

I. Choose the best answer.

1. The people who _____ the survey said that they had examined over 1,000 accidents.
A. gave B. proceed C. set D. conducted
2. The house we have rented is _____. So we will have to buy some beds, chairs, tables, etc.
A. unrestored B. unrepaired C. unfurnished D. undecorated
3. He was turned down for the job because he is _____.
A. qualified B. qualifying C. unqualified D. qualification
4. _____ had booked in advance were allowed in.
A. Only who B. Only those who C. Only who were those D. Only were those who
5. I accidentally _____ Mike when I was crossing a street downtown yesterday.
A. lost touch with B. kept an eye on C. paid attention to D. caught sight of
6. Jane: "It's going to rain". Mary: "_____".
A. I hope not so B. I don't hope either C. I don't hope so D. I hope not
7. The campaign raised far more than the _____ of \$20,000.
A. aim B. object C. goal D. target
8. Only thoroughly unpleasant people leave the _____ of their picnics to spoil the appearance of the countryside.
A. rest B. remainder C. remains D. restor
9. My friends have just moved to a new flat in a residential area on the _____ of Paris.
A. suburbs B. outside C. outskirts D. side
10. It is necessary that an employee _____ his work on time.
A. finish B. finishes C. finishing D. finished
11. The police carried out a _____ search for the missing diplomat.
A. thorough B. through C. throughout D. thoughtful
12. Peter is very tall. He really _____ from the rest of his class.
A. stands out B. sits out C. sits up D. stands up
13. He was arrested for having _____.
A. set fired on my house B. set my house to fire
C. set my house on fire D. made my house go in flames
14. the low rainfall this year, the crops did not produce a high yield.
A. Since B. Despite C. Due to D. Because
15. The color of your shirt does not that of your trousers.
A. suit B. fit C. harmonize D. match
16. People believe there is a between the two crimes.
A. joint B. chain C. link D. connector
17. I can't tell Peter and Paul apart; they are twin.
A. similar B. alike C. resemblance D. identical
18. The children often make of Charles, which annoys his parents very much.
A. allowance B. fun (đùa) C. way D. consideration
19. You are not allowed to drive the influence alcohol.
A. under/of B. in/of C. under/by D. by/in
20. Rather than disturb the meeting, I left without saying goodbye.
A. I disturbed the meeting because I said goodbye.
B. The meeting was disturbed as I left saying goodbye.
C. I would rather disturb the meeting than leave without saying goodbye.
D. I left without saying goodbye as I didn't want to disturb the meeting.
- 21: Jenny is so creative that we all can rely on her for original ideas.
A. Creative as Jenny is, we can rely on her for original ideas.
B. Being creative, we can all rely on Jenny for original ideas.

- C. So creative is Jenny that we all can rely on her for original ideas.
 D. Jenny is such creative girl that we all can rely on her for original ideas.
- 22: When I told the doctor that I had had earache for nearly a month, he gave me a _____ for ear-drops.
 A. prescription B. recipe C. receipt D. ticket
- 23: Today, women are increasingly involved _____ the politics.
 A. of B. to C. in D. at
- 24: The judge _____ the murderer to a lifetime imprisonment.
 A. advised B. prosecuted C. convicted D. accused
- 25: The boy was _____ by a family in the countryside.
 A. brought up B. reared C. grown up D. bred
- 26: "Never say that again, _____"
 A. won't you B. do you C. don't you D. will you
- 27: He lost his job _____ no fault of his own.
 A. through B. by C. with D. over
- 28: From the hotel there is a good _____ of the mountains.
 A. vision B. view C. sight D. picture
- 29: Bill Gates is probably the best known and most successful _____ in computer software.
 A. pioneer B. navigator C. generator D. volunteer
- 30: He thinks you are _____ your time looking for a job in this town. There's not much to do here.
 A. wasting B. missing C. losing D. spending

II. There are 12 mistakes in the passage (1 mistake in each line). Find them and correct them.

LINE	TEXT
1.	Bill Gates is the richest man in the world. Recent, he said that he would give \$100 million to
2.	help people in India who has the HIV virus. The Indian government was unhappy about this,
3.	however. It said that Mr. Gates' gift would cause panic in India because of people would think
4.	that the problem of HIV/AIDS in India was getting bad. Mr. Gates was not worried by this
5.	reaction, therefore, "There is a big, big problem with AIDS in India," he said. "And we have
6.	seen in other country what happens with AIDS if you don't take early action."
7.	While he was being in India, he visited an AIDS hospice in Delhi. Earlier, the Indian government
8.	said that it was very unhappy with a report who predicted that 20 million to 25 million Indians
9.	would probably have the virus by 2010. The report also told that India would soon be the country
10.	with the largest number of AIDS cases. On the moment, South Africa has most cases of AIDS
11.	in the world. A new, shocked report says that Eurasia - India, China and Russia - will sooner have
12.	the same kind of AIDS pandemic that is destroying sub-Saharan Africa.

III. Rearrange the following sentences of the conversation. Number the sentences in order. Write your answer in the box provided. Number 0 has been done for you.

- A: Oh! Just a second. It's Thursday today, isn't it?
 B: All right. What do you want to do then?

C: Turn the television on if you are bored.
 D: Well.... I want to watch the boxing on television this evening. I always watch it.
 E: Television! That's the trouble. We never go out in the evenings. We always watch television. It's terrible.
 F: How do you know? You never see them!
 G: That's right. So what?
 H: Oh, all right! We can go to the cinema if that's what you want. Where is my coat?
 I: Oh, dear. I'm bored.
 J: Swedish films! Ugh! I don't like them.
 K: Hmm...I don't know...the Academy cinema is showing a new Swedish film this evening.

Your answers: 0.1

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

IV. Read the following article and fill in each gap a suitable word.

My dream house

I dream of living in a small, stylish modern flat in a historic old building house near the center of a large city (1) _____ as Paris or Vienna. This would be quite different (2) _____ the small suburban house where I live (3) _____ present. It would be conveniently close to theatres, art galleries and the best shops and I hope I'd have many good friends (4) _____ nearby who would visit or go out with me.

I don't need a large flat because I'd live on my (5) _____. This would give me the freedom to do (6) _____ I wanted when I wanted. It would consist (7) _____ a cozy bedroom, a light, comfortable sitting room, and well-equipped kitchen. Ideally, it could (8) _____ a small balcony with a few plants where I could sit on sunny days. It would be in a quiet street lined with trees which flower in spring.

I wouldn't need (9) _____ space. I'd just want enough room to keep my books and my music. If I had all these things, I'd be happy (10) _____ years.

V. Read the passage and answer the questions below.

These days, most people in Britain and America do not wear very formal clothes. But sometimes it is important to wear the right thing.

Many British people don't think about clothes about clothes very much. They just like to be comfortable. When they go out to enjoy themselves, they can wear almost anything. At theaters, cinemas and concerts you can put on what you like from elegant suits and dresses to jeans and sweaters. Anything goes, as long as you look clean and tidy.

But in Britain, as well as in America, men in offices usually wear suits and ties, and women wear dresses or skirts (not trousers). Doctors, lawyers and business people wear quite formal clothes. And in some hotels and restaurants men have to wear ties and women wear smart dresses.

In many years, American people are more relaxed than British people, but they are more careful with clothes. At home, or on holiday, most American people wear informal or sporty clothes. But when they go out in the evening, they like to look elegant. In good hotels and restaurants, men have to wear jackets and ties, and women wear pretty clothes and smart hairstyles.

It is difficult to say exactly what people wear informal or formal in Britain and America, because everyone is different. If you are not sure what to wear, watch other people do and then do the same. You'll feel more relaxed if you don't look too different from everyone else.

- Many British people wear freely when they _____.
 A. attend meetings B. attend lectures C. spend their spare time D. meet their friends.
- Who doesn't usually wear suits and ties?
 A. Lawyers B. Doctors C. Drivers D. Secretaries
- If you visit an American friend at home in the evening, you may find that your friend wears _____.
 A. pretty clothes B. informal clothes C. formal clothes D. dirty clothes
- If you are in a foreign country, the best way the writer suggests to you is to wear _____.
 A. strange clothes B. as the people there do C. your native clothes D. pretty clothes

5. What do you think the message is mainly about?
- Recent dressing habit in Great Britain and America.
 - The reason why informal clothing is popular in Britain and America.
 - When we should wear in a formal way.
 - Where we should wear in a formal way.

VI. Choose the best answer from A, B, C or D to complete each of the following sentences.

Earth getting darker as sunlight decreases.

In a recent report, scientists claimed that the Earth is getting darker because of pollution in the atmosphere. The reason for this (1) _____ apparent in 2001 when flights in the US were grounded for a few days and scientists (2) _____ that days were brighter and nights were cooler. It is thought that pollution is (3) _____ for this. Sunlight is reflected back into space after hitting particles created by car fumes, aerosol and airplanes.

Scientists (4) _____ that this phenomenon may have (5) _____ the climate from becoming even warmer. They also believe that when anti-pollution laws (6) _____ into effect, the speed at which the world's climate changes will (7) _____. To the surprise of the scientists (8) _____ the world, hundreds of instruments recorded a drop of around ten per cent in the amount of sunshine which was (9) _____ the surface of the Earth from the late 1950s to early 1960s.

The (10) _____ on agriculture could be very damaging, since even a one per cent reduction in sunlight is enough to reduce the growth of some crops. The factors that have led to the reduction in sunlight also cause various environmental problems, such as air pollution and acid rain. Some scientists believe that the reflection of heat has (11) _____ the oceans cooler. As a result, less rain forms and this may have played a (12) _____ in changing weather patterns in the last few years.

1	A. came	B. became	C. got	D. made
2	A. noticed	B. learned	C. knew	D. measured
3	A. guilty	B. accused	C. suspicious	D. responsible
4	A. advise	B. alert	C. alarm	D. warn
5	A. prevented	B. avoided	C. controlled	D. protected
6	A. go	B. arrive	C. come	D. become
7	A. increase	B. go up	C. develop	D. hurry up
8	A. over	B. around	C. in	D. though
9	A. arriving	B. touching	C. getting	D. reaching
10	A. effect	B. result	C. change	D. consequence
11	A. cause	B. resulted	C. made	D. got
12	A. piece	B. part	C. effect	D. game

VII. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

Today, more and more women are actively participating in social activities both in urban and rural areas. Specifically, they have shined brightly in even many fields commonly regarded as the man's areas such as business, scientific research and social management. In some areas, women even show more overwhelming power than men. The image of contemporary Vietnamese women with creativeness, dynamism, success has become popular in Vietnam's society. The fact reveals that the gender gap has been remarkably narrowed and women enjoy many more opportunities to pursue their social careers and obtain success, contributing to national

socio-economic development. According to Ms, Le Thi Quy, Director of the Gender/and Development Research Centre under the University of Social Sciences and Humanities, Hanoi National University, gender equity in Vietnam has reached a high level over the past decade. The rate of Vietnamese women becoming National Assembly members *from* the 9th term to the 11th term increased 8.7%, bringing the proportion of Vietnamese women in authority to 27.3%, the highest rate in Southeast Asia. There is no big gap in the level of literacy and schooling between men and women. Women account for about 37% of university and college graduates, 19.9% of doctoral degree holders and 6.7% of professors and associate professors.

The legitimate rights of women and children are ensured more than ever before with more complete legal documents including laws, conventions and national action plans, among which the laws on "gender equity" mark a turning-point in the empowerment of women.

Mass media also highlights the continued success of women in every field and honors their great importance in modern society, helping to do away with outdated perceptions about traditional women's duties. Many projects on reproductive health care, children protection, and family income improvement jointly conducted by various mass organizations, state agencies and non-governmental organizations have created favorable conditions *for* women to become involved.

1. The text is about _____.
 A. the changes in the status of Vietnamese women B. the Vietnamese women's liberation
 C. the Vietnamese sex Discrimination D. the discrimination that Vietnamese women have to face
2. Which adjective is not used to describe Vietnamese women?
 A. successful B. creative C. narrow D. dynamic
3. According to the data in the text, _____.
 A. Vietnamese women do not take part in authority B. there are no female professors in Vietnam
 C. the level of literacy and schooling between men and women in Vietnam is the same
 D. there are more women in authority in Vietnam than those in any other countries in Southeast Asia .
4. Vietnamese women _____.
 A. have few opportunities to develop their intellectual ability
 B. have only shined brightly in doing housework C. cannot do any scientific research
 D. are ensured their rights with laws, conventions and national action plans
5. Which is not mentioned in the text as a project to create condition for Vietnamese women?
 A. Traditional women's duties B. Reproductive health care
 C. Children protection D. Family income improvement

VIII. Seven phrases/clauses have been removed from the following passage. Read the passage and choose from the phrases/clauses A–H the one which fits each gap (1 – 6). There is one extra phrase/clause which you do not need to use. Write your answer in the numbered boxes. There is an example (0).

- A. shopping is a way of getting out and meeting people
 B. for most of us in today's busy world
 C. than it did on the screen
 D. without leaving the house

- E. from what it was
- F. if you are already using it for business
- G. or make a phone call
- H. where you can see

You no longer need to leave your house in order to shop! In fact you don't even have to post a letter (0) G – you simply use the Internet. More and more shops are connecting to the Internet (1) _____ what you would like to buy on your screen in your own living room. I'm not suggesting you should get onto the Internet simply to be able to shop. However, (2) _____, study, or other reasons, you might find it useful. Just imagine, no more driving in traffic, no more trying to find a place to park, no more queuing in shops. Now you can buy everything from a new garden seat to a gold ring (3) _____.

Of course there are disadvantages. If you live on your own, especially if you don't work or perhaps don't leave the house much, (4) _____. Also, if you don't actually go to the shop, you can't try to get another 10% off the price! Another problem could be if you are buying clothes – you may need to return some things if they don't fit properly or if the color looks different (5) _____.

However, (6) _____, time is what we haven't got enough of. Shopping on the Internet is probably not less expensive but it is simple, good fun and above all, it's quick!

IX. Using the word in brackets, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one. Do not change the word given.

1. She had completely forgotten him. (MIND)

He had _____

2. My friend took no notice of my advice. (DEAF)

My friend turned _____

3. Peter knew that he had no chance to get a driving licence as it was too hard for him. (WIND)

Peter knew that his chance to get _____

4. Having to tell her about that terrible news, he couldn't make himself to do it. (FACE)

Having to tell her about that terrible news, _____

6. The only reason the party was a success was that a famous film star attended. (IF)

If a famous film star _____

7. If you are not old enough, you cannot watch certain films. (AGE)

If you are _____

8. I don't want to be treated as an inferior any more. (SICK)

I'm _____

9. Dickens' last novel was unfinished when he die (WITHOUT)

=> Dicken _____.

10. The new lecture was unpopular with his students (TAKE)

=> The students didn't _____

11. I just can't decide whether to go to university or not. (MINDS)

I'm _____

X. Rewrite the following sentences without changing their meanings.

1. We only dispatch goods after receiving the money.

- Only after the money.....
2. The fridge is completely empty.
There is.....
3. Can you tell me where the Midland Hotel is?
Can you.....
4. I'm sure it wasn't Mrs. Green you saw because she's in London
It can't
5. People think that the jewels were stolen by one of the guests.
One of the guests
6. No matter how hard I try I could not open the window.
Try.....
7. As I get older, I want to travel less.
The older.....
8. They had to postpone the flight to Rio City till tomorrow
The flight
9. He was late because his car broke down.
The reason.....
10. It was so late that they couldn't do anything about this.
It was.....

LISTENING PRACTICE TEST 7. Listen to the recording twice. Do some tasks as directed.
Questions 1-5. Circle the appropriate letter.

Example

What has the woman lost?

A. a briefcase C. a handbag B. a suitcase D. a wallet

1. What does her briefcase look like?



A



B



C



D

2.

Which picture shows the distinguishing features?



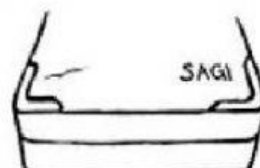
A



B



C



D

3. What did she have inside her briefcase?

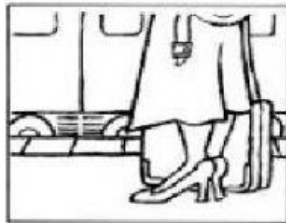
A. wallet, pens and novel

B. papers and wallet

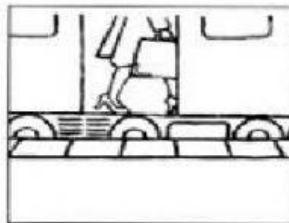
C. pens and novel

D. papers, pens and novel

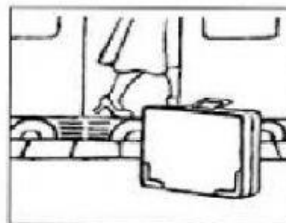
4. Where was she standing when she lost her briefcase?



A



B



C



D

5. What time was it when she lost her briefcase?



A



B



C



D

Questions 6-10. Complete the form Write no more than three words for each answer.

PERSONAL DETAILS FORM	
Name	Mary (6)
Address:	Flat 2 7) (8)Road Canterbury
Telephone:	(9)
Estimated value of lost item: (10) £	