English worksheet chapter 1 "Fantastic Animals"

Name : _____

Class : Primary 4 Plus

Date : Friday, 13th August 20121

I. Answer the questions based on the story!

CATS

It maybe hard to believe, but the cats we keep at home as pets are actually related to dangerous wildcats like tigers and lions. As little "Whiskers" playfully chases a ball of string at home, its carnivorous cousins in the wild hunt down dinner.

Domestic cats

The cats that many people keep as pets are called domestic cats. The ancestors of domestic cats were wildcats like lions, tigers, cheetahs, leopards and jaguars. Domestic cats came about when wildcats were tamed through living closely with people for more than 5000 years. Through this process of interaction, these cats became less ferocious (mengerikan) and dangerous to people.

Wildcats

Wildcats live in forests, jungles, mountains and deserts in many different parts of the world. They are well camouflaged in the wild. The stripes, spots or colours on their coats help them blend into their surroundings. Being well-hidden also allows wildcats to sneak up on their prey without being noticed.

Carnivores

Both domestic cats and wildcats are carnivorous. This means that their diet consists mostly of meat. When wildcats hunt, they keep themselves low on the ground and dash forward to grab their prey. When a wildcat captures its prey, it holds the prey tightly with its sharp claws. The wildcat clamps and teeth onto the prey's neck. With its windpipe squashed, the unfortunate victim suffocates to death. Urgh!

1. What is the name of the cat that people keep as their pet?

   _____

2. How long domestic cats have been living with people?

   _____

3. Where do wildcats live?

   _____

4. How do wildcats hunt their prey?

   _____

5. What do you think about cat?

   _____

Direct and Indirect Object.

II. Read the sentence below, choose the direct on indirect object on the sentence!

6. The mother feeds some meat to the cubs.

   Direct object: _____

7. Can you get some grass for the rabbit?

   Indirect object: _____

8. Feed some ants to the anteater.

   Direct Object : _____

9. The sparrow caught a worm for its babies.

   Indirect object: _____

10. My classmate will present her information report to the class.

    Direct Object: _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Suffixes

III. Fill in the blanks, add –ful, -less, ous!

11. A bee's sting can be very _____ (full of pain)
12. The _____ (full of grace) dolphins leapt through the hoop.
13. The animal trainer is _____ (without fear). He even dares to be in a cage with live lions.
14. Look out for jellyfish in the sea ! They are _____ (filled with poison).
15. These eagles have not learnt to fly yet, so they will be _____ (without defense) against predators.

IV. Read the sentences below, rewrite and fix the incorrect sentence into a correct subject verb agreement!

1. A brood of chickens are in the courtyard

   _____

2. flocks of birds flying this way

   _____

3. A litter of cubs eat a large amount of meat everyday

   _____

4. Swarms of bees is attacking him

   _____

5. A pride of lions are a threat to the other animals in the jungle

   _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS