

Unit 5: Being a part of ASEAN

Worksheet – Review

EXERCISE 1: You will hear three short conversations. There is one question for each conversation. For each of the questions, circle the right answer (A, B, or C). You will listen to the recording twice.

1. How long has he been working as a teacher?

- A. 1 ½ years B. 2 ½ years C. 3 ½ years

2. Which airline are they going to fly with?

- A. British Airways. B. Anglo Air. C. Euroflight.

3. Who is working at the moment?

- A. Her brother. B. Her brother's wife. C. Both A & B.

EXERCISE 2: Listen to a news bulletin. Answer each of the questions with a number. You will listen to the recording twice.

- | |
|---|
| 4. How many people were injured in the crash? _____ |
| 5. How fast was the lorry going? _____ mph |
| 6. How many workers have walked out of the Peugeot factory? _____ |
| 7. What pay rise do they want? _____ % |
| 8. How many more unemployed people are there this year? _____ |

EXERCISE 3: Circle the correct option (A, B, C, or D) to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

9. A. middle B. minute C. mission D. mistake
10. A. population B. scientific C. economic D. relationship
11. A. decisive B. reliable C. determined D. reconciled

EXERCISE 4: Circle the correct option (A, B, C, or D) to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

12. A. terrorist B. dissoluve C. technology D. category
13. A. hair B. parrot C. scary D. caring
14. A. soccerer B. host C. trophy D. go

EXERCISE 5: Circle one option (A, B, C, or D) to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

15. If you have a problem, you ought to not avoid it. Talk to your parents instead!
16. They gave us a warmly welcome when we met each other again after seven years.
17. That restaurant offers a wide selection of foods. Especially, the desserts are tasted delicious!
18. It is completely unreasonable judging people by their looks.
19. You don't have to go upstairs. That is a restricted area.

EXERCISE 6: Match the words in column A with their definitions in column B.

A			B	
20.	cognitive		A.	the act of keeping something in good condition by checking or repairing it regularly
21.	maintenance		B.	the quality or state of being steady and not changing or being disturbed in any way
22.	humanitarian		C.	connected with mental processes of understanding
23.	prioritise		D.	to treat something as being more important than other things
24.	stability		E.	a person who is concerned with reducing suffering and improving the conditions that people live in

EXERCISE 7: For each question, complete the new sentence so that it means the same as the given one(s) using NO MORE THAN FIVE WORDS.

An example has been done for you.

0. Daniel started Italian classes six months ago.

--> *Daniel's had Italian classesfor..... six months.*

25. It was the sculpture that interested Tom most at the exhibition.

--> Tom _____ the most interesting part of the exhibition.

26. The instructor tells us that a diver needs to be physically fit.

--> The instructor tells us that physical fitness _____ a diver.

27. I have learnt English for five years.

--> I _____ five years ago.

28. After I graduate, I'd like to become a vet.

--> It _____ a vet after I graduate.

29. Glenys is willing to help her brother with his homework.

--> Glenys _____ her brother with his homework.

EXERCISE 8: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

30. The police are going to give Anna an award for her _____. (BRAVE)

31. My brother is _____ but that doesn't stop him from doing lots of sport. (ABLE)

32. Looking after the health of 300 children is heavy _____. (RESPONSIBLE)

33. She is a specialist in psychology and human _____. (BEHAVE)

34. He took a job as a sales _____ in a big department store. (ASSIST)

35. This organization works on the fundamental _____ of equality and respect. (PRINCIPAL)

36. Jakarta, the capital of Indonesia, is the center of the country's economics, culture and _____ (POLITICAL).

37. These countries agree that they will not _____ with each other's internal affairs. (INTERFERENCE)

38. This time my mother _____ to Macquarie university for her research fellowship. She did this a few days ago. (APPLICATION)

39. Economic growth, regional peace and _____ are several foci of ASEAN. (STABLE)

EXERCISE 9: Complete each sentence with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

40. Tom couldn't stand _____ (be) in the office for 8 hours every day, so he left his job.

41. I haven't been to Myanmar, and I'd love _____ (go) there some day.

42. My brother and his new wife are now in Malaysia. They _____ (enjoy) their honeymoon there.

43. Look at Tom. He _____ (smell) the fish!

44. I _____ (doubt) that these two students will ever pass the exam. They haven't studied at all these days.

45. "It _____ (look) yummy!" "It really does. My mom made it for us!"

EXERCISE 10: Read the text and put in these phrases/sentences (A-G) where appropriate.

A. and forms of English spoken in Singapore range from Standard Singapore English to a colloquial form known as "Singlish"

B. Singaporeans are mostly bilingual

C. although the use of these is declining in favour of Mandarin and English.

D. Malay is spoken mainly within the Singaporean Malay community

E. English is the native tongue for only one-third of all Singaporeans

F. Tamil has official status in Singapore

G. and official documents written in a non-English official language

Languages in Singapore

Singapore has four official languages: English, Malay, Mandarin Chinese, and Tamil. English is the common language, and is the language of business, government, and the medium of instruction in schools. Public bodies in Singapore, such as the Singapore Public Service, (which includes the Singapore Civil Service and other agencies), conduct their business in English, (46) _____ such as Malay, Chinese or Tamil typically have to be translated into English to be accepted for submission.

The Constitution of Singapore and all laws are written in English, and interpreters are required if one wishes to address the Singaporean Courts in a language other than English. (47) _____, with roughly a quarter of all Singaporean Malays, a third of all Singaporean Chinese, and half of all Singaporean Indians speaking it as their native tongue. Twenty percent of Singaporeans cannot read or write in English.

(48) _____, with English as their common language and usually the mother-tongue as a second language taught in schools, in order to preserve each individual's ethnic identity and values. The official languages amongst Singaporeans are English (80% literacy), Mandarin (65% literacy), Malay (17% literacy), and Tamil (4% literacy). Singapore English is based on British English, (49) _____ Singlish is discouraged by the government.

English is the language spoken by most Singaporeans at home, 36.9% of the population, just ahead of Mandarin. Nearly half a million speak other varieties of Chinese, mainly Hokkien, Teochew, and Cantonese, as their home language, (50) _____. Singapore Chinese characters are written using simplified Chinese characters.

Malay was chosen as a national language by the Singaporean government after independence from Britain in the 1960s to avoid friction with Singapore's Malay-speaking neighbours - Malaysia and Indonesia. It has a symbolic, rather than functional purpose. It is used in the national anthem “Majulah Singapura”, in citations of Singaporean orders and decorations, and in military commands. In general, (51) _____ with only 17% of all Singaporeans literate in Malay and only 12% using it as their native language. While Singaporean Malay is officially written in the Latin-based Rumi script, some Singaporean Malays still learn the Arabic-based Jawi script as children alongside Rumi, and Jawi is considered an ethnic script for use on Singaporean Identity Cards.

Around 100,000, or 3%, of Singaporeans speak Tamil as their native language. (52) _____ and there have been no attempts to discourage the use of other Indian languages.

(Text adapted from <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Singapore>)