

ĐỀ KIỂM TRA ĐỊNH KÌ THÁNG 8

KHỐI 8

Họ và tên:

Lớp:

Mark	Teacher's Comment

Exercise 1: Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.

1. A. fun B. sun C. surf D. cut
2. A. high B. sight C. this D. find

Exercise 2: Choose the words that have the different stress from the others

1. A. satisfied B. socialize C. volunteer D. exercise
2. A. information B. technology C. community D. activity

Exercise 3: Choose the correct answer; A, B, C or D.

1. We _____ to the countryside two months ago.
A. go B. have gone C. went D. will go
2. What will you do if you _____ the final examinations?
A. will pass B. would pass C. pass D. passed
3. I wish my summer holiday _____ longer.
A. will be B. is C. were D. has been
4. I asked him _____ he came from.
A. where B. who C. what D. which
5. It rained hard. _____, my father went to work.

- A. Therefore B. However C. Because D. So
6. Your sister writes poems and stories, _____ she?
- A. does B. doesn't C. will D. won't
7. Laura fell asleep during the lesson _____ she was tired.
- A. so B. but C. because D. therefore
8. How much _____ do you want?
- A. bananas B. eggs C. candies D. sugar
9. Do you know the man _____ you met at the party yesterday?
- A. what B. which C. whom D. whose
10. Tomorrow the director will have a meeting _____ 8:00 am to 10:00 am.
- A. between B. from C. among D. In
11. Tom loveswith his new pen friends in Vietnamese.
- A. chat B. chatting C. both B and D D. to chat
12. Did youlistening to fairy tales when you were a child ?
- A. fancied B. adored C. fond of D. adore
13. My students don't mind English stories ,some even adore doing it .
- A. reading B. read C. to read D. listening
14. Minh to play football , and so does his brother .
- A. likes B. enjoys C. fancies D. detest.
15. Mai's foreign friends fancymuseums when they are in Vietnam.
- A. visits B. to visit C. of visiting D. visiting

Exercise 4: Put the verbs in brackets into infinitive (V/ to V) or gerund (V-ing).

1. John dislikes (work)in front of a computer all day.

2. I'd like (visit)the Viet Nam Museum of Ethnology this weekend.
3. I'd rather (make)crafts than listen to music.
4. Minh loves (help)her parents with DIY projects.
5. Quang hates (take)the dog for a walk.
6. We all adored (do)aerobics when we were young.
7. You should (play)sports to keep fit.
8. They don't need (watch)that programme if they don't like it.
9. Do you fancy (socialise)with friends?
10. My brother prefers (surf)the Net.

Exercise 5: Put the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences.

1. look / does / she / what / like?

=> _____

2. is / she / as / Mai / easy-going / not / as.

=> _____

Exercise 6: Rewrite each sentence so it has the same meaning. Use a comparative form of the adjective in brackets.

1. Tim is older than Sarah. (young)

→ Sarah

2. Our house is larger than yours. (small)

→ Your house is

3. Jack's marks are worse than mine. (good)

→ My marks

Exercise 7: Choose the item among A, B, C or D that best answers the question about the passage.

Living in the country is something that people from the city often dream about. However, in reality, it has both advantages and disadvantages.

There are certainly many advantages of living in the country. First, you can enjoy peace and quietness. Moreover, people tend to be friendlier. A further advantage is that there is less traffic, so it is safer for young children.

However, there are certain disadvantages or drawbacks to life outside the city. First, because there are fewer people, you are likely to have few friends. In addition, entertainment is difficult to find, particularly in the evening. Furthermore, the fact that there are fewer shops and services so it is quite hard to find jobs. As a result, you may have to travel a long way to work, which can be extremely expensive.

In conclusion, it can be seen that the country is more suitable for some people than others. On the whole, it is often the best place for those who are retired or who have young children. In contrast, young or single people who have a career are better provided for in the city.

1. According to the passage, living in the country has .

- A. both good and bad points B. only bad points
C. only good points D. no disadvantages

2. How many advantages does living in the country have?

- A. Two B. Four C. Three D. No

3. Living in the country is safer for young children because .

- A. there are few shops B. there is less traffic
C. there are fewer people D. there are few services

4. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. The country is only suitable for retired people.

- B. It's hard to find entertainment in the country.
- C. There are fewer shops and services in the country.
- D. People in the country tend to be friendlier than people in the city.

5. Having few friends is .

- A. one of drawbacks to life in the country
- B. the only disadvantage of living in the country
- C. one of certain advantages to life outside the city
- D. one of certain drawbacks to life outside the city