

LOVE

1. The old saying “**love is blind**” is this stage in which **you think the** _____ **of your partners.**
2. You get _____ and _____ when your lover is around.
3. You thought he / she was your _____ and that you can _____ with them all say long and for the rest of the life.
4. But **behind the** _____, at this stage, your brain releases a compound of chemicals called **the** _____ **of love** including Dopamine and Norepinephrine.
5. What these chemicals do is to make you **feel** _____ **about** your partner, **trigger** _____ **and boost your** _____ as soon as you meet him or her.
6. You may **fall** _____ **in love**, and _____ **your partner’s flaws**, before _____ **into** marriage.

CHOOSE THE CORRECT WORDS

sooner	break	appreciation	live on	withdraw
drive	walk	wear	tolerate	reminisce

1. As the love chemicals start to _____ **off**, the couple starts fighting, arguing and even separate to _____ **their own.**
2. _____ **or later**, you realize and focus on differences between you and the other's behaviours
3. One possible outcome is that one of the lovers _____ **out** and _____ while the other holds on to their love. He/she could _____ **about** the memories they have had together; however, the likelihood of _____ **up** is still relatively high.
4. Another way is that either one or two of the lovers _____ **each others' flaws**, and makes **a sacrifice** to **show their** _____ of the relationship.

FILL IN THE BLANK

1. It becomes clear that no person can truly _____ **your expectations** (*meet your expectations*). Even though you always have an idea of your ideal or _____ (soái ca), you cannot _____ **being the perfect man or woman** (khuôn mẫu anh ấy/ cô ấy thành người hoàn hảo).
2. Having said that, your love, however, comes back to the Romance stage but in a **more** _____ **form** (nhận thức chín chắn hơn) in which there is a relationship based on _____ (sự tôn trọng lẫn nhau).
3. In short, if your relationship duration is less than 1.5 years, please enjoy it but be careful about what may come next. In contrast, if you are in a long-term relationship, **and arguments** (xung đột và cãi nhau) may occur _____ (daily).
4. Please remember these stages, make your decisions wisely and **don't take anyone** _____ (idiom - coi ai đó là điều hiển nhiên mà mình có được mà không cần quan tâm gì).

TRANSLATE THESE PHRASES INTO ENGLISH

1. Cực kỳ hạnh phúc (adj)	
2. Mặt xấu trong tính cách	
3. Quyết định vội vã	
4. Những gì đến rồi sẽ đến (idiom)	
5. Xung đột và cãi nhau	
6. Lý do đằng sau đó	