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Advanced 1 Term Test 2 Use of English and Writing

A. VOCABULARY

Complete the following sentences using the correct expression on the box. Mind you: some expressions need to be used in the correct tense or using the correct pronoun. There are extra expressions which you do not need to use.

TAKE THE LAW INTO YOUR OWN HANDS – BLUE IN THE FACE –
GREEN FINGERS – ENFORCE THE LAW – BE ABOVE THE LAW – TAKE
APART – TAKE DOWN – TAKE UP – UP TO – DOWN TO – TAKE BACK –
WITHIN THE LAW – LAWSUIT – A RED FLAG

1.	Paula admitted that what she had said was wrong and				
2.	My mum asked my sister to clean her room until she was, but my sister didn't do it anyway.				
3.	Please, don't give me any plants as a present. I really don't have				
4.	Peter's brother was mugged and the police didn't arrest the mugger when they had the chance. Some days after that, Peter decided to find the muggers himself and				
5.	He was accused of illegal activities, but he claims that everything he did was				
6.	After being unfairly fired, two of the employees filed a against their former employer and won.				
7.	You are the one that needs to decide this so, it is you.				
8.	I decided that next month I am going to French, I've always wanted to learn that language.				
9.	Many ministers and politicians seem to believe they are				
10	.Tom was always things in the garage: radios, televisions, VCRs and DVD players. He wanted to know how they worked.				

B. WORD FORMATION

Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits the gap.



Cycling is good news - so what's stopping us?

The government's recent campaign, providing encouragement				
(ENCOURAGE) to leave our cars at home and get on our bikes, has been				
(SUCCESS) to some extent, with a slight increase in the				
numbers cycling to work. We all now know that cycling is				
(BENEFIT); cyclists have fewer health problems than non-cyclists, they				
have higher levels of (FIT), and they don't damage the				
environment.				
But we won't become a nation of cyclists until we (COME)				
two major barriers. First, the exhaust fumes in (HEAVY)				
congested streets can be as(HARM) to the lungs as				
cigarette smoke. So there must be a greater(SEPARATE) of				
cars and bikes in towns. Perhaps more importantly, town planners must				
(SURE) that destinations for daily needs, such as schools,				
work and shopping, are within convenient cycling distance from home.				

C. GERUNDS AND INFINITIVES

Complete the following text with the gerunds or infinitives of the verbs in brackets.



D. KEY WORD TRANSFORMATION

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence using the word given. You can't change the word given.

1.	I've been in this company for almost three years.	WILL
	By the end of the month	in this company
	for three years.	
2.	This book will take me two years to write. HAVE	
	In two years	this book.
3.	Mary and Alan's wedding is next week. GETTING	
	Mary and Alan	next week.
4.	Perhaps they didn't notice the tyre was flat. MIGH	HT
	They	
5.	Our worrying so much was a waste of time. NEEL	ON'T
	We	so much.
6.	It would have been possible for Helen to take us i	n her car. COULD
	Helen	us a lift.
7.	School uniform wasn't compulsory at my school.	WEAR
	Weschool un	iform at my school.
8.	Someone has definitely taken my laptop. HAVE	
	Someone	my laptop.
9.	My students will definitely pass this exam. BOUN	D
	My students	this exam.
10	"I'll see you outside the cinema at eight o'clock to	night." WAITING
	I the cinema at e	ight o'clock tonight.

E. WRITING

Write an essay for your tutor discussing two of the areas in your notes. You should explain which area you think most influences how people shop and provide reasons for your opinion. You may if you wish, refer to the consumers' comments, but you should use your own words as far as possible.

You have attended a presentation at your college entitled "Online shopping and the end of the High Street Shop". The presenter included some comments she received during interviews with consumers. You have made the notes below:

Areas that the presenter focused on:

- Convenience
- Cost
- Enjoyment

Some comments made by the consumers:

"Online shopping means avoiding parking fees and crowds."

"Goods are more reasonably priced on the Internet."

"I love shopping and trying things on."

