

## REVISION WORKSHEET-TERM 1 (CLASS 5)

### Q1. Read the following passage and find the errors in the text:

The Earth revolves on its axis. The two end points of the axis are the Equator and the Prime Meridian. Equator is the largest meridian. It passes through Canada. Parallels and meridians cut each other at  $45^\circ$ . They form a network called hemisphere. The maximum distance between two meridians is at the poles. In the year 1884, it was decided to fix Norwich as the starting point for numbering the meridians. There are a total of 361 meridians and 180 parallels.

Write them in the order as they come in the text:

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_

### Q2. Complete the following:

1. Prime Meridian : \_\_\_\_\_ :: Equator : Latitude
2. Arctic Circle:  $66.5^\circ\text{N}$  :: \_\_\_\_\_ :  $23.5^\circ\text{S}$
3. Full circles: Parallels :: \_\_\_\_\_ : Meridians
4. Chennai : \_\_\_\_\_ :: Delhi : Extreme
5. \_\_\_\_\_ : Unpredictable :: Climate : Predictable

### Q3. Name the following:

1. The zone between Frigid and Torrid: \_\_\_\_\_
2. Water vapour present in the air : \_\_\_\_\_
3. Number of climatic regions in the world: \_\_\_\_\_
4. A network of parallels and meridians: \_\_\_\_\_
5. The latitude that passes through India: \_\_\_\_\_

