

Test 3

PAPER 1 READING AND WRITING TEST (1 hour 30 minutes)

READING

Part 1

Questions 1–5

Look at the text in each question.

What does it say?

Mark the correct letter **A**, **B** or **C** on your answer sheet.

Example:

0



- A Do not leave your bicycle touching the window.
- B Broken glass may damage your bicycle tyres.
- C Your bicycle may not be safe here.

Answer:

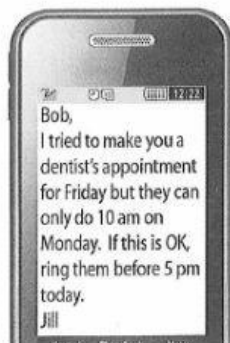
0	A	B	C
	☒	☐	☐

1



- A You can buy a ticket at this desk to go straight into the theatre.
- B You can book theatre tickets in advance at the collection desk.
- C You can pick up theatre tickets here that you have already booked.

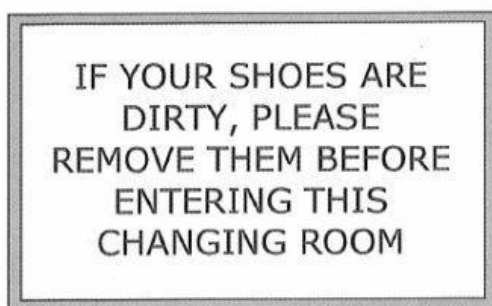
2



Bob needs to

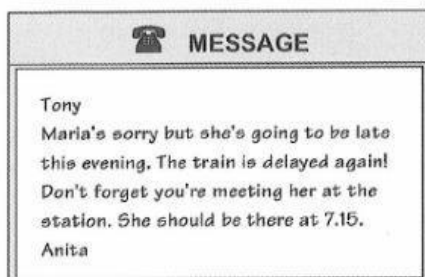
- A make a dentist's appointment for Jill.
- B phone the dentist about an appointment.
- C tell Jill when he can go to the dentist.

3



- A You can keep your shoes on in the changing room unless they are dirty.
- B Clean your shoes at the entrance to the changing room before you come in.
- C All shoes must be taken off and left at the changing room entrance.

4



What is Anita doing?

- A explaining that she will be late
- B apologising for missing the meeting
- C reminding somebody of an arrangement

5



- A To avoid us cancelling another Saturday trip, tell us what your interests are.
- B Saturday's coach trip is cancelled because there are transport problems.
- C We are cancelling the trip on Saturday as numbers are too low.

Test 3

Part 2

Questions 6–10

The people below all want to do an activity in the countryside during the autumn. On the opposite page there are descriptions of eight companies which provide leisure activities in the countryside.

Decide which company would be the most suitable for the following people.

For questions 6–10, mark the correct letter (A–H) on your answer sheet.

6



Susanna only has a couple of hours free. She hates walking and would like to try something that brings her into contact with animals, although she is a bit nervous with them.

7



Kemal is looking for some excitement and is keen to do something challenging. He also wants to get to know the area better. He can afford up to £50.

8



Frank and Sabine want to go for a walk with their young family. They'd like to have lunch out but Sabine doesn't like carrying things for the baby, or picnic things, around all day.

9



Charlotte is flying to the Brazilian rainforest soon to do some scientific research. She hopes to get some experience of living in the open air before she goes.

10



Tom wants to explore the natural beauty of the area in company with other people, doing something other than walking. He doesn't have any equipment of his own but he has £40 to spend.

Get out this autumn!

A *Windtek*

Windtek runs windsurfing training courses for beginners, involving two three-hour private lessons (£89 with board and wetsuit hire). Experienced surfers can also practise on their own (£15 per hour). At this time of year, the water is still warm and an exciting day in the open air is promised!

C *Llama Treks*

For something different, let this company's friendly South American animals accompany you on a walk through the hills. The llamas transport your bags while you enjoy the scenery. The most popular trip is a four-hour walk with a stop at a country restaurant (£55 per adult including meal – children free).

E *Park Stables*

Have you ever thought of exploring a national park on horseback? Park Stables offers rides on horses specially chosen for their gentle characters. Beginners are welcome and riding hats and boots are provided free of charge. Private ride £25 per hour, family ride £42 per hour.

G *Swallow Aviation*

Get a bird's-eye view of the countryside and see some of the region's tourist sights from the air by taking a lesson in a two-seater microlight plane. It's an adventure that's not for the faint-hearted! The training plane is an Icarus C42 which flies at around 160 kph. Flights from £49.

B *Country Lanes*

Based in a lovely forest, Country Lanes provides a relaxing experience for newcomers to cycling, experienced cyclists and those just looking for family fun. The one-day group tour (£30 per person) includes bike hire, route map and discounts on entry to tourist attractions.

D *Survival School*

If you're thinking of taking a trip to somewhere far from cities and people, you might want to learn how to take care of yourself first. Survival School's challenging weekend course (£150) will teach you fire-making, camp-building and recognising edible plants and wild animals. These skills could save your life.

F *Bygone Age*

Practise a skill from the past! This company owns a 10-kilometre private railway track and offers train-lovers the opportunity to drive a steam train through pretty countryside. The return trip (£125) lasts one hour. There are picnic tables and a children's playground at the station.

H *Island Link*

This ferry company will take you to a beautiful, walker-friendly island. Some of its footpaths take in the coastline, while others pass through woods. You probably won't see another walker all day! Walks vary in length from 2 to 8 hours. Ferry fare and walker's guidebook £5.

Test 3

Part 3

Questions 11–20

Look at the sentences below about two climbers called Gertrude Benham and Charles Fay. Read the text on the opposite page to decide if each sentence is correct or incorrect.

If it is correct, mark **A** on your answer sheet.

If it is not correct, mark **B** on your answer sheet.

- 11 Gertrude Benham had spent less time climbing in Canada than Charles Fay.
- 12 Charles Fay applied to an organisation to have a mountain named after him.
- 13 On 19 July, Gertrude Benham found out she had made a mistake.
- 14 Gertrude Benham decided to climb Mount Heejee with Charles Fay on 20 July.
- 15 Charles Fay blamed his guide when he failed to reach the top of Mount Heejee.
- 16 Gertrude Benham took a different route up Mount Heejee from Charles Fay.
- 17 Gertrude Benham knew Hans Kaufmann had a plan to choose a slow route up Mount Heejee.
- 18 The mountain which was named after Charles Fay was the one he had first chosen.
- 19 Charles Fay's grandson followed a different route from his grandfather up Mount Fay.
- 20 The hut named after Charles Fay is still used by climbers.

Climbing mountains

Gertrude Benham was born in England in 1867. She had made 130 climbs in the European Alps before going to the Canadian Rocky Mountains in 1904, where she spent the summer climbing. In 1904, the paths of Gertrude Benham and Charles Fay briefly crossed. He had spent several successful summers climbing in the Rocky Mountains. In fact he was so successful that the Geographical Board of Canada asked him to select a mountain to take his name. He chose one known as Heejee and was determined to be the first to reach the top. But Gertrude Benham had the same idea.



On 19 July 1904, Gertrude and her guide, Christian Kaufmann, reached the top of a mountain which they thought was Heejee. Upon their return, however, they were told that that particular mountain was called something else. They decided to try again the next day but, unknown to Gertrude, Charles Fay and his guide Hans Kaufmann, Christian's brother, were planning to climb Heejee that day as well.

Both groups set out on 20 July but Charles Fay and Hans Kaufmann found the snow conditions difficult and had to turn back. Gertrude and Christian were successful. Charles Fay was annoyed and later wrote in a letter, 'Hans Kaufmann led me, against my wishes, up Consolation Valley instead of taking my advice to go round Moraine Lake, while Christian led Miss Benham straight to the top of the mountain.'

Some people said that the Kaufmann brothers had wanted Gertrude to get to the top first and Hans had therefore taken Charles Fay on a route which took more time. Although this is a good story, no documents exist to prove this actually happened and it was never thought that Gertrude had any knowledge of it.

Disappointed, Charles Fay asked if he could choose a different mountain to take his name and chose Mount Shappee, but then found out that Gertrude and Christian had climbed that one as well. At this point Charles Fay agreed to have his name attached to Heejee, as he had originally wanted. He finally climbed to its top on 5 August 1904. Half a century later, his grandson climbed the north-eastern side of the mountain, by then known as Mount Fay. No other climber had ever managed to do this.

Gertrude Benham then travelled to New Zealand and Japan to do more climbing before going home to England, spending time in Australia and India on the way. Charles Fay made many more successful climbs. The first hut built in the Canadian Rockies to shelter climbers was called the Fay Hut. It was built in 1927 but unfortunately was destroyed in a forest fire in 2003.

Test 3

Part 4

Questions 21–25

Read the text and questions below.

For each question, mark the correct letter **A**, **B**, **C** or **D** on your answer sheet.

At home in Venice *by Francesco da Mosto*



I was born in Venice, one of the most popular tourist destinations in Italy, and studied architecture at university here. Though I have also spent time away, I have always come back because it's my home.

In Venice, there are no roads, only canals, so you have to get around on foot or by boat. I live on a canal in the Rialto area in a house that was built in 1588 for the Muti family, who were merchants in the silk trade. In the mid-eighteenth century, it was home to the Vezzi family, who made things like plates and bowls in fine china and became rich sending these around the world. These merchants' houses in Venice are like palaces. Their owners had to have space to show off their goods, but the building also had to be an office, a factory, a store and a home. My house came into our family in 1919, when it was bought by my grandfather. He died before I was born but he was the director of a museum where I often do research on old documents. On some of these, I've seen notes in his handwriting, so, in a strange way, I met him through these documents.

Sadly, the population of Venice has dropped from 120,000 in the 1950s to about 60,000 now. This doesn't include the thousands of tourists who come to visit. I welcome the tourists but unless something is done to stop everyday shops like bakeries and chemists from disappearing, the city will die. I want people who love the city to come here to live and work and give Venice back a life that is not just about tourism.

- 21 What is the writer's main reason for writing this text?
- A to persuade more tourists to visit his city
 - B to give readers the history of his home town
 - C to say what he feels about his birthplace
 - D to describe some important moments in his life

- 22** The family who first owned the writer's home
- A** used to buy and sell silk.
 - B** produced plates and bowls.
 - C** were skilled architects.
 - D** helped to build the canals.
- 23** What does the writer say about his grandfather?
- A** His grandfather taught him how to study documents.
 - B** He didn't find his grandfather's handwriting easy to read.
 - C** He wasn't able to get to know his grandfather personally.
 - D** His grandfather turned his home into a museum.
- 24** What is the writer's attitude to Venice today?
- A** He hopes tourists will stop visiting the city.
 - B** He would like people to get jobs working with tourists.
 - C** He believes the city would benefit from having fewer inhabitants.
 - D** He thinks local businesses should be encouraged to stay.

- 25** What might the writer say about his house?

A

I have never lived anywhere else apart from in my home in the Rialto area of Venice.

B

My house is on a canal in Venice and my family, starting with my grandfather, have lived there since 1919.

C

We don't know who lived in the house before 1588 but it was owned by merchants from then until the eighteenth century.

D

The house was made bigger in the mid-eighteenth century because the owner wanted it to look like a palace.

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Part 5

Questions 26–35

Read the text below and choose the correct word for each space.

For each question, mark the correct letter **A**, **B**, **C** or **D** on your answer sheet.

Example:

0 **A** over

B above

C up

D ahead

Answer:

0	A	B	C	D
☒	☐	☐	☐	☐

Cave Paintings in Australia

A cave containing **(0)** 200 paintings was discovered in the Wollemi National Park, Australia, eight years ago. Some of the paintings are **(26)** least 3,000 years old.

(27) is even more surprising is that the cave was found by chance by someone walking in the area. However, the site of the cave was so difficult to reach that it

(28) a long time before researchers could visit it.

The exact location of the site has to be **(29)** secret. This is to **(30)** the cave from being visited by sightseers who do not **(31)** how easy it is to **(32)** the paintings.

The paintings show people and animals, **(33)** birds, lizards and other Australian animals that can **(34)** be seen today. According to researchers, **(35)** its recent discovery, nobody had visited the cave for around 200 years.

26 **A** in

B of

C to

D at

27 **A** How

B What

C Why

D Which

28 **A** lasted

B spent

C took

D finished

29 **A** remained

B set

C controlled

D kept

30 **A** prevent

B miss

C escape

D avoid

31 **A** catch

B realise

C dream

D feel

32 **A** waste

B injure

C damage

D upset

33 **A** involving

B adding

C including

D consisting

34 **A** yet

B already

C ever

D still

35 **A** by

B after

C until

D on