

D Exam practice

Writing Part 1

Here are some sentences about a visit to a new sports centre.
For each question, complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first.

Use no more than three words.

Example:

- 0 This is the first time I've been to this sports centre.
I've never been to this sports centre before.

- 1 The old sports centre isn't as big as the new one.
The new sports centre is the old one.
- 2 The sports centre doesn't have a swimming pool.
The sports centre hasn't a swimming pool.
- 3 They're still building the squash courts.
They finished building the squash courts yet.
- 4 My friend started work here three weeks ago.
My friend here for three weeks.
- 5 He finds the work enjoyable here.
He working here.

Grammar focus task

Check your answers. Now look at these pairs of sentences. Are they the same or different?

- 1 I've never been to this sports centre before.
I've already been to this sports centre.
- 2 They haven't finished building the squash courts yet.
They've just finished building the squash courts.
- 3 I haven't been to the sports centre yet.
This is the first time I've been to the sports centre.

▲ This task tests grammar from the rest of the book as well as the grammar in this unit.

C Grammar exercises

C1 Complete this email by putting the verbs in brackets into the past perfect.

Hi Billy

Well, I'm home from Africa. The late flight from Paris caused some problems at first but the holiday was great

Because 1 we'd never visited (never/visit) that part of the world before, 2 (we/ask) the holiday company to book us seats on the bus to the city centre to meet the tour manager. Our plane was an hour late and we ran through the airport to the car park but when we arrived the bus 3 (just/leave). We got a taxi to the main square and found the company's local office, but the staff 4 (already/go) home for the day. We 5 (not/bring) our mobiles, because they don't work in that country. At last we found a post office and luckily it 6 (not/shut) yet, so we called the company's head office in Canada.

In ten minutes the tour manager was with us. He 7 (go) to the airport to meet us, because he 8 (realise) our plane was late, but we 9 (not/see) him.

Anyway, he took us to the hotel he 10 (book) for us and bought us dinner.

So everything was fine in the end. And our trip to the jungle was amazing!! I'll show you the photos when I see you.

XXXX Julie

C2 In each of these sentences, one of the verbs should be in the past perfect. Underline the verb and write the correction at the end.

- 1 I wanted to have a shower when I got home, but my sister just had a bath and there wasn't any hot water. had just had
- 2 The concert started when we got to the theatre, so we missed the first two songs.
- 3 I couldn't tell my teacher about the film because I never saw it.
- 4 Freya didn't finish breakfast when I arrived, so I had a coffee while she ate her toast.
- 5 The children were very excited about flying because they were never in a plane.
- 6 Colin didn't know the poem but the other students already studied it.
- 7 We just visited Japan so we told our friends some good places to visit when they went there.

C3 Fill in the gaps in this conversation with the correct form of *used to* and a verb from the box.

be not go have not have live know travel walk

Mina: There's Dahlia in her dad's sports car. Where do they get their money from?

Sara: Don't you know? Her family won the lottery.

Mina: Wow!

Sara: I knew her before that, though. Her family 1 used to live in our road. She
2 to school like all the other children in those days.

Mina: 3 (you) them very well?

Sara: Oh, yes. They 4 friendly people. And her father grew all their
vegetables because they 5 much money.

Mina: They go on holiday a lot now. 6 (they) abroad then?

Sara: No, they 7 away at all.

Mina: They're very lucky now.

Sara: Mmm, but they 8 more friends.

C4 Complete each sentence to show what was different in the past. Use the word in brackets and any others you need with *used to/didn't use to + verb*.

- 1 Patrick didn't use to take many photos (photos) but he loves using his new camera.
- 2 You (lazy) but you're working very hard this term.
- 3 I (slim) but I've lost weight.
- 4 Bobby (a bike) but he drives a car now.
- 5 Bertie (my brother) but they've become friends recently.
- 6 Nora (the cinema) very often but she sees lots of films now.
- 7 My sister (shy) but she enjoys parties now.
- 8 We (sport) but we often play tennis these days.
- 9 Joanna (a vegetarian) but she had a sausage for breakfast.
- 10 They (the city centre) but their new house is in the country.

C5 Write true sentences about when you were very young using *used to/didn't use to + verb*.

- 1 I didn't use to do my homework on a computer.
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

D Exam practice

Reading Part 5

Read the text below and choose the correct word for each space.
For each question, mark the correct letter A, B, C or D.

Example:

0 (A) takes

B introduces

C offers

D brings

The Roman Baths

The city of Bath (0) its name from the public baths (1) were built there by the Romans. By the middle of the first century, they'd already (2) planning the baths. The biggest bath, (3) as the Great Bath, was (4) a swimming pool. In the next 300 years, the Romans (5) the baths with changing rooms, a sauna and other smaller baths. They used to come there not only to wash (6) also to meet friends. The baths were, in (7) , at the heart of Roman life. This way (8) life ended in the year 400 when the Romans left Britain. By that time, they'd built towns, roads and bridges across Britain. The Great Bath was discovered again in the eighteenth century after being buried for years and the baths then (9) as famous as they had been in Roman times. Many tourists (10) visit the baths today.

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1 A who | B what | C which | D where |
| 2 A began | B begun | C begin | D beginning |
| 3 A named | B called | C titled | D known |
| 4 A like | B as | C same | D similar |
| 5 A joined | B expanded | C added | D grew |
| 6 A and | B because | C so | D but |
| 7 A turn | B case | C fact | D place |
| 8 A from | B of | C to | D for |
| 9 A became | B developed | C changed | D turned |
| 10 A already | B just | C first | D still |

Grammar focus task

Answer the questions with full sentences.

- 1 What had the Romans done by the middle of the first century?
- 2 What did they use to do at the baths?
- 3 What had the Romans done in Britain by the year 400?