

Present Simple (presente simple)

Uses (usos):

- Routines (rutinas)
- General facts (hechos que no cambian, ej. el agua hierve a 100°)
- Future plans (planes a futuro)
- Present facts (hechos del presente, ej. vivo en Caballito)

Adverbs of frequency (adverbios de frecuencia):

- Always (siempre)
- Usually (usualmente)
- Sometimes (a veces)
- Once a week (una vez por semana)
- Every day (todos los días)
- On + day of the week (ej. On Mondays/ los lunes)
- Never (nunca)

Form (regla gramatical):

- Afirmativo: Sujeto + verbo + objeto (ej. I / We / You / They like tea. He / She / It likes tea)
- Negativo: Sujeto + don't / doesn't + objeto (ej. I / We / You / They **don't** like tea. He / She / It **doesn't** like tea)
- Interrogativo (preguntas): Do / does + sujeto + verbo + objeto. (ej. **Do** I / We / You / They like tea? **Does** He / She / It like tea?)
- **Remember!!**

<u>Remember</u>		
Rules for the 3rd person singular (He, She, It)		
In general + S	Verbs ending in consonant + Y → IES	Verbs ending in: O, SH, SS, CH, X + ES
Work → Works	Study → Studies	Go → Goes
Eat → Eats	Cry → Cries	Fix → Fixes
Play → Plays	Try → Tries	Miss → Misses

Para la tercera persona del singular (Él, Ella, Eso) tenemos que agregar al verbo en la forma afirmativa S / ES o IES. Dependiendo de con qué letra termine el verbo.

Verb to be (el verbo ser o estar - depende del contexto lo que quieras decir)

- I **am** intelligent
- He / She / It **is** intelligent
- We / You / They **are** intelligent

Present Continuous (presente continuo)

Uses (usos):

- Things happening NOW (cosas que están pasando ahora)
- Arrangements (planes en el futuro, como citas con el médico)

Adverbs of frequency (adverbios de frecuencia):

- Now (ahora)
- Right now (ahora mismo)
- Today (hoy)
- At the moment (en este momento)

Form (regla gramatical):

- Afirmativo: Sujeto + verbo to be + verbo con ing
- Negativo: Sujeto + verbo to be + not + verbo con ing
- Interrogativo: Verbo to be + Sujeto + verbo con ing

Ejercicios:

1. Read the text. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct present simple form. (léa el texto. Poné los verbos en paréntesis en la correcta forma del presente simple)



The Simpsons _____ (be) a very happy family. They _____ (live) in Springfield.

Homer _____ (work) in a nuclear plant and Marge _____ (be) a housewife. Bart and Lisa _____ (go) to Springfield Elementary School. The baby girl, Maggie _____ (be) with Marge all day.

On weekends, they _____ (visit) grandpa and Marge's sisters.

2. Choose the correct verb form (elegí la forma correcta)

- Lisa **studies / is studying** at this moment.
- Carl **works / is working** in the Nuclear Plant every day
- Homer **drinks / is drinking** beer every day, but today he **drinks / is drinking** water.
- Marge **is making / makes** cakes every Sunday.
- Apu **has / is having** a great time in India on his holidays.
- Bart **plays / is playing** with Milhouse every morning in the school.
- Look! Maggie **drives / is driving** the car!
- Homer **gets / is getting** up at ten o'clock on Saturdays.
- Lisa **is playing / plays** the saxophone every day before dinner.
- Homer and Marge **have / are having** four kids.