



1. Which of the following are the basic moral and ethical principles to be observed by a good citizen?
 - a) Respect, unity and intelligence
 - b) Unity, respect and virtue
 - c) Virtue, respect and intelligence
 - d) Intelligence, respect and practising the Dhamma
2. Who does not conduct himself as a good citizen?
 - a) John takes leave of his parents before leaving for school.
 - b) Ben greets his teachers whenever he meets them.
 - c) Mike helps his friends when they are in need of help.
 - d) Ken refuses to talk to those who disagree with him.
3. Who is a leader?
 - a) The village leader
 - b) The school principal
 - c) The class monitor
 - d) All the above
4. Which one is a characteristic of a good follower?
 - a) Praising the leader before his face but criticising him behind his back
 - b) Stating disagreements with the leader in a polite way
 - c) Being silent even when disagreeing with the leader
 - d) Never disagreeing with the leader
5. Which one is not a correct way to handle conflicts?
 - a) Threatening the opposing party with violence
 - b) Inviting the opposing party to present their views
 - c) Trying to understand the ideas of the opposing party
 - d) Being prepared to compromise in order to reach an agreement

6. Which one is not a fundamental right of children?

- a) The right to live
- b) The right to be protected
- c) The right to be developed
- d) The right to participate in elections

7. Which of the following is the importance of the King to the nation?

- a) Being the head of state
- b) Preserving the stability of the nation
- c) Being the leader of development
- d) All the above

8. What form of government did Thailand have before the year 1932?

- a) Constitutional monarchy
- b) Absolute monarchy
- c) Democracy
- d) Communist

9. Which of the following is the supreme power of democracy in Thailand?

- a) Sovereignty
- b) Royal power
- c) The power of the Prime Minister
- d) The power of the courts

10. What does sovereignty consist of?

- a) Legislative power, executive power and judicial power
- b) Royal power, legislative power and executive power
- c) Royal power, legislative power and judicial power
- d) Royal power, executive power and judicial power

11. Which of the following is not true?

- a) The King exercises legislative power through the parliament.
- b) The King exercises executive power through the cabinet.
- c) The King exercises judicial power through the courts.
- d) The King exercises sovereignty through the military.

12. Which of the following is not a requirement to be an eligible voter?

- a) Holding Thai nationality by birth or for the past 5 years at the least
- b) Being at least 21 years old and working for the government
- c) Being at least 18 years old on the first of January of the election year
- d) Having name on the Home Registration Certificate for at least 90 days up to the date of the election

13. Which of the following is a cuisine of the northern region?

- a) Hang Lay Curry
- b) Green Curry
- c) Papaya Salad
- d) Kaeng Tai Pla

14. Which one is not a tradition of the northeastern region?

- a) Rocket Festival (Bun Bang Fai)
- b) The Illuminated Boat Procession Festival (Lai Ruea Fai)
- c) Chak Phra Festival
- d) Ghost Festival (Phi Ta Khon)

15. "Wow, Lang and Uh" have the same meaning in Isan, southern and northern dialects, respectively. Which word in the central dialect has the same meaning as the above words?

- a) Wai (ไหว้)
- b) Pood (พูด)
- c) Kohok (กหอก)
- d) A-roi (อ้วออย)