

VOCABULARY

NOTE:

- The prefix **dis-** is used before adjectives, nouns and verbs to give them the opposite meaning (e.g. like-dislike).
- The prefix **mis-** is used before verbs and means do wrongly or badly (understand-misunderstand).
- The suffix **-less** is used after a noun to form an adjective which means *without* that quality or characteristic (e.g. harm-harmless).

lead	meaning	obey	end	organised	approve	behave	worth
inform	hope	judge	satisfied	rest	spell	respect	
dis-		mis-		-less			
disobey		mislead		meaningless			

Now complete the sentences below with the correct form of some of the words from the table above.

1. If you _____ in Mr Varney's lesson, you have to stand at the front of the class.
2. After an hour of waiting for the fashion show to begin, the audience started to get _____.
3. Your wardrobe is so _____. How can you find anything?
4. You will be punished if you _____ any of my orders.
5. I'm sorry but you've _____ my name. It's with an 'I' not a 'Y'.
6. I have a / an _____ list of things to do today. I don't know when I'm going to finish.

B. Complete with the correct form of the words in the boxes.

fake false unreal

1. Ryan wanted to dress up as an old man so he wore a / an _____ beard.
2. I thought these jeans were made by a famous designer, but it turns out they're _____.
3. It seemed _____ to be talking to someone so famous.

genuine realistic real

4. This painting of the seaside is very _____.
5. A: Are those _____ flowers?
B: Yes, they're from my garden.
6. Is this sculpture a _____ Degas?

beautiful handsome good-looking

7. Jeremy has grown into a _____ young man.
8. Susan looked _____ on the day she got married.
9. Graham and Linda are a _____ couple.

approve agree accept

10. I'm writing to _____ your invitation.
11. Philip told his mum he wanted to spend all his money on an expensive pair of trainers but she didn't _____ of his idea.
12. A: The clothes in this shop are too expensive.
B: I _____ with you on that. Let's go somewhere else.

