## Measure of Central Tendency & Dispersion (grouped data)

1. Find the mean, mode and median for the following data set using formula:

| Class | 22 - 24 | 25 - 27 | 28 - 30 | 31 - 33 | 34 - 36 | 37 - 39 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Frequency | 100 | 152 | 114 | 133 | 145 | 160 |

| Class | $f$ | Boundaries | $x$ | $f(x)$ | $F$ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
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| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| $\sum$ | | | | | |

Mean, $\bar{x} =$ ——

$=$

Median, $m = \frac{1}{2}($ $)$

$=$ $location$

Mode, $m_o =$ $+\left(\frac{}{+} \times \right)$

$=$

$\therefore m =$ $+\left(\frac{-}{} \times \right)$

$=$

2. Find the mean, mode and median for the following data set using formula:

| Height (m) | 1.50 – 1.54 | 1.55 – 1.59 | 1.60 – 1.64 | 1.65 – 1.69 | 1.70 – 1.74 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Frequency | 10 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 8 |

| Class | $f$ | Boundaries | $x$ | $f(x)$ | $F$ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
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| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| $\sum$ | | | | | |

Mean, $\bar{x} =$ ——

=

Median, $m = \frac{1}{2}($ $)$

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= $location$

Mode, $m_o =$ $+\left(\frac{}{+} \times \right)$ $\therefore m$ $+\left(\frac{—— -}{} \times \right)$

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