

MINI TEST 2 (GR9-U2)

Name:	<u>Mark</u>
Class	

A. VOCABULARY.

I. Choose the words whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. w <u>i</u> pe | B. a <u>l</u> ive | C. m <u>i</u> cro | D. l <u>i</u> nk |
| 2. A. clea <u>n</u> er | B. th <u>r</u> eat | C. a <u>h</u> ead | D. ins <u>t</u> ead |
| 3. A. brea <u>t</u> he | B. e <u>t</u> hane | C. th <u>a</u> nk | D. hea <u>l</u> thy |
| 4. A. cho <u>o</u> se | B. mo <u>o</u> n | C. fo <u>o</u> d | D. lo <u>o</u> k |
| 5. A. bur <u>u</u> den | B. su <u>r</u> vive | C. cu <u>r</u> tain | D. fu <u>r</u> nish |

II. Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is placed differently from that of the other in each group.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 6. A. education | B. facility | C. development | D. intelligence |
| 7. A. metropolitan | B. organization | C. university | D. multicultural |
| 8. A. fascinate | B. restaurant | C. expensive | D. difference |
| 9. A. feature | B. ancient | C. drawback | D. conduct |
| 10. A. fabulous | B. pagoda | C. determine | D. convenient |

B. GRAMMAR.

11. _____ live in Ho Chi Minh city than in the whole of the rest of the country.
A. As much as people
B. More people
C. As many as people
D. People more
12. It gets..... to understand what the professor has explained.
A. the more difficult
B. more difficult than
C. difficult more and more
D. more and more difficult
13. You must drive more slowly in built up areas_____ you drive in the city, it is_____ that you will have an accident.
A. The faster and faster/ the more
B. The faster/ the more probable
C. The more and more fast/ the more and more probable
D. The more fastly/ the probable
14. The party was_____ I had expected.
A. more a hundred times funny than
B. a hundred times funny more than
C. a hundred times funnier than
D. a hundred times more funny than
15. He finds physics_____ other science subjects.
A. far more difficult than
B. many more difficult than
C. too much more difficult than
D. more much difficult than
16. _____ he drank, _____ he became.
A. More/ more violent
B. The most/ the most violent
C. The more/ the more violent
D. The less/ less violent

17. Mary was _____ of the two sisters.
A. the clever B. as clever as C. the cleverer D. the cleverest
18. There was no _____ in continuing for him the race was over.
A. value B. worth C. point D. profit
19. _____ a large number of the country's crafts villages are suffering from a shortage of human resources and difficulties in building brand recognition, many international organizations have had projects to help them.
A. Even B. Although C. However D. But
20. Vietnamese traditional _____ is done with a simple hammer and chisel.
A. sculptured feature B. sculptor
C. sculpture pieces D. sculpture
21. He couldn't _____ his father that he was telling the truth.
A. admit B. confide C. trust D. convince
22. Tom wakes his parents up playing the guitar very softly.
A. because B. in spite of C. because of D. although
23. _____ she was very hard working; she hardly earned enough to feed her family.
A. In spite of B. Because C. Because of D. Although
24. I went to the club last Saturday _____ the heavy rain.
A. because of B. because C. in spite of D. though
25. Despite the fact that it rained, we enjoyed our trip.
A. Because of the rain B. Though it is raining
C. Despite of the heavy rain D. Though it rained

IV. Give the correct form of the word given to complete the sentence.

26. Poem conical hats are believed to come from Tay Ho Village in (SKILL)
Hue, which was famous for _____ hat makers.
27. He was a very _____ and honest man who would never betray (RELY)
anyone.

V. Complete the sentences with the correct form of verbs.

28. It took me a whole day _____ (travel) to Dalat last week.
29. I can't see the attraction of _____ (sit) on a beach all day.
30. I like to listen to the birds _____ (sing) when I get up early in the morning.

VI. Find ONE mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it.

31. Last year, 16% of the EU population (75 million people) suffered with
A B C
material and social deprivation.
D
32. What buildings are being demolish to make way for the development?
A B C D

33. In terms of GDP rankings, New York is the most second wealthiest city in the world. A B C D

34. Some of the most excited architecture in Britain can be found in A B C

Manchester and the nearby Salford Quays area.

D

35. Artisans in the traditional craft village are facing difficulties in seeking A B

markets for their product.

C

D

C. READING.

VII. Read the passage and answer the questions below.

The ancient town of Hoi An lies on the Thu Bon River, 30 km south of Da Nang. It was formerly a major trading center in Southeast Asia between the 16th and 17th centuries. Hoi An is famous for its old temples, pagodas, small tile-roofed houses and narrow streets. All the houses were made of wood, and their pillars were carved with ornamental design.

All visitors to Hoi An are commended for a visit to the Assembly Hall of Cantonese Chinese Congregation. This house was built in 1855 and still keeps many precious objects that belonged to the Chinese community of Hoi An. Another attractive address to tourists is Tan Ky House, which was conducted nearly two centuries ago as the house of a Vietnamese merchant. The house now looks almost exactly as it did in the early 19th century.

In recent years, Hoi An has become a popular tourist destination in Vietnam. In 1999, it was certified by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage Site.

***Questions:** 36. Where is the ancient town of Hoi An located?

37. What is Hoi An famous for?

38. How does Tan Ky House look now?

39. When was Hoi An recognized as a world Heritage site?

40. Is it one of the famous tourist places in Vietnam?

VIII. Read the following passage and write T (True) or F (False) for each statement.

London is the biggest city in Britain. More than 7 million people live and work there. It is one of the most important cities in the world. It is a centre for business and for tourism. London consists of three parts: The City of London, the East End and the West End. In the City of London there are many banks, offices and the Stock Exchange. In the West End we can see many historical places, parks, shops and theatres. It is the world of rich people and money. The East End is the district where working people live and work. The Port of London is also there. You can have a very good time in this city. You can visit different cinemas, theatres and museums. The "Odeon" is one of the most famous cinemas of the country. The most famous museums are: The British Museum and the Tate Gallery. There are many shops in London. Oxford Street is London's main shopping centre. People from all over the world buy clothes, shoes, toys and souvenirs there. The street is more than a mile long. The best known departments are Selfridges and John Lewis. The largest park in London is Hyde Park with its Speaker's Comer. Sit on the green grass and try England's favourite food – fish and chips.

	True (T)	False (F)
41. There are lots of theatres, parks and historical places in the City of London.		
42. The Port of London is in the East End of London.		
43. Working people live and work in the West End of London.		
44. The "Odeon" is a famous museum in London.		
45. People go to Oxford Street to buy clothes and souvenirs.		

D. WRITING.

46. A: _____
B: The weather in Seoul is warm and humid in the summer but cold and snowy in the winter.
47. A: _____
B: There are 27 bridges across the Han River throughout the city.
48. she/ spend/ most/ time/ surf/ net/ information/ the next trip

49. the house/ that/ we/ rent/ London/ last year / be/ fully/ furnish

50. Mary walked very slowly. She did not catch the train. (if)

---THE END---