VOCABULARY AND LISTENING

3a

Vocabulary

A. Complete the sentences with the words / phrases in the box.

afford | cash machine | change | broke | credit card | notes | cash | charge | receipt | an arm and a leg | exchange | coins

1. Andy's motorbike wasn't exactly cheap. In fact, he paid _____ for it.
2. I haven't got any _____ on me. Can I pay by _____?
3. We need to _____ some ringgits into dollars.
4. Sheila can't _____ to buy a new game console because she's _____.
5. _____ are much lighter than _____, therefore they are a more convenient form of money.
6. Here are your shoes and RM5.60 _____. Your _____ is in the bag.
7. I wanted to get some money from the _____ but I didn't have my cash card.
8. Students and people over 65 can enter the museum free of _____.

B. Complete the sentences with the words in the boxes.

value | price | cost | worth

1. She sold her car at a really reasonable _____.
2. The total _____ of the holiday was RM3,000.
3. This hotel is lovely and cheap too, so it's great _____ for money.
4. I entered a competition online and won computer games _____ RM200.

offers | sales | sale | discounts | bargain

5. My uncle gets _____ on flights because he works at the airport.
6. **A:** I bought this jacket for RM50.
   B: What a _____!
7. All the dresses at *The Dressmaker* are on _____ this week. We should go.
8. Do you like my trainers? I got them in the _____.
9. You should get down to *Style Store*. It's got some great special _____.

C. Read the dialogues and find phrases which mean the following:

1. It's very expensive. _____
2. I haven't got enough money. _____
3. I'm looking around. _____
4. It's open all day and night every day. _____
5. It's not worth that much money. _____
6. You buy one and you get one free. _____

Shop assistant: Can I help you?
Mrs Wayne: No thanks. I'm just browsing.

Brad: Hey, Terry! Check out these DVDs. Two for the price of one
Terry: Cool! Let's get some.

Brandon: Excuse me. How much is this tracksuit? There's no price tag on it.
Shop assistant: It's RM400.
Brandon: Thank you.
Cindy: That's a rip-off! I hope you're not thinking of getting it. It costs a fortune!
Brandon: I'll try it on first. Where are the fitting rooms?
Cindy: Over there, near the cash desk.

Jennifer: Hello, could you tell me about this digital picture frame?
Shop assistant: Well, it's 14 inches and it's the latest technology. And it comes with a year's guarantee.
Jennifer: Great. How much is it?
Shop assistant: RM120.
Jennifer: Oh dear. I'm a bit short. Are you open tomorrow?
Shop assistant: Of course. We're open 24 / 7. Except on public holidays.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Play this video to listen to a radio interview with Nigel Eastman, a mystery shopper. (Listening activity B)

3b

Vocabulary

Read the sentences and match the phrasal verbs in bold with their meanings.

NOTE: A phrasal verb consists of a verb (e.g. get, put) and an adverb (e.g. back) and / or one or more prepositions (e.g. for, on with). The meaning of the phrasal verb is different from the meaning of the verb and the adverb / preposition(s) it includes.

Phrasal verbs: 'get'

1. I meant to go to the shopping centre to buy Debbie a gift yesterday, but I didn't **get round to** doing it. ◯
2. I really **get along / on with** my cousin and I love going out with her. ◯
3. Mrs Griffin doesn't earn a lot but she manages to **get by**. ◯
4. Lucy was very unhappy about losing the tennis match but she'll **get over** it. ◯
5. Don't lie to your teacher about losing your homework. You'll never **get away with** it. ◯

a. do something wrong without being punished
b. have a friendly relationship with somebody
c. manage to live on little money
d. return to your usual health or happiness
e. find the time to do something

Phrasal verbs: 'put'

1. We **put** the fire **out** before we left camp. ◯
2. Paul's saving up for a new mobile so he **puts** some money **aside** every month. ◯
3. Working on a farm for a few months **put** me **off** meat for years. ◯
4. Unfortunately, they have **put** the talent show **off** till the summer. ◯
5. I don't know how you **put up with** Elizabeth's behaviour. I can't. ◯
6. You don't have to book a hotel. I'll **put** you **up** for a few nights. ◯

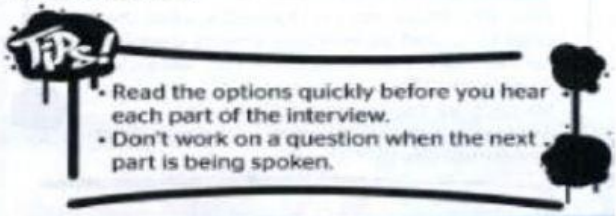
a. delay doing something
b. make somebody lose interest in something
c. accept somebody / something annoying without complaining
d. save something to be used at a later time
e. stop something from burning
f. let somebody stay at your house

Listen

A. Discuss.

- Have you ever heard of a mystery shopper?
- What do you think this person does?

B. You will hear a radio interview with Nigel Eastman, a mystery shopper. The interview is in three parts. Listen and answer the questions for each part. Choose a, b or c.



1. What kinds of businesses use mystery shoppers?
   a. any business that has customers
   b. only businesses that sell products
   c. any business that has a problem with its staff
2. What should you do if you want to become a mystery shopper?
   a. write emails to businesses
   b. register on a website
   c. attend a business and customer service course
3. What is true about the job of a mystery shopper?
   a. It's a full-time job.
   b. It's a part-time job.
   c. You can work at weekends only.
4. How long does a typical job at a shop take?
   a. 30 minutes.
   b. A few hours.
   c. It's not mentioned.
5. What happens to the things mystery shoppers buy?
   a. Mystery shoppers can keep them, but they have to pay for them.
   b. Companies give you the money for them and you can keep them.
   c. They have to give them back to the companies.
6. How did the waitress find out Nigel was a mystery shopper?
   a. She asked his wife.
   b. She used to be a mystery shopper, too.
   c. His wife said it by accident.

LIVEWORKSHEETS