

TRƯỜNG THCS: TRUNG VUONG- Ktra 1 tiết – G8

T.D

I. LISTENING (2,5MS):

Part 1: Listen to the passage and choose the correct answer.

1. What percentage of Britain's population dream of living in the country?
A. 18% B. 80% C. 20%
2. English village communities are often small and
A. close B. poor C. unknown
3. Which is village life good for, according to Maggie?
A. Children B. People who have money C. People who
don't have money
4. People in English villages use private transport.....
A little B. less C. more
5. The environment of English villages is
A. spoil B. not spoilt much C. not safe

Part 2: Listen to the conversation between Nguyen and Nick then make True/False.

6. Nguyen didn't think country life could be so interesting

A. True B. False

7. Nguyen never joins the boys in herding the buffaloes.

A. True B. False

8. Rice is transported home on trucks

A. True B. False

9. Nick would like to visit the countryside at harvest time.

A. True B. False

10. Nguyen thinks life in the city is faster than that in the countryside.

A. True B. False

II. USE OF ENGLSIH (2,5MS)

***Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others**

11. A. gather B. relax C. cattle D. craft

*** Choose the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others**

12. A. disturb B. pasture C. diverse D. minority

***Choose the correct option to complete the following sentences. (A,B,C or D)**

13. My dad doesn't mind..... my mom from work every day.

A. pick up B. picked up C. picking up D. picks up

14. I love the people in my village. They are so..... and hospitable.

A. friendly B. vast C. slow D.
inconvenient

15. Can you speak English ? My English is not good.

A. slow B. more slowly C. quickly D. more quickly

16. Viet Nam is multicultural country with 54 ethnic groups.

A. a B. an C. the D. A and C

17. Which ethnic groups has the largest population in Viet Nam?

A. Kinh B. Muong C. Tay D. Hmong

18. The Lao are one of many Thai- speaking peoples.

A. the B. a C. an D. A and C

19. Saint Gióng was unable to talk, smile, or walk he was three years old.

A. even though B. because C. while D. if

20. I detest so early in the morning.

A. get up B. getting up C. gets up D. to get up

III. READING COMPREHENSION (2,5 ĐIỂM):

Part 1: Read the passage and then decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F).

Five-coloured sticky rice is an important traditional dish of many ethnic minorities in the northern mountainous regions. People call the dish five- coloured sticky rice because it has five colours: red, yellow, green, purple and white. The things that create the colours are not chemicals but natural roots and leaves. The five colours of the dish represent five elements of life according to Vietnamese beliefs: yellow

is earth, red is fire, green is plants, white is metal, and purple or black is water. People believe that these five elements create harmony between heaven and earth. Five-coloured sticky rice is usually made and enjoyed at Tet, in festivals and ceremonies, on special occasions, and whenever the family has guests.

21. Five- coloured sticky rice is a traditional dish.

A. True B. False

22. Five- coloured sticky rice is made with chemical.

A. True B. False

23. These elements create harmony between people.

A. True B. False

24. This rice is only made when there are guests.

A. True B. False

Part 2: Read the text and answer the questions below

MY VILLAGE

Hi. I'm Nam. I live in a village by Mekong River. Every day, like most of my friends, I walk to school. It is three kilometers away. After class, I often help my mother to collect water from the river and feed the chickens. At the weekend, the villagers often gather at the community hall where there is a TV. The adults watch TV, but more often they talk about their farm work

and exchange news. The children run around, playing games and shouting merrily.

Laughter is heard everywhere.

My father sometimes takes me to the market town nearby where he sells our home products like vegetables, fruits, eggs... He then buys me an ice cream and lets me take a ride on the electric train in the town square. I love those trips. On starry nights, children lie on the grass, looking at the sky and daring each other to find the Milky Way. We dream of faraway places.

25. How does Nam go to

school?
.....

26. Is his house near his

school?
.....

27. What does he do after class?

.....
.....

28. Where do the villagers watch TV?

.....
.....

29. Does Nam like riding on the electric train in the town square?

.....
.....

30. What do the children do on starry nights?

.....
.....

IV. WRITING (2,5ms)

Part 1: Read the situations and complete the sentences with suitable forms of the words in brackets

31. A horse can run 80km/hr while a camel can only run 12 km/hr. (fast)

↗ A horse can run

.....

32. We are both bad at swimming but I'm better than my sister (badly)

↗ My sister swims

.....

Part 2: Rearrange the words into the correct order

33. than usual/ on Sunday, / get up/ can/ we/ later// .

↗.....

34. rich people/ it's/ true that/ poor people /than/ donate/ not always/ more// .

↗.....

35. peoples/ customs / the ethnic minority/ their own/ traditions/ have/ and// .

→.....

36. Quang Nam Province/ by UNESCO/ My Son/ as a world/ in/ has been
recognized/ heritage site //

↗.....

Part 3: Using the cues given to write meaningful sentences

37. Which/ the smallest population? - The Odu group.

.....

38. The Hmong/ own language?- Yes.

.....

Part 4: Answer about you.

39. Do you like to live in the countryside or in the city ? Why ?

.....

40. What do you do in your leisure time?

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