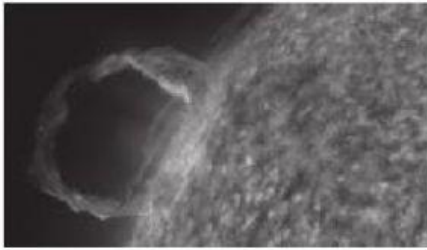


Semarak suria / Prominence



1

Projection of a large, light-coloured gas that \_\_\_\_\_ f the Sun's surface.

2

In the form of a very large \_\_\_\_\_

3

Can reach a height of hundreds thousands kilometres.

loop

extend out

proton

neutron

electron

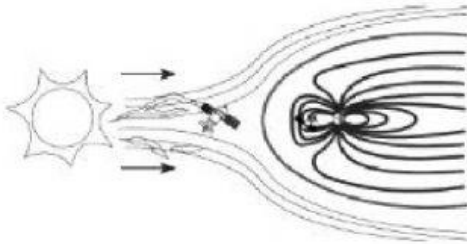
alpha

beta

gamma

high

Angin suria / Solar wind



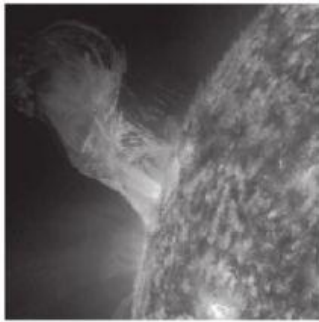
1

\_\_\_\_\_ powered particles in plasma that move hundreds of kilometres per second (supersonic speed).

2

The particles consist of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_ particles.

Nyalaan suria / Solar flare



1

A cloud of \_\_\_\_\_ clouds in \_\_\_\_\_-shaped that cause a strong explosion.

2

Frequently occur near to the \_\_\_\_\_ region.

3

Gas particles often react with the Earth's atmosphere to produce \_\_\_\_\_ phenomenon, which can only be seen in the Earth's polar air space.

4

After the explosion, solar flares will reach the Earth and disturb the Earth's \_\_\_\_\_ system.

telecommunication

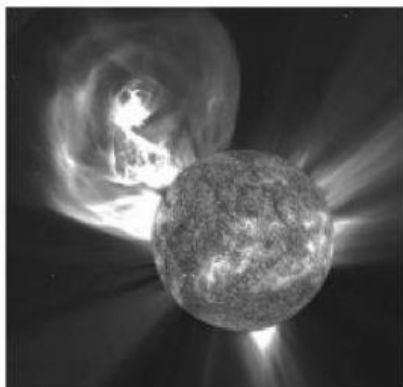
hydrogen

aurora

magnetosphere

column

Lentingan jirim korona  
Coronal mass ejection



1

A giant \_\_\_\_\_ form and consists of \_\_\_\_\_ that erupts from the Sun.

2

Frequently occur with large and strong \_\_\_\_\_.

3

Produce \_\_\_\_\_ at high speed and being released into space.

4

Occurs during the Sun's activity reaches the maximum solar.

5

Reacts with Earth's atmosphere to produce \_\_\_\_\_ phenomenon at the Earth's pole.

aurora

magnetic field

cloud solar

flare

plasma