem forced her son to tell the truth.

Ecem-----

8.Our teacher never allows us to talk during lessons.

Our teacher-----

9.Did Bora persuade the boy to cut the grass?

Did Bora-----?

10.I have never begged anyone to help me.

I have never-----

II .The Passive Pattern

Causative construction is used when we arrange with a person to do something for us. We don't do the action ourselves. " I had my shoes polished" means that someone polished my shoes, or I employed someone to polish my shoes. We may not know who does the action.

We use HAVE when we engage or employ someone to something, and we use GET when we persuade/convince someone to do something.

GET is used in place of HAVE in the causative to say that something is urgent/important. GET is stronger than HAVE.

If we want to use MAKE in the passive structure, we must add to.

Active: She made me clean my room.

Passive: I was made to clean my room.

We CANNOT use LET in the passive. Instead, we have to use ALLOWED TO V1

Active: The doctor didn't let me go to school.

Passive: I wasn't allowed to go to school.

A.	have get something done
	subject + have/get + direct object + verb (3)

Examples:

- Elnara had his car cleaned.
- Mr. Bozkurt got his house painted.
- Giray had his problems solved.
- Halil got his hair cut.

Rewrite the following sentences by using the **have/get causative construction**.

- My mother asked a woman to sew her dress.
My mother had her dress sewn.
- Mr. Friday employed someone to clean his new car.
Mr. Friday had his new car cleaned.
- We employed someone to cut the lawn.
.....
- Somebody does my homework for me.
.....
- Davut asked someone to translate the letter.
.....
- Nilay posted the letters for Mr. Nilson.
.....
- Leman asked him to sharpen the knives.
.....
- Tarik asked the man to repair his bicycle.
.....
- Jale asked her mother to shorten her skirt.
.....
- Timur asked his friend to iron his pants.
.....
- Refah asked his friend to tidy his room.
.....

Choose the verb from the list and use it in the correct form

translate-correct-clean-test-shorten-service-change-carry-cut

- 1.This year dresses are very short. I 'll get my dresses-----
- 2.She can't see well, so she must have her eyes-----
- 3.I don't know German, so I have to get this letter -----
- 4.The young lady got her luggage -----to the station.
- 5.These are some mistakes, so you have to get your homework -----
- 6.Bahra is going to have his old car-----
- 7.Why don't you have the long grass -----in the garden?
- 8.When will you have these old tyres -----?

Rewrite the sentences

- 1.The teacher got the students to repeat the sentences.
The teacher got the sentences -----
- 2.Kaan has had the gardener water the flowers.
Kaan -----
- 3.She must have the cleaner clean the windows.
She -----
- 4.He can get his sister to iron his shirts.
He -----
- 5.I will have the secretary type my letters.
I -----
- 6.Ayse had the hairdresser cut her hair.
Ayse -----
- 7.Tim must have the dentist examine his teeth.
Tim-----
- 8.We must get the boys to carry the chairs upstairs.
We-----
- 9.I couldn't get my daughter to take our photos.
I -----

Fill in the blanks with correct forms of the verbs

- 1.The policeman made the burglar -----(leave) his gun.
- 2.The boss had the letters -----(type).
- 3.The boy got his friends----- (help) him with his homework.
- 4.My mother made me -----(tidy) my room.
- 5.She got her friends -----(play) basketball.
- 6.Mr. Alp got his radio -----(repair).
- 7.We had the waiter -----(bring) us some cola.
- 8.My father made my brother -----(take) me to school.
- 9.Did you get your trousers -----(clean)?
- 10.I stopped at the service station to get my car ----- (check).
- 11.Do you often have your shoes -----(polish) ?
- 12.She makes him -----(phone) her every day.

Complete the sentences

- 1.My mother always lets me-----
- 2.My father never makes me-----
- 3.His silly jokes always make us-----
- 4.I got my mother -----
- 5.You should have the waiter-----
- 6.Your suitcase looks heavy. Why don't you get it-----?

Fill in the blanks with the correct form using “ Have”, “Make”, “Get” or “Let”

- 1.The couple -----the whole garden decorated a few days before the wedding.
- 2.The students ----- to stay in the classroom during the break due to their naughtiness yesterday.
- 3.Bora -----his bike stolen while he was waiting in the queue to draw some money.
- 4.As long as you go on behaving irresponsibly, they will never -----you carry out your own decisions.
- 5.My brother is trying to -----my uncle to lend him his car for the weekend.

Rewrite the following sentences by using the *have/get causative construction*.

- 1.The assistant regularly checks the reports for Mr.Alp.
Mr.Alp------(active)
Mr.Alp------(passive)
- 2.Since she has to work all week, Müge is going to find someone to do the cooking on weekdays.
On weekdays------(active)
On weekdays------(passive)
- 3.I think you should call someone to take all those boxes down for you.
I think you ------(active)
I think you------(passive)
- 4.I won't buy new furniture until the walls are painted and floors are polished.
I ------(active)
I------(passive)
- 5.It seems that nobody has washed Ali's car so far.
It seems that Ali-----

Rewrite the sentences without changing their meanings

My mother asked a woman to sew her dress.

My mother had her dress sewn.

Mr. Forest employed someone to clean his new car.

Mr. forest had his new car cleaned.

We employed someone to cut the lawn.

.....
Somebody does my homework for me.

.....
Donald asked someone to translate the letter.

.....
Nil posted the letters for Mr. Nail.

.....
Lale asked him to sharpen the knives.

.....
Talat asked the man to repair his bicycle.

.....
Jale asked her mother to shorten her skirt.

.....
Timur asked his friend to iron his pants.

.....
Refah asked his friend to tidy his room.

.....
Sinan asked his father to buy a new bike.

.....
We use tins form to emphasize the person who does the action.

Examples:

- a. *I had Mr. Riley repair my car.*
- b. *Ted got his friend to do the exercises.*
- c. *Charles had the carpenter repair the chairs.*
- d. *Dorian had her hairdresser cut her hair.*

Rewrite the following sentences as in the examples.

1. I told Nicolas to answer the questions.

I had Nicolas answer the questions.

2. Victor persuaded him to earn his suitcase.

Victor had him carry his suitcase.

3. My wife reminded my daughters to buy some milk.

4. Mark asked the doctor to treat the poor woman.

5. Jill asked Mr. Lineker to mend her shoes.

6. Joe asked his sister to iron his trousers.

7. The judge tried to force the man to pay the damage.

8. Jonathan asked his tailor to lengthen his jacket.

9. Oliver asked his sister to check his term-work.

10. Cliff asked his wife to make a cake.

11. Dustin Hoffman reminded his friends to bring some flowers.

12. Morris asked his girl friend to post the letters.

Finish the sentences using the correct form of GET/ HAVE with underlined words and suitable participles

1. She never calls a porter to call the bags.

She never has-----

2. Have you ever persuaded anyone to do your homework?

Have you ever -----?

3. My sister is ironing the trousers for my father.

My father is -----

4. Please call somebody to clean the car.

Please-----

5. What are those workmen doing over there?

B: They are building a garage for me.

I am -----

6. I will employ a decorator to decorate my house.

I'll -----

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