PULSE 2 UNIT 4 Countable and Uncountable Noun

Grammar



a / an, some, any

1 Study the table and copy and complete the rules.

countable nouns
He wrote a book. That's an elephant! It's home to some rescued animals.
I haven't got a camera. There aren't any lions.
Is that a crocodile? Are there any giraffes?
uncountable nouns
Try some traditional African food.
There wasn't any time to go on a safari.
Did you see any wildlife?

a) In affirmative sentences, we use ... with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns.

b) In negative sentences and questions, we use ... with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns.

2 Copy and complete the sentences with *a / an*, *some* or *any*.

1 I'd like ... information please.
2 Is there ... airport near the wildlife reserve?
3 Shall I bring ... camera?
4 Will I see ... wild animals?
5 Do I need ... warm clothes?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

much, many, a lot of

3 Study the table. Then choose the correct words to complete rules a–c.

countable nouns
There are a lot of things to do.
We didn't see many wild animals.
How many endangered species live there?
uncountable nouns
We had a lot of fun on holiday.
There isn't much water in the river.
How much time will we have?

a) In affirmative sentences, we use **much** / **a lot of** with plural countable nouns and uncountable nouns.
b) In negative sentences and questions, we use **many** / **much** with plural countable nouns.
c) In negative sentences and questions, we use **a lot of** / **much** with uncountable nouns.

4 Look at the picture. Then correct the sentences. Use *a lot of*, *many* and *much*.



She hasn't got many clothes.
She has got a lot of clothes.

1 She hasn't got much sun cream.
2 She's got a lot of mosquito bites.
3 There's a lot of space in the room.
4 There aren't any mosquitoes.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

CLIL Grammar in context: Natural science

5 Read the text about four different vertebrates and choose the correct answers.



What is a vertebrate? It's (1) **a / an** animal with a backbone. Read about these four different types of vertebrates.

1 Dolphin: this animal looks like (2) **the / a** fish, but it is actually (3) **a / an** mammal.
2 Penguin: this animal (4) **doesn't have any / has** feathers and it spends (5) **much / a lot of** time in the water.
3 Human being: although this animal doesn't have (6) **much / many** hair on its body, it is (7) **any / a** mammal. Scientists believe it is the (8) **more / most** intelligent animal on Earth!
4 Crocodile: this reptile is one of the (9) **older / oldest** animals on Earth. It appeared on this planet as early (10) **than / as** the dinosaurs, more than 200 million years ago!

LIVEWORKSHEETS