

Read the following text to answer questions number 1-3

Yogyakarta is one of the foremost cultural centers of Java, the seat of the mighty Javanese empire of Mataram from which present-day Yogyakarta has the best inherited of traditions. The city itself has a special charm, which seldom fails to captivate the visitor. Gamelan, classical and contemporary Javanese dances, leather puppet, theater and other expressions of traditional art will keep the visitor spellbound. Local craftsmen excel in art such batik, silver and leather works. Next to traditional, contemporary art has found fertile soil Yogyakarta's culture-oriented society

Yogyakarta is often called the main gateway to the Central Java as where it is geographically located. It stretches from Mount Merapi to the Indian Ocean. There is a daily air service to Yogya from Jakarta, Surabaya and Bali as well as regular of Central Java. It is very lively City and a shopper's delight. The main road, Malioboro street is always crowded and famous for its night street food-culture and street vendors. Many tourist shops and cheap hotels are concentrated along this street or in the adjoining tourist area such Sosrowijayan street.

The key attraction of Yogyakarta is 'Kraton' (the sultan's palace), the center of Yogya's traditional life and despite the advantage of modernity; it still emanates the spirit of refinement, which has been the hallmark of Yogya's art for centuries. This vast complex of decaying building was built in the 18th century, and its actually a walled city within the city with luxurious pavilions and in which the current Sultan still resides. Yogyakarta is also the only major city, which still has traditional 'Becak' (rickshaw-style) transport

1. what is the purpose of the text?

- A. To amuse the readers with Yogyakarta
- B. To describe the location of Yogyakarta
- C. To persuade the readers to go to Yogyakarta
- D. To promote Yogyakarta as tourist destination
- E. To tell the readers the history of Yogyakarta

2. We know from the second paragraph that ...

- A. Plane is the most convenient access to reach Yogyakarta
- B. Many local tourists prefer staying in Sosrowijayan Street
- C. Sosrowijayan is also known as shopping and culinary delight
- D. There are many convenient stores in the streets of Yogyakarta

E. Malioboro Street is a crowded mainroad which is alive 24 hours
“... spirit of refinement, which has been the hallmark of Yogya’s art for centuries (paragraph
3). The underline words is closed in meaning

- A. Settlement
- B. Development
- C. Improvement
- D. Involvement
- E. Engagement

Read the following text to answer questions number 4-6

The Indonesian Archipelago

The Indonesian Archipelago is the largest group of islands in the world. It extends between two continents, Asia and Australia. It also lies between two oceans the Samudera Indonesia and the Pacific Ocean.

Indonesia’s 13,667 islands stretch 5,120 kilometres from east to west and 1,770 kilometres from north to south. The five main islands are Sumatera, Java, Kalimantan, Sulawesi, and Irian Jaya.

Indonesia has a land area of 1,904,345 square kilometres. More than half of it is forested land and a part is mountainous, with 15 of the mountains are still volcanically active. One of history’s greatest volcanic eruptions, which killed thousands of people, occurred in 1883 on the island of Krakatau, which lies between Java and Sumatera

Indonesia is one of the most populous countries in the world. Its total population is 160 million. More than 60% of the population live on the island of Java

The Indonesian population consists of more than 300 ethnic groups which speak 500 different languages, but most of them understand the national language, Bahasa Indonesia. The Indonesian government’s campaign to popularize Bahasa Indonesia at present can be seen , through signs in public places and various which say ‘Use good Bahasa Indonesia correctly. Indonesia’s motto offices Bhinneka tunggal Ika, which means Unity in Diversity, symbolizes the unity of the people in spite of their ethnic and cultural origins.

4. The first paragraph tells about

- A. The islands in the world
- B. The location of Indonesia
- C. The continents of Asia and Australia
- D. The Samudera Indonesia and Pacific Ocean
- E. The Indonesian population

5. Based on the text, The Indonesia Archipelago consists of islands.

- A. 1.904.345
- B. 13.667
- C. . 5.120
- D. 1.770
- E. 500

6. "... occurred in the 1883 on the island of Krakatau ..." (see paragraph 3) The underlined word has similar meaning with

- A. Erupted
- B. Was done
- C. Happened
- D. Took part
- E. Built

Read the following text to answer questions number 7-10

Paris

Paris is the capital of a European nation, France. It is also one of the most beautiful and most famous cities in the world

Paris is called the city of Light. It is also an international fashion center. What stylish women are wearing in Paris will be worn by women all over the world. Paris is also famous for its world center of education. For instance, it is the headquarters of UNESCO, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

The Seine River divides the city into two parts. Thirty-two bridges cross this scenic river. The oldest and perhaps the most well-known is Pont Neuf, which was built in the sixteenth century. Sorbonne, a famous university, is located on the left bank (south side) of the river. The beautiful white church Sacre Coeur lies on the top of hill called Montmartre on the right bank (north side) of the Seine

There are many other famous places in Paris, such as the famous museum the Louvre as well the cathedral of Notre Dame. However, the most famous landmark in this city must be the Eiffel Tower.

Paris is named after a group of people called the Parisii. They built a small village on an island in the middle of the Seine River about two thousand years ago. This island is called lie de la Cite. It is where Notre Dame located. Today around eight million people live in Paris area.

7. The fifth paragraph tells

- A. The origin of the word Paris
- B. About the Paris
- C. The location of Notre Dame
- D. A village built a thousand years ago
- E. An island in the middle of the Seine River

8. What is the oldest and most well-known part of the city?

- A. The Seine River
- B. The Pont Neuf
- C. The Sorbonne
- D. The right bank
- E. The left bank

9. From the text we know that Notre Dame is located....

- A. Near left Louvre
- B. On the left bank
- C. On the right bank

- D. Outside the city of Paris
- F. In the middle of the Seine River

10 What is generic structure of the text above?

- A. Orientation-Complication-Resolution
- B. Classification-Description
- C. Identification-Description
- D. Orientation-Description
- E. Introduction-Events-Reorientation