SỞ GD&ĐT BẮC NINH
PHÒNG KHẢO THÍ VÀ KIỂM ĐỊNH

ĐỀ TẬP HUẤN THI THPT QUỐC GIA NĂM 2018
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút
(không kể thời gian phát đề)

(50 câu trắc nghiệm)

Mã đề thi 301

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....
Số báo danh:.....

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the pronunciation of the underlined part in each of the following questions from 1 to 2.

Question 1: **A.** advises **B.** raises **C.** devises **D.** goes

Question 2: **A.** example **B.** exotic **C.** excellent **D.** exhaust

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions from 3 to 4.

Question 3: **The history of the United States is not long. It is interesting.**
A. The history of the United States is too long to be interesting.
B. The history of the United States is not long enough to be interesting.
C. The history of the United States is interesting whereas not long.
D. The history of the United States is not long but interesting.

Question 4: **Some economists argue that new technology cause unemployment. Others feel that it allows more jobs to be created.**
A. Some economists argue that new technology causes unemployment, so others feel that it allows more jobs to be created.
B. Arguing that new technology causes unemployment, other economists feel that it allows more jobs to be created.
C. Besides the argument that new technology causes unemployment, some economists feel that it allows more jobs to be created.
D. Some economists argue that new technology causes unemployment whereas others feel that it allows more jobs to be created.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 5 to 16.

Question 5: We should participate in the movement _____ to conserve the natural environment.
A. to organize **B.** organized **C.** organizing **D.** which organized

Question 6: Some snakes lay eggs, but _____ give birth to live offspring.
A. others **B.** the other **C.** other **D.** the others

Question 7: A number of prisoners _____ on the occasion of the Independence Day this year.
A. have been released **B.** has been released **C.** were released **D.** was released

Question 8: Jack found it hard to _____ the loss of his little dog.
A. get over **B.** put off **C.** get along **D.** turn over

Question 9: Housework is less tiring and boring thanks to the invention of _____ devices.
A. labor-saving **B.** environment-friendly
C. pollution-free **D.** time-consuming

Question 10: The more _____ and positive you look, the better you will feel.
A. confidence **B.** confident **C.** confide **D.** confidently

Question 11: They'll be able to walk across the river_____.
A. if the ice is thick enough **B.** if the ice will be thick enough
C. when the ice will be thick enough **D.** unless the ice is thick enough

Question 12: Granny is completely deaf. You will have to _____ allowances for her.
A. bring **B.** find **C.** give **D.** make

Question 13: Many people are still in _____ habit of writing silly things in _____ public places.
A. the – the **B.** the - ∅ **C.** ∅ - the **D.** ∅ - ∅

Question 14: Since 1950 the world _____ nearly one-fifth of the soil from its agricultural land and one-fifth of its tropical forests.
A. has lost **B.** lost **C.** was losing **D.** had been lost

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Question 15: _____ the distance was too far and the time was short, we decided to fly there instead of going there by train.

A. To discover **B.** Discovered **C.** To have discovered **D.** Discovering

Question 16: Students are _____ less pressure as a result of changes in testing procedures.

A. under **B.** above **C.** out of **D.** upon

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 17 to 21.

Nowadays people are more aware that wildlife all over the world is in danger. Many species of animals are threatened, and could easily become (17) _____ if we do not make an effort to protect them. There are many reasons for this. In some cases, animals are hunted for their fur or for other valuable parts of their bodies. Some birds, (18)_____ as parrots are caught alive and sold as pets. For many animals and birds, the problem is that their habitat - the place where they live - is disappearing. More (19)_____ is used for farms, for houses or industry, and there are fewer open spaces than there once were. Farmers use powerful chemicals to help them (20)_____ better crops, but these chemicals pollute the environment and harm wildlife. The most successful animal on earth - human beings - will soon be the only ones left, (21)_____ we can solve this problem.

Question 17: **A.** extinctive **B.** extinction **C.** extinct **D.** extinctions

Question 18: **A.** for **B.** such **C.** like **D.** or

Question 19: **A.** area **B.** earth **C.** land **D.** soil

Question 20: **A.** go **B.** run **C.** make **D.** grow

Question 21: **A.** however **B.** unless **C.** because **D.** if

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions from 22 to 23.

Question 22: Helen Keller, blind and deaf from an early age, developed her sense of smell so finely that she could **identify** friends by their personal odors.

A. classify **B.** communicate with **C.** describe **D.** recognize

Question 23: The device is very **sophisticated** and should only be operated by someone who is familiar with it.

A. delicate **B.** complex **C.** fragile **D.** resilient

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions from 24 to 25.

Question 24: **A.** preparation **B.** transportation **C.** diagnostic **D.** technology

Question 25: **A.** summer **B.** carpet **C.** visit **D.** include

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions from 26 to 28.

Question 26: **It was careless of you to leave the windows open last night.**

A. You shouldn't leave the windows open last night.
B. You are so careless that you left the windows open last night.
C. You shouldn't have left the windows open last night.
D. You might have been careless because you left the windows open last night.

Question 27: **Wealthy as they were, they were far from happy.**

A. They were as wealthy as they were happy.
B. They were not happy as they were wealthy.
C. Even if they were wealthy, they were not unhappy.
D. Although they were wealthy, they were not happy.

Question 28: **The boy was too fat to run far.**

A. The boy was very fat and couldn't run far.
B. The boy's fatness didn't stop him running far.
C. The boy had to run a lot because he was too fat.
D. The boy became ill because he was too fat.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 29 to 36.

Advertising helps people recognize a particular brand, persuades them to try it, and tries to keep them loyal to it. Brand loyalty is perhaps the most important goal of consumer advertising. Whether they produce cars, canned foods or cosmetics, manufacturers want their customers to make repeated purchases. The quality of the product will encourage ***this***, of course, but so, too, will affect advertising.

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Advertising relies on the techniques of market research to identify potential users of a product. Are they homemakers or professional people? Are they young or old? Are they city dwellers or country dwellers? Such questions have a bearing on where and when ads should be placed. By studying readership breakdowns for newspapers and magazines as well as television ratings and other statistics, an advertising agency can decide on the best way of reaching potential buyers. Detailed research and marketing expertise are essential today when advertising budgets can run into thousands of millions of dollars.

Advertising is a fast-paced, high-pressure industry. There is a constant need for creative ideas that will establish a personality for a product in the public's mind. Current developments in advertising increase the need for talented workers.

In the past, the majority of advertising was aimed at the traditional white family - breadwinner father, non-working mother, and two children. Research now reveals that only about 6 percent of American households fit this stereotype. Instead, society is fragmented into many groups, with working mothers, single people and older people on the rise. To be most successful, advertising must identify a particular segment and aim its message toward that group.

Advertising is also making use of new technologies. Computer graphics are used to grab the attention of consumers and to help them see products ***in a new light***. The use of computer graphics in a commercial for canned goods, for instance, gave a new image to the tin can.

Question 29: What does the passage mainly discuss?
- **A.** How to develop a successful advertising plan
- **B.** New techniques and technologies of market research
- **C.** The central role of advertising in selling products
- **D.** The history of advertising in the United States

Question 30: The word "***this***" in bold type in paragraph 1 refers to _____ .
- **A.** the quality of the product
- **B.** effective advertising
- **C.** repeatedly buying the same brand
- **D.** the most important goal

Question 31: It can be inferred from paragraph 2 that advertisers must _____ .
- **A.** encourage people to try new products
- **B.** aim their message at homemakers and professional people
- **C.** know about the people who will buy the product
- **D.** place several ads in newspapers and magazines

Question 32: According to paragraph 2, market research includes _____ .
- **A.** studying television ratings
- **B.** hiring researchers with backgrounds in many fields
- **C.** searching for talented workers
- **D.** determining the price of a product

Question 33: The author implies that the advertising industry requires _____ .
- **A.** millions of dollars
- **B.** a college-educated work force
- **C.** innovative thinking
- **D.** government regulation

Question 34: According to the passage, most advertising used to be directed at _____ .
- **A.** working mothers with children
- **B.** two-parent families with children
- **C.** unmarried people
- **D.** older adults

Question 35: The phrase "***in a new light***" in bold type in paragraph 5 is closest in meaning to _____ .
- **A.** differently
- **B.** with the use of color enhancement
- **C.** more distinctly
- **D.** in a more energy-efficient way

Question 36: Where in the passage does the author give an example of a new development in advertising?
- **A.** Paragraph 1
- **B.** Paragraph 2
- **C.** Paragraph 5
- **D.** Paragraph 3

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions from 37 to 39.

Question 37: A person's (A) body postures, movements (B) but positions more often tell us exactly (C) what (D) they mean.

Question 38: I believe that only very (A) self-confident, knowledge (B) and attentive students will prefer (C) 100% of eye contact time. (D)

Question 39: The major goals (A) of primary education is (B) to achieve basic literacy and (C) numeracy among all students. (D)

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Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 40 to 46.

Instructors at American colleges and universities use many different teaching methods. Some instructors give assignments everyday. They grade homework. Students in their classes have to take many quizzes, a midterm exam, and a final test. Other instructors give only writing assignments. Some teachers always follow a course outline and usually use the text book. Others send students to the library for assignments.

The atmosphere in some classrooms is very formal. Students call their instructors "Professor Smith," "Mrs Jones," and so on. Some teachers wear ***business clothes*** and give lectures. Other classrooms have an informal atmosphere. Students and teachers discuss their ideas. Instructors dress informally, and students call them by their first names. American teachers are not alike in their teaching styles.

At most American colleges and universities, facilities for learning and recreation are available to students. Students can often use type-writers, tape recorders, video machines, and computers at libraries and learning centres. They can buy books, notebooks, and other things at campus stores. They can get advice on their problems from counselors and individual help with their classes from tutors. Students can relax and have fun on campus, too. Some schools have swimming pools and tennis courts. Most have snack bars and cafeterias.

Question 40: What is the main idea of the first paragraph?
- **A.** Ways of using the textbook
- **B.** Ways of giving assignments
- **C.** Ways of teaching
- **D.** Ways of taking an exam.

Question 41: Where do students call their instructors "Professor Smith," "Mrs Jones,"?
- **A.** In classrooms with informal atmosphere
- **B.** In classrooms with formal atmosphere
- **C.** At libraries
- **D.** At learning centres

Question 42: Which of the following statements is *TRUE*?
- **A.** American teachers do not dress informally.
- **B.** The atmosphere in American classrooms is always formal.
- **C.** The atmosphere in American classrooms is always relaxed and friendly.
- **D.** American students can call their teachers by their first names.

Question 43: What does the phrase ***business clothes*** in paragraph 2 mean?
- **A.** clothes that only business people wear.
- **B.** trendy clothes
- **C.** casual clothes
- **D.** formal clothes

Question 44: Where do students and teachers discuss their ideas?
- **A.** In classrooms with informal atmosphere
- **B.** In classrooms with formal atmosphere
- **C.** At libraries
- **D.** At learning centres

Question 45: What can't students do at most American colleges and universities?
- **A.** buy anything at campus stores
- **B.** ask their counselors and tutors for advice
- **C.** use the computers that are linked to libraries
- **D.** have tutors and counselors solved their problems.

Question 46: Which of the following statements is NOT true about schools in America?
- **A.** They are well-equipped.
- **B.** They have stores on campus.
- **C.** They have no recreation facilities.
- **D.** They offer sports and leisure facilities for students.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to each of the following exchanges from 47 to 48.

Question 47: **Jane:** "Would you rather have coffee or orange juice?" **Susan:** " _____."
- **A.** I like both
- **B.** I have either
- **C.** Either, please
- **D.** I'd rather to have coffee

Question 48: **Khanh**: "I'd like the blue jacket, please! Can I try it on?" **Tien**: "Yes, _____."
- **A.** you would
- **B.** you must
- **C.** certainly
- **D.** you do

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions from 49 to 50.

Question 49: I prefer **secure** jobs because I don't like keeping on moving and changing all the time.
- **A.** challenging
- **B.** demanding
- **C.** safe
- **D.** stable

Question 50: The format allowed me to offer **constructive** criticism and ensure that their conversation remained on track during the project.
- **A.** useful
- **B.** negative
- **C.** meaningful
- **D.** positive

---------- THE END ----------

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