ĐỀ CƯƠNG THI GIỮA KỲ 1 KHỐI 12 (NO 1)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. (2 sentences). 1. A. urbanized B. watched C. rushed D. laughed 2. A. manages B. laughs C. photographs D. makes Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions. (2 sentences). 3. A.promote B.service C. arrange D.decide C. initiate 4. A. disappear B. familiar D.tsunami Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions. (3 sentences) 5. The nutritionist(A) recommended(B) that Sally reduced(C) her daily(D) fat intake. A. The nutritionist B. recommended C. reduced D.daily 6. He shouted(A) at his(B) girlfriend, that(C) really disappointed(D) me. A. shouted B. his C. that D.disappointed 7. He knows(A) New York very well because(B) he has gone(C) to the city many times(D). A. knows B. because C. has gone D. many times Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.(15 sentences) 8. In cities, people have access to jobs, health care and other facilities. A. fast-growing B. high-level C. well-estallished D. well-paid 9. Our guests have just arrived. Let's welcome them with a big round applause. A. distinguished B. talented C. happy D. responsible Switching to eco light bulb is one way to protect the environment. A. energy-wasting B. energy-expending C. energy-lacking D. energy-saving 11. Bill Gates has made large donations to numerous organizations. A. charitable B. charitably C. charity 12. You should your car with petrol before starting on a journey A. deal B. supply C. replenish D. offer 13.is what shaped our cities into what they are today. A. Electrification B. Industrialisation C. Determination D. Urbanisation 14. The teacher insisted that Tom more time on his English pronounciation C. should spends B. spends D. spent A. spend

15. The sun is shining and there are very few clouds; , I am sure it is going to rain.

B. hence

A. what's more

C. nevertheless



D. thus

16. The weather in Dala	at is neither too hot in s	ummer too d	cold in winter.			
A. or	B. nor	C. or else	D. otherwise			
17. Mr. Smith is o	old customer and1	honest man.				
A. An/ the	B. the/ an	C. an/ an	D. the/ the			
18 youngest boy	has just started going to	cschool.				
A. a/ x	B. x/ the	C. an/ x	D. the/ x			
19. Last night at this tin	ne, they the same	thing. She and h	e the newspaper.			
A. are doing/ is o	cooking/ is reading	B. were doing/ was	cooking/ was reading			
C. was doing/ ha	s cooked/ is reading	D. had done/ was co	ooking/ read			
20. The boys broke a w	indow when they	football.				
A. played	B. were playing	C. half played	D. are playing			
21. Nowadays, people a	are searching for more	materials to build	d their houses.			
A. environment-	friendly					
C. environmenta	l-friendly	D. environmental-friend				
22. They requested that	she them t	he money she borrowe	ed.			
A. paid	B. pays	C. pay	D. must pay			
Mark the letter	A, B, C, or D on your	answer sheet to indi	cate the word(s) OPPOSITE in			
meaning to the underli	ned word(s) in each of	the following question	ons. (2 sentences)			
23. I propose that we v	vait until the budget ha	s been announced bef	ore committing ourselves to any			
expenditure.						
A. approve	B. recommend	C. reject	D. suggest			
24. Her identity will never be revealed in order to protect her children from being judged.						
A. uncovered	B. proclaimed	C. leaked	D. hid			
Mark the letter	A, B, C, or D on your	r answer sheet to ind	icate the word(s) CLOSEST in			
meaning to the underli	n word(s) in each of th	ne following questions	. (2 sentences)			
25. The repeated commercials on TV distract many viewers from watching their favourite						
films.						
A. advertisemen	nts B. contests	C. businesses	D. economics			
26. Polish artist Pawel	Kuzinsky creates satiri	cal paintings filled wi	th thought-provoking messages			
about the world.						
A. inspirational	B. provocative	C . stimulating	D. universal			
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer s	heet to indicate the mo	ost suitable response to complete			
each of the following e	xchanges. (2 sentences	s)				
27:Lan and Nam are discussing on leaving school of students						



Lan: Should students be allowed to leave school who	en they are 14?				
Nam:					
A. I don't think so. I think it is very important to have	a good education.				
B. Who wants to leave school at the age of 14?					
C. It is a hard decision.					
D. Students can't have their own choice at the age of	14.				
28: Mike and Lane are neighbors. They are talking about La	ne's party.				
Mike: "Thank you for a lovely evening".					
Lane: ""					
A. It depends on you.	B. Thank you very much indeed.				
C. Yeah. I'm really looking forward to it.	D. You are welcome.				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indica	ate the sentence that best combines each				
pair of sentences in the following questions.					
29. There was a hurricane in August 1992 over West Africa.	. This hurricane was named Andrew.				
A. There was a hurricane who was named Andrew in Augu	st 1992 over West Africa.				
B. There was a hurricane what was named Andrew in August	st 1992 over West Africa.				
C. There was a hurricane which was named Andrew in August	ust 1992 over West Africa.				
D. There was a hurricane whom was named Andrew in Aug	ust 1992 over West Africa.				
30. They whispered. They didn't want anyone to hear them.	" Means				
A. They whispered in order to make anyone hear them					
B. They whispered so that no one could hear them					
C. They whispered to make everyone hear them					
D. They whispered in order that make everyone hear the	m				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate	te the sentence that is closest in meaning				
to each of the following questions.					
31. Although he is intelligent, he doesn't do well at school.					
A. Despite his intelligence, he doesn't do well at scho	ool.				
B. In spite he is intelligent, he doesn't do well at scho	ol.				
C. Although his intelligence, he does well at school.					
D. In spite of intelligent, he doesn't do well at school					

- 32. He didn't hurry so he missed the plane.
 - A. If he hurried, he wouldn't miss the plane.
 - B. If he had hurried, he might catch the plane.
 - C. If he had hurried, he could have caught the plane.
 - D. He didn't miss the plane because he hurried



- 33. She was so busy that she couldn't answer the phone.
 - A. She was very busy that she couldn't answer the phone.
 - B. She was too busy to answer the phone.
 - C. She was too busy not to answer the phone.
 - D. She was very busy so that she couldn't answer the phone

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 38.

	Urban development i	s naving a direct impa	act on the weather in	(34) cities worldwide. It				
has b	has been noticed that the difference in temperature is usually greater at night and the phenomenon							
occur	occurs in both winter and summer. Experts agree that this is due to urban development, when open							
green	green spaces are replaced with asphalt roads and tall brick or concrete buildings. These materials							
retain heat generated by the Sun and release it through the night. In Atlanta, in the US, this has even								
led to	led to thunderstorms (35) occur in the morning rather than, as is more common, in the							
aftern	ioon.							
	Large cities around th	ne world are adopting	g strategies to comba	t this issue, (36) it is not				
uncor	nmon to find plants g	rowing on top of roo	fs or down the walls	of large buildings. In Singapore,				
the government has pledged to transform it(37) a "city within a garden" and, in 2006, they								
held an international competition calling for entries to develop a master plan to help bring this about.								
One outcome was the creation of 18 "Supertrees" - metal constructions resembling very tall trees.								
Each one is a vertical freestanding garden and is (38) to exotic plants and ferns. They also								
conta	in solar panels used	to light the trees at n	ight and also contain	ers to collect rainwater, making				
them	truly self-sufficient.							
34:	A. one	B. many	C. each	D. much				
35:	A. which	B. where	C. what	D. when				
36:	A. however	B. for	C. otherwise	D. and				
37:	A. to	B. into	C. for	D. with				
38:	A. land	B. house	C. place	D. home				

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.

Did you ever watch a video on the Internet? Maybe you used YouTube. YouTube is a Website where people can share their video. Today, YouTube is an important part of the Internet. However, that wasn't always true.

YouTube started with a young man named Jawed Karim and two friends. One day, Karim was on the Internet. He wanted information about the 2004 tsunami in Southeast Asia. He found news stories



about it, but he couldn't find any videos. **This** gave Karim an idea. He wanted to help people put video on the Internet. Karim told his friends about this idea. Together, they created a company - YouTube.

YouTube become a global success. Millions of people around the world visited the Website. It was clear to Google, another Internet company, that YouTube had a lot of value. Google made a deal. It bought YouTube for \$1.65 billion. As a result, YouTube investors and its employees made a lot of money. The three friends who started YouTube were very big investors. Therefore, they made an enormous amount of money.

Karim became very rich, and he continued to work toward his PhD. There was something else he wanted to do. He wanted to help young people go into business. He used money and experience to start a new company called Youniversity Ventures. This company helps young people who have good business ideas. It gives them advice and money to start Internet businesses. Milo is one business that students started with the help of Youniversity Ventures.

Milo is a shopping Website. It helps people find products in stores near their homes. Another example is AirBob. This Web site helps people find for video conferences. People in different places can use this site to have business meetings.

Karim has some advice for students who want to start business. First, find a successful company. Do a lot of research about the company and the top people in the company. There, copy the way they do things. For students who wants to start Internet business, Karim is probably a very good example to copy.

3	9:	W	hat	can	be	the	best	title	for	the	passage'	?

A. Sharing Success on the Internet.

B. To be successful on the Internet.

C. Support from Youniversity Ventures.

D. The best videos from YouTube.

40: What does the word "This" in paragraph 2 refers to?

A. the 2004 tsunami in Southeast Asia.

B. that he could find no videos.

C. the news stories he could find.

D. the information of the 2004 tsunami.

Question 41: YouTube now belongs to

A. Milo

B. Youniversity

C. Google

D. Tokbox

Question 42: Which of the following can replace the word "enormous" in paragraph 4?

A. increasing

B. giant

C. considerable

D. huge

Question 43: What is Karim's advice for students who want to start business?

A. Get a PhD degree from famous university.

B. Copy successful people and companies.

C. Give money to Youniversity Ventures.

D. Work for successful people and companies.



Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

Although noise, commonly defined as unwanted sound, is a widely recognized form of pollution, it is very difficult to measure because the discomfort experienced by different individuals is highly subjective and therefore, variable. Exposure to lower levels of noise may be slightly irritating, whereas exposure to higher levels may actually cause hearing loss. Particularly in **congested** urban areas, the noise produced as a by-product of our advancing technology causes physical and psychological harm, and detracts from the quality of life for those who are exposed to <u>it</u>.

Unlike the eyes, which can be covered by the eyelids against strong light, the ear has no lid, and is therefore, always open and vulnerable; noise penetrates without protection

Noise causes effects that the hearer cannot control and to which the body never becomes accustomed. Loud noises instinctively signal danger to any organism with a hearing mechanism, including human beings. In response, heartbeat and respiration <u>accelerate</u>, blood vessels constrict, the skin pales, and muscles tense. In fact, there is a general increase in functioning brought about by the flow of adrenaline released in response to fear, and some of these responses persist even longer than the noise, occasionally as long as thirty minutes after the sound has ceased.

Because noise is unavoidable in a complex, industrial society, we are constantly responding in the same way that we would respond to danger. Recently, researchers have concluded that noise and our response may be much more than an annoyance. It may be a serious threat to physical and psychological health and well-being, causing damage not only to the ear and brain but also to the heart and stomach. We have long known that hearing loss is America's number one nonfatal health problem, but now we are learning that some of us with heart disease and ulcers may be victims of noise as well. Fetuses exposed to noise tend to be overactive, they cry easily and they are more sensitive to gastrointestinal problems after birth. In addition, the psychic effect of noise is very important. Nervousness, irritability, tension, and anxiety increase affecting the quality of rest during sleep, and the efficiency of activities during waking hours, as well as the way that we interact with each other.

- 44. Which of the following is the author's main point?
 - A. Hearing loss is America's number one nonfatal health problem.
 - B. Loud noises signal danger.
 - C. Noise may pose a serious threat to our physical and psychological health,
 - D. The ear is not like the eye.
- 45. According to the passage, what is noise?
 - A. A byproduct of technology
- B. Physical and psychological harm

C. Congestion

- D. Unwanted sound
- 46. Why is noise difficult to measure?



A. All p	eople do not respond to it	in the same way.				
B. It cau	B. It causes hearing loss.		C. It is unwanted.			
D. Peop	le become accustomed to i	t.				
47. The word c	ongested in paragraph 1 c	ould best be replaced by				
A. hazar	dous B. crowded	C. polluted	D. rushed			
48. The word <u>it</u>	in the end of the first para	agraph refers to				
A. The o	quality of life	B. our advancing tec	B. our advancing technology			
C. the no	oise	D. physical and psyc	D. physical and psychological harm			
49. Look at the	verb accelerate in paragra	aph 3. Which of the following	ng is the closest meaning to it			
A. cease	B. rise	C. swell	D. increase			
50. It can be in	ferred from this passage th	at the eye				
A. responds to fears		B. enjoys greater pro	B. enjoys greater protection than the ear			
C incre	ases function	D is damaged by no	D is damaged by noise			

